citrix

Session Recording 1912 LTSR

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What's new

April 29, 2024

Cumulative Update 9 (CU9) is the latest release of the Session Recording 1912 LTSR. CU9 contains 1 fixed issue.

Cumulative Update 9 (CU9)

April 30, 2024 Release date: April 30, 2024

About this release

Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 8 (CU8) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 7 (CU7) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 6 (CU6) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 5 (CU5) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 4 (CU4) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 3 (CU3) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 2 (CU2) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 2 (CU2) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 1 (CU1) Session Recording 1912 LTSR (initial release) Known issues Deprecation and removals Citrix Product Subscription Advantage Eligibility Dates

Fixed issues in 1912 LTSR CU9

April 29, 2024

Compared to: Session Recording 1912 LTSR CU8

Session Recording 1912 LTSR CU9 contains all fixes included in the 1912 LTSR initial release, CU1, CU2, CU3, CU4, CU5, CU6, CU7, CU8, plus the following, new fix:

• When using the OneIdentity Session Recording feature, the playback may appear pixelated on certain VDAs. [CVADHELP-24142]

Cumulative Update 8 (CU8)

September 11, 2023 Release date: September 11, 2023

About this release

CU8 contains no fixed issues.

Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 7 (CU7) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 6 (CU6) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 5 (CU5) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 4 (CU4) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 3 (CU3) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 2 (CU2) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 2 (CU2) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 1 (CU1) Session Recording 1912 LTSR (initial release) Known issues Deprecation and removals Citrix Product Subscription Advantage Eligibility Dates

Cumulative Update 7 (CU7)

March 15, 2023 Release date: March 15, 2023

About this release

CU7 contains no fixed issues.

Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 6 (CU6) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 5 (CU5) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 4 (CU4) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 3 (CU3) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 2 (CU2) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 1 (CU1) Session Recording 1912 LTSR (initial release) Known issues Deprecation and removals Citrix Product Subscription Advantage Eligibility Dates

Cumulative Update 6 (CU6)

October 31, 2022 Release date: October 31, 2022

About this release

CU6 contains no fixed issues. Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 5 (CU5) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 4 (CU4) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 3 (CU3) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 2 (CU2) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 1 (CU1) Session Recording 1912 LTSR (initial release) Known issues Deprecation and removals Citrix Product Subscription Advantage Eligibility Dates

Cumulative Update 5 (CU5)

May 17, 2022 Release date: March 09, 2022

About this release

CU5 contains no fixed issues.

Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 4 (CU4) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 3 (CU3) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 2 (CU2) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 1 (CU1) Session Recording 1912 LTSR (initial release) Known issues Deprecation and removals Citrix Product Subscription Advantage Eligibility Dates

Cumulative Update 4 (CU4)

May 17, 2022 Release date: November 03, 2021

About this release

CU4 adds three fixes compared with CU3. Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 3 (CU3) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 2 (CU2) Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 1 (CU1) Session Recording 1912 LTSR (initial release) Known issues

Deprecation and removals

Citrix Product Subscription Advantage Eligibility Dates

Fixed issues in 1912 LTSR CU4

November 3, 2021

Compared to: Session Recording 1912 LTSR CU3

Session Recording 1912 LTSR CU4 contains all fixes included in the 1912 LTSR initial release, CU1, CU2, CU3, plus the following, new fixes:

- Session Recording might fail to work. [CVADHELP-17559]
- Session Recording Player might fail to playback some session recordings on the VDA causing the SsRecPlayer.exe process to exit unexpectedly. [CVADHELP-17678]
- This fix makes the agent side independent of the MSMQ-HTTP-support during msi installation. [CVADHELP-18307]

Cumulative Update 3 (CU3)

May 17, 2022

Release date: May 12, 2021

About this release

CU3 adds one fix compared with CU2.

Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 2 (CU2)

Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 1 (CU1)

Session Recording 1912 LTSR (initial release)

Known issues

Deprecation and removals

Citrix Product Subscription Advantage Eligibility Dates

Fixed issues in 1912 LTSR CU3

May 12, 2021

Compared to: Session Recording 1912 LTSR CU2

Session Recording 1912 LTSR CU3 contains all fixes included in the 1912 LTSR initial release, CU1, CU2, plus the following, new fix:

• When you enable event logging policies in the Session Recording Policy Console, some applications might become unresponsive. [CVADHELP-17292]

Cumulative Update 2 (CU2)

May 17, 2022

Release date: November 19, 2020

About this release

CU2 adds eight fixes compared with CU1. Session Recording 1912 LTSR Cumulative Update 1 (CU1) Session Recording 1912 LTSR (initial release) Known issues Deprecation and removals Citrix Product Subscription Advantage Eligibility Dates

Fixed issues in 1912 LTSR CU2

November 19, 2020

Compared to: Session Recording 1912 LTSR CU1

Session Recording 1912 LTSR CU2 contains all fixes included in the 1912 LTSR initial release, CU1, plus the following, new fixes:

• Attempts to connect to the Session Recording Server from the Session Recording Policy Console might fail. The following error message appears:

Unable to connect to the Session Recording Server. Ensure that the Session Recording Server is running.

Unable to load site configuration.

The request was aborted. Could not create SSL/TLS secure channel.

[CVADHELP-14525]

- Search for recordings might not work when the active recording **viewing policy** is configured with the Domain Group name. The issue occurs when the viewer's common name and the login name are different in Active Directory. [CVADHELP-14809]
- Web browsing activities might be captured even when the **Log web browsing activities** option is not selected. The issue occurs when you select the **Log top-most window activities** option for an event logging policy. [CVADHELP-15207]
- When a session is being recorded, the following warning message appears in an event viewer log on the Session Recording Agent:

Received message for unknown session X. This warning may occur if the Session recording Agent has been restarted while ICA sessions were still active.

This issue does not impact the functioning of Session Recording.

[CVADHELP-15208]

- Versions 1909 and 1912 of the web player do not work when you upgrade Session Recording to version 2003 or earlier. [CVADHELP-15324]
- When an event logging policy is active, the CPU utilization of the **SsRecAgentWrapper** process might be high. As a result, recordings might be incomplete and Events 9 and 3017 appear in Event Viewer. [CVADHELP-15514]
- On Citrix Workspace app Version 1912 LTSR CU2, the Session Recording Player might fail to play files with an .icl extension. [CVADHELP-15542]
- Unauthorized users can access the Session Recording web player to view recordings. [CVADHELP-16199]

Cumulative Update 1 (CU1)

May 17, 2022

Release date: May 7, 2020

About this release

CU1 adds two fixes compared with the initial release of the 1912 LTSR.

Session Recording (initial release)

Known issues

Deprecation and removals

Citrix Product Subscription Advantage Eligibility Dates

Fixed issues in 1912 LTSR CU1

May 4, 2020

Compared to: Session Recording 1912 LTSR initial release

Session Recording 1912 LTSR CU1 contains all fixes included in the 1912 LTSR initial release, plus the following, new fixes:

Agent

• The SsRecAgentWrapper process of the Session Recording Agent can consume a significant amount of the memory usage. For example, its memory consumption can increase to 3 GB per session. [CVADHELP-14153]

Player

• Microsoft Internet Explorer might fail to detect whether a session is logged off. [CVADHELP-14185]

What's new

May 1, 2020

What's new in 1912 LTSR

This release includes the following new features and enhancements:

Session Recording web player

Previously available as an experimental feature, Session Recording web player is now fully supported. The web player adds support for Internet Explorer and load balancing scenarios, and provides a new event filter to search for custom events in recordings. For more information, see Session Recording web player.

Enhanced event logging

Session Recording can now log top-most window activities and tag the events in the recording. The process name, title, and process number are logged. Session Recording also enhances app monitoring. When you add a process to the App monitoring list, applications driven by the added process and its child processes are all monitored. For more information, see Log events and see Event logging policies.

Fixed issues in 1912 LTSR

July 6, 2021

Compared to: Session Recording 1909

Session Recording 1912 LTSR contains the following fixes:

- A blurred screen might appear when the Session Recording Player plays back a dual-monitor session. [SRT-3971]
- VDAs might experience a fatal exception and display a blue screen. The issue occurs when the File monitoring list contains an extra semicolon (;) or only blank spaces between semicolons. [SRT-4075]
- A black screen might appear when the web player plays back a recording with ultra-high resolution. [SRT-4022]

Known issues

February 28, 2024

The following issues have been identified in this release:

- If you are using Citrix Web App Firewall (WAF) signatures to mitigate in part the CVE-2021-44228 vulnerability, Session Recording might not work as expected. To resolve the issue, exclude the IP addresses of your Session Recording servers from the mitigate_cve_2021_44228 policy on the NetScaler side. [CVADHELP-24365]
- A domain user with local administrator privileges on the machine where the Session Recording Policy Console is installed can add both local users and domain users to which the action of a policy rule applies. However, a local user with local administrator privileges can add only local users but not domain users. [SRT-5769]
- If you have the TS key created under HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\SessionEvents certain events are not captured regardless of the key values. To capture various events properly, use the Session Recording Policy Console to set event logging policies. [SRT-4168]
- The same record appears twice on the "Record Reason Logging" page of Session Recording Administrator Logging. [SRT-4003]
- When Machine Creation Services (MCS) or Provisioning Services (PVS) creates multiple VDAs with the configured master image and Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ) installed, those VDAs can have the same QMId under certain conditions. This case might cause various issues, for example:
 - Sessions might not be recorded even if the recording agreement is accepted.
 - The Session Recording Server might not be able to receive session logoff signals and therefore, sessions might always be in a live state.

For information about a workaround, see Install, upgrade, and uninstall. [#528678]

Third party notices

October 20, 2021

Session Recording 1912 LTSR (PDF Download)

This release of Session Recording can include third party software licensed under the terms defined in this document.

System requirements

July 22, 2021

Session Recording includes the Session Recording Administration components, the Session Recording Agent, and the Session Recording Player. You can install the Session Recording Administration components (Session Recording Database, Session Recording Server, and Session Recording Policy Console) on a single server or on different servers. The following section details the requirements for each of the Session Recording components.

For more information about using a Current Release (CR) in a Long Term Service Release (LTSR) environment and other FAQs, see Knowledge Center article.

Session Recording Database

Supported operating systems:

- Windows Server 2019
- Windows Server 2016
- Windows Server 2012 R2

Supported Microsoft SQL Server versions:

- Microsoft SQL Server 2019 Enterprise, Express, and Standard editions
- Microsoft SQL Server 2017 Enterprise, Express, and Standard editions
- Microsoft SQL Server 2016 SP2 Enterprise, Express, and Standard editions
- Microsoft SQL Server 2016 SP1 Enterprise, Express, and Standard editions
- Microsoft SQL Server 2014 SP2 Enterprise, Express, and Standard editions
- Microsoft SQL Server 2012 SP3 Enterprise, Express, and Standard editions
- Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 SP3 Enterprise, Express, and Standard editions

Requirement: .NET Framework 4.7.2

Session Recording Server

Supported operating systems:

- Windows Server 2019
- Windows Server 2016
- Windows Server 2012 R2

Other requirements:

- Internet Information Services (IIS) 10, 8.5, 8.0, or 7.5
- .NET Framework Version 4.7.2
- If the Session Recording Server uses HTTPS as its communications protocol, add a valid certificate. Session Recording uses HTTPS by default, which Citrix recommends.

- Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ), with Active Directory integration disabled and MSMQ HTTP support enabled.
- For Administrator Logging: Latest version of Chrome, Firefox, or Internet Explorer 11

Session Recording Policy Console

Supported operating systems:

- Windows Server 2019
- Windows Server 2016
- Windows Server 2012 R2

Requirement: .NET Framework 4.7.2

Session Recording Agent

Install the Session Recording Agent on every Windows Virtual Delivery Agent (VDA) on which you want to record sessions.

Supported operating systems:

- Windows Server 2019
- Windows Server 2016
- Windows Server 2012 R2
- Windows 10, minimum version 1607
- Windows 10 Enterprise for Virtual Desktops

Requirements:

- Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops 7 1912 with Premium license
- XenApp and XenDesktop 7.15 LTSR CU5 with Platinum license
- .NET Framework 4.7.2
- Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ), with Active Directory integration disabled and MSMQ HTTP support enabled

Session Recording Player

Supported operating systems:

- Windows Server 2019
- Windows Server 2016
- Windows Server 2012 R2

• Windows 10, minimum version 1607

Requirement: .NET Framework 4.7.2

For optimal results, install the Session Recording Player on a workstation with:

- Screen resolution of 1024 x 768
- Color depth of at least 32-bit
- 2 GB RAM minimum; more RAM and CPU/GPU resources can improve performance when playing graphics-intensive recordings, especially when recordings contain many animations

The seek response time depends on the size of the recording and your machine's hardware specifications.

Get started

June 18, 2020

Session Recording consists of five components:

- **Session Recording Agent.** A component installed on each VDA for multi-session OS or singlesession OS to enable recording. It is responsible for recording session data.
- Session Recording Server. A server that hosts:
 - The Broker. An IIS 6.0+ hosted Web application that handles the search queries and file download requests from the Session Recording Player, handles policy administration requests from the Session Recording Policy Console, and evaluates recording policies for each Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops session.
 - The Storage Manager. A Windows service that manages the recorded session files received from each Session Recording-enabled computer running Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops.
 - Administrator Logging. An optional subcomponent installed with the Session Recording Server to log the administration activities. All the logging data is stored in a separate SQL Server database named **CitrixSessionRecordingLogging** by default. You can customize the database name.
- Session Recording Player. A user interface that users access from a workstation to play recorded session files.
- Session Recording Database. A component that manages the SQL Server database for storing recorded session data. When this component is installed, it creates a database named CitrixSessionRecording by default. You can customize the database name.
- Session Recording Policy Console. A console used to create policies to specify which sessions are recorded.

This illustration shows the Session Recording components and their relationship with each other:

In the deployment example illustrated here, the Session Recording Agent, Session Recording Server, Session Recording Database, Session Recording Policy Console, and Session Recording Player all reside behind a security firewall. The Session Recording Agent is installed on a VDA for multi-session OS or single-session OS. A second server hosts the Session Recording Policy Console, a third server acts as the Session Recording Server, and a fourth server hosts the Session Recording Database. The Session Recording Player is installed on a workstation. A client device outside the firewall communicates with the VDA for multi-session OS on which the Session Recording Agent is installed. Inside the firewall, the Session Recording Agent, Session Recording Policy Console, Session Recording Player, and Session Recording Database all communicate with the Session Recording Server.



Plan your deployment

June 21, 2024

Limitations and caveats

Session Recording does not support Desktop Composition Redirection (DCR) display mode. By default, Session Recording disables DCR in a session if the session is to be recorded by recording policy. You can configure this behavior in Session Recording Agent properties.

If some URLs are configured in the browser content redirection policy that was introduced in Version 7.16 of the Windows VDA, graphics activities of browsing these URLs in the Internet Explorer browser cannot be recorded.

Session Recording does not support the Framehawk display mode. Sessions in Framehawk display mode cannot be recorded and played back correctly. Sessions recorded in Framehawk display mode might not contain the sessions' activities.

Session Recording cannot record the Lync webcam video when using the HDX RealTime Optimization Pack.

Depending upon your environment, you can deploy the Session Recording components in different scenarios.

A Session Recording deployment is not limited to a single site. Except the Session Recording Agent, all components are independent of the server site. For example, you can configure multiple sites to use a single Session Recording Server.

Alternatively, if you have a large site with many agents and plan to record many graphically intense applications (for example, AutoCAD applications), or you have many sessions to record, a Session Recording Server can experience a high performance demand. To alleviate performance issues, you can install multiple Session Recording Servers and enable the load balancing feature to make the Session Recording Servers work as a load balancing pool and to share the work load from different VDAs.

Suggested server site deployment

Use this type of deployment for recording sessions for one or more Sites. The Session Recording Agent is installed on each VDA in a Site. The Site resides in a data center behind a security firewall. The Session Recording Administration components (Session Recording Database, Session Recording Server, and Session Recording Policy Console) are installed on other servers and the Session Recording Player is installed on a workstation, all behind the firewall but not in the data center.



Important deployment notes

- To enable Session Recording components to communicate with each other, install them in the same domain or across trusted domains that have a transitive trust relationship. The system cannot be installed on a workgroup or across domains that have an external trust relationship.
- Considering its intense graphical nature and memory usage when playing back large recordings, Citrix does not recommend installing the Session Recording Player as a published application.
- The Session Recording installation is configured for TLS/HTTPS communication. Ensure that you install a certificate on the Session Recording Server and that the root certificate authority (CA) is trusted on the Session Recording components.
- If you install the Session Recording Database on a standalone server running the Express Edition of SQL Server 2019, SQL Server 2017, SQL Server 2016, SQL Server 2014, SQL Server 2012, or SQL Server 2008 R2, the server must have the TCP/IP protocol enabled and the SQL Server Browser service running. These settings are disabled by default, but they must be enabled for the Session Recording Server to communicate with the database. For information about enabling these settings, see the Microsoft articles Enable TCP/IP Network Protocol for SQL Server and SQL Server Browser Service.
- Consider the effects of session sharing when planning your Session Recording deployment. Session sharing for published applications can conflict with Session Recording policy rules for published applications. Session Recording matches the active policy with the first published application that a user opens. After the user opens the first application, any subsequent applications opened during the same session continue to follow the policy that is in force for the first applica-

tion. For example, if a policy states to record only Microsoft Outlook, the recording commences when the user opens Outlook. If the user opens a published Microsoft Word second while Outlook is running, Word also is recorded. Conversely, if the active policy does not specify to record Word, and the user launches Word before Outlook, Outlook is not recorded.

- Though you can install the Session Recording Server on a Delivery Controller, Citrix does not recommend that you do so because of performance issues.
- You can install the Session Recording Policy Console on a Delivery Controller.
- You can install both the Session Recording Server and the Session Recording Policy Console on the same system.
- Ensure that the NetBIOS name of the Session Recording Server does not exceed the limit of 15 characters. Microsoft has a 15-character limit on the host name length.
- PowerShell 5.1 or later is required for custom event logging. Upgrade PowerShell if you install the Session Recording Agent on Windows Server 2012 R2 that has PowerShell 4.0 installed. Failure to comply can cause failed API calls.

Security recommendations

June 21, 2024

Session Recording is deployed within a secure network and accessed by administrators, and as such, is secure. Out-of-the-box deployment is simple and security features such as digital signing and encryption can be configured optionally.

Communication between Session Recording components is achieved through Internet Information Services (IIS) and Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ). IIS provides the web services communication link between Session Recording components. MSMQ provides a reliable data transport mechanism for sending recorded session data from the Session Recording Agent to the Session Recording Server.

Warning:

Editing the registry incorrectly can cause serious problems that might require you to reinstall your operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from the incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk. Be sure to back up the registry before you edit it.

Consider these security recommendations when planning your deployment:

• Configure Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS).

You can configure Session Recording with a restricted IIS configuration. On each Session Recording Server, open the IIS Manager and set the following recycling limits for each IIS application pool:

- Virtual Memory Limit: Set the value to 4,294,967,295.
- **Private Memory Limit**: Set the value to match the physical memory of the Session Recording Server. For example, if the physical memory is 4 GB, set the value to 4,194,304.
- **Request Limit**: We recommend you leave this setting unspecified. Or you can set the value to 4,000,000,000.

Tip:

To access the preceding settings, highlight each application pool, select **Advanced Settings** in the **Actions** pane, and then scroll down to the **Recycling** section in the **Advanced Settings** dialog box.

- Ensure that you properly isolate the different administrator roles in the corporate network, in the Session Recording system, or on individual machines. By not doing so, security threats that can impact the system functionality or abuse the system might occur. We recommend that you assign different administrator roles to different persons or accounts. Do not allow general session users to have administrator privileges to the VDA system.
 - Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops administrators do not grant VDA local administrator role to any users of published apps or desktops. If the local administrator role is a requirement, protect the Session Recording Agent components by using Windows mechanisms or thirdparty solutions.
 - Separately assign the Session Recording database administrator and Session Recording policy administrator.
 - We recommend that you do not assign VDA administrator privileges to general session users, especially when using Remote PC Access.
 - Session Recording Server local administration account must be strictly protected.
 - Control access to machines where the Session Recording Player is installed. If a user is not authorized for the Player role, do not grant that user local administrator role for any player machine. Disable anonymous access.
 - We recommend using a physical machine as a storage server for Session Recording.
- Session Recording records session graphics activities without regard to the sensitivity of the data. Under certain circumstances, sensitive data (including but not limited to user credentials, privacy information, and third-party screens) might be recorded unintentionally. Take the following measures to prevent risks:
 - Disable core memory dump for VDAs unless for specific troubleshooting cases.

To disable core memory dump:

- 1. Right-click My Computer, and then select Properties.
- 2. Click the Advanced tab, and then under Startup and Recovery, click Settings.

3. Under Write Debugging Information, select (none).

See the Microsoft article at https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/307973.

- Session owners notify attendees that online meetings and remote assistance software might be recorded if a desktop session is being recorded.
- Ensure that logon credentials or security information does not appear in all local and Web applications published or used inside the corporation. Otherwise, they are recorded by Session Recording.
- Close any application that might expose sensitive information before switching to a remote ICA session.
- We recommend only automatic authentication methods (for example, single sign-on, smartcard) for accessing published desktops or Software as a Service (SaaS) applications.
- Session Recording relies on certain hardware and hardware infrastructure (for example, corporate network devices, operation system) to function properly and to meet security needs. Take measures at the infrastructure levels to prevent damage or abuse to those infrastructures and make the Session Recording function secure and reliable.
 - Properly protect and keep network infrastructure supporting Session Recording available.
 - We recommend using a third-party security solution or Windows mechanism to protect Session Recording components. Session Recording components include:
 - * On the Session Recording Server
 - · Processes: SsRecStoragemanager.exe and SsRecAnalyticsService.exe
 - · Services: CitrixSsRecStorageManager and CitrixSsRecAnalyticsService
 - · All files in Session Recording Server installation folder
 - $\cdot \ {\sf Registry values within {\sf HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE}SOFTWARE} \\ {\sf Citrix} \\ {\sf SmartAuditor} \\ {\sf Server} \\ {\sf Server} \\ {\sf Supple and {\sf S$
 - * On the Session Recording Agent
 - · Process: SsRecAgent.exe
 - · Service: CitrixSmAudAgent
 - · All files in Session Recording Agent installation folder
 - · Registry values within HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Agent
- Set the access control list (ACL) for Message Queuing (MSMQ) on the Session Recording Server to restrict VDA or VDI machines that can send MSMQ data to the Session Recording Server and prevent unauthorized machines from sending data to the Session Recording Server.
 - 1. Install server feature Directory Service Integration on each Session Recording Server and VDA or VDI machine where Session Recording is enabled. Then restart the Message Queuing service.
 - 2. From the Windows **Start** menu on each Session Recording Server, open **Administrative Tools** > **Computer Management**.

- 3. Open Services and Applications > Message Queuing > Private Queues.
- 4. Click the private queue **citrixsmauddata** to open the **Properties** page and select the **Security** tab.

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5. Add the computers or security groups of the VDAs that send MSMQ data to this server and grant them the **Send Message** permission.



- Properly protect the event log for the Session Record Server and Session Recording Agents. We recommend using a Windows or third-party remote logging solution to protect the event log or redirect the event log to the remote server.
- Ensure that servers running the Session Recording components are physically secure. If possible, lock these computers in a secure room to which only authorized personnel can gain direct access.
- Isolate servers running the Session Recording components on a separate subnet or domain.
- Protect the recorded session data from users accessing other servers by installing a firewall between the Session Recording Server and other servers.
- Keep the Session Recording Administration Server and SQL database up-to-date with the latest security updates from Microsoft.
- Restrict non-administrators from logging on to the administration machine.
- Strictly limit who is authorized to make recording policy changes and view recorded sessions.
- Install digital certificates, use the Session Recording file signing feature, and set up TLS communications in IIS.
- Set up MSMQ to use HTTPS as its transport. The way is to set the MSMQ protocol listed in **Session Recording Agent Properties** to HTTPS. For more information, see Troubleshoot MSMQ.

- Use TLS 1.1 or TLS 1.2 (recommended) and disable SSLv2, SSLv3, TLS 1.0 on the Session Recording Server and the Session Recording Database.
- Disable RC4 cipher suites for TLS on the Session Recording Server and the Session Recording Database:
 - 1. Using the Microsoft Group Policy Editor, navigate to **Computer Configuration** > **Adminis**trative Templates > Network > SSL Configuration Settings.
 - 2. Set the **SSL Cipher Suite Order** policy to **Enabled**. By default, this policy is set to **Not Configured**.
 - 3. Remove any RC4 cipher suites.
- Use playback protection. Playback protection is a Session Recording feature that encrypts recorded files before they are downloaded to the Session Recording Player. By default, this option is enabled and is in **Session Recording Server Properties**.
- Follow NSIT guidance for cryptographic key lengths and cryptographic algorithms.
- Configure TLS 1.2 support for Session Recording.

We recommend using TLS 1.2 as the communication protocol to ensure the end-to-end security of the Session Recording components.

To configure TLS 1.2 support of Session Recording:

- Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server. Install the proper SQL Server client component and driver, and set strong cryptography for .NET Framework (version 4 or later).
 - a) Install the Microsoft ODBC Driver 11 (or a later version) for SQL Server.
 - b) Apply the latest hotfix rollup of .NET Framework.
 - c) Install ADO.NET SqlClient based on your version of .NET Framework. For more information, see https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/3135244.
 - d) Add a DWORD value SchUseStrongCrypto = 1 under HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\ and HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\Microsoft\.NetFramework\v4.0.30319.
 - e) Restart the machine.
- Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Policy Console. Apply the latest hotfix rollup of .NET Framework, and set strong cryptography for .NET Framework (version 4 or later). The method for setting strong cryptography is the same as substeps 1–4 and 1– 5. You can omit these steps if you choose to install the Session Recording Policy Console on the same computer as the Session Recording Server.

To configure the TLS 1.2 support for SQL Server with versions earlier than 2016, see https://supp ort.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/3135244. To use TLS 1.2, configure HTTPS as the communication protocol for the Session Recording components.

Scalability considerations

June 21, 2024

Installing and running Session Recording requires few extra resources beyond what is necessary to run Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops. However, if you plan to use Session Recording to record many sessions or if the sessions you plan to record can result in large session files (for example, graphically intense applications), consider the performance of your system when planning your Session Recording deployment.

For more information about building a highly scalable Session Recording system, see Citrix article CTX200869.

Hardware recommendations

Consider how much data you will be sending to each Session Recording Server and how quickly the servers can process and store this data. The rate at which your system can store incoming data must be higher than the data input rate.

To estimate your data input rate, multiply the number of sessions recorded by the average size of each recorded session and divide by the time for which you are recording sessions. For example, you might record 5,000 Microsoft Outlook sessions of 20 MB each over an 8-hour work day. In this case, the data input rate is approximately 3.5 Mbps. (5,000 sessions times 20 MB divided by 8 hours, divided by 3,600 seconds per hour.)

You can improve performance by optimizing the performance of a single Session Recording Server or by installing multiple Session Recording Servers on different machines.

Disk and storage hardware

Disk and storage hardware are the most important factors to consider when planning a Session Recording deployment. The write performance of your storage solution is especially important. The faster data can be written to disk, the higher the performance of the system overall.

Storage solutions suitable for use with Session Recording include a set of local disks controlled as RAID arrays by a local disk controller or by an attached SAN.

Note:

Storing data on a NAS, based on file-based protocols such as SMB and NFS, might have performance and security implications. Use the latest version of the protocol in place to avoid security implications and perform scale testing to ensure proper performance. For a local drive setup, a disk controller with built-in cache memory enhances performance. A caching disk controller must have a battery backup facility to ensure data integrity in a power failure.

Network capacity

A 100 Mbps network link is suitable for connecting a Session Recording Server. A Gb Ethernet connection might improve performance, but does not result in 10 times greater performance than a 100Mbps link.

Ensure that network switches used by Session Recording are not shared with third-party applications that might compete for available network bandwidth. Ideally, network switches are dedicated for use with the Session Recording Server.

Computer processing capacity

Consider the following specifications for the computer on which a Session Recording Server is installed:

- A dual CPU or dual-core CPU is recommended
- 4 GB of RAM is recommended

Exceeding these specifications does not significantly improve performance.

Deploy multiple Session Recording Servers

If a single Session Recording Server does not meet your performance needs, you can install more Session Recording Servers on different machines to have the Session Recording Servers work as a load balancing pool. In this type of deployment, the Session Recording Servers share the storage and the database. To distribute the load, point the Session Recording Agents to the load balancer that is responsible for the workload distribution.

Database scalability

The Session Recording Database requires Microsoft SQL Server 2019, Microsoft SQL Server 2017, Microsoft SQL Server 2016, Microsoft SQL Server 2014, Microsoft SQL Server 2012, or Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2. The volume of data sent to the database is small because the database stores only metadata about the recorded sessions. The files of the recorded sessions themselves are written to a separate disk. Typically, each recorded session requires only about 1 KB of space in the database, unless the Session Recording Event API is used to insert searchable events to the session.

The Express Editions of Microsoft SQL Server 2019, Microsoft SQL Server 2017, Microsoft SQL Server 2016, Microsoft SQL Server 2014, Microsoft SQL Server 2012, and Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 impose a database size limitation of 10 GB. At 1 KB per recording session, the database can catalog about 4,000,000 sessions. Other editions of Microsoft SQL Server have no database size restrictions and are limited only by available disk space. As the number of sessions in the database increases, performance of the database and speed of searches diminishes only negligibly.

If you are not making customizations through the Session Recording Event API, each recorded session generates four database transactions: two when recording starts, one when the user logs on to the session being recorded, and one when recording ends. If you use the Session Recording Event API to customize sessions, each searchable event recorded generates one transaction. Because even the most basic database deployment can handle hundreds of transactions per second, the processing load on the database is unlikely to be stressed. The impact is light enough that the Session Recording Database can run on the same SQL Server as other databases, including the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops data store database.

If your Session Recording deployment requires many millions of recorded sessions to be cataloged in the database, follow Microsoft guidelines for SQL Server scalability.

Install, upgrade, and uninstall

June 21, 2024 This article contains the following sections: Installation checklist Install Session Recording by using the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops installer Automate installation Upgrade Session Recording Uninstall Session Recording

Installation checklist

You can install the Session Recording components by using the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops installer.

Before you start the installation, complete this list:

Step
Select the machines on which you want to install
the Session Recording components. Ensure that
each machine meets the hardware and software
requirements.
Use your Citrix account credentials to access the
Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops download page
and download the product ISO file. Unzip the
ISO file or burn a DVD of it.
To use the TLS protocol for communication
between the Session Recording components,
install the correct certificates in your
environment.
Install any hotfixes required for the Session
Recording components. The hotfixes are
available from the Citrix Support.
Configure the Citrix Director to create and
activate the Session Recording policies. For
more information, see Configure Director to use
the Session Recording Server.

Note:

- We recommend that you divide the published applications into separate Delivery Groups based on your recording policies. Session sharing for published applications can conflict with the active policy if the applications are in the same Delivery Group. Session Recording matches the active policy with the first published application that a user opens. Starting with the 7.18 release, you can use the dynamic session recording feature to start or stop recording sessions at any time during the sessions. This feature can help to mitigate the conflict issue with the active policy. For more information, see Dynamic session recording.
- If you are planning to use Machine Creation Services (MCS) or Provisioning Services, prepare a unique **QMId**. Failure to comply can cause recording data losses.
- SQL Server requires that TCP/IP is enabled, the SQL Server Browser service is running, and Windows Authentication is used.
- To use HTTPS, configure server certificates for TLS/HTTPS.
- Ensure that users under Local Users and Groups > Groups > Users have write permission to the C:\windows\Temp folder.

Install Session Recording by using the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops installer

We recommend that you install the Session Recording Administration, Session Recording Agent, and Session Recording Player components on separate servers. The following procedures detail how to install these components:

Install the Session Recording Administration components Install the Session Recording Agent Install the Session Recording Player

Install the Session Recording Administration components

The Session Recording Administration components include the Session Recording Database, Session Recording Server, and Session Recording Policy Console. You can choose the component to install on a server.

Step 1: Download the product software and launch the wizard

- 1. If you have not downloaded the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO yet, use your Citrix account credentials to access the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops download page. Download and unzip the product ISO file or burn a DVD of it.
- Use a local administrator account to log on to the machine where you are installing the Session Recording Administration components. Insert the DVD in the drive or mount the ISO file. If the installer does not launch automatically, double-click the **AutoSelect** application or the mounted drive.

The installation wizard launches.

Deliver applications and desktops to any user, anyw device. • Hybrid cloud, cloud and enterprise provisioning • Centralized and flexible management Manage your delivery according to your needs:	
Citrix Virtual Apps Deliver applications Citrix Virtual Desktops Deliver applications and desktops	
CITRIX	



Click Start next to the product to install Citrix Virtual Apps or Citrix Virtual Desktops.

Get Started		Prepare Ma	achines and	Images
Delivery Controller		Virtual De	elivery Age	ent for Windo
Start here. Select and install the essential services like License Se	Delivery Contr rver and Storel	oller and other Install this Front. based VM:	agent to de s or physica	eliver application I machines.
Extend Deployment				
Citrix Director		Citrix Studio		Self-Service
Citrix License Server		Universal Print Server		Session Rec
		Federated Authentication Service	:e 🚺	
Citrix StoreFront				

Step 3: Select Session Recording

Select the **Session Recording** entry.



Step 4: Read and accept the license agreement

On the **Software License Agreement** page, read the license agreement, accept it, and then click **Next**.

Step 5: Select the components to install and the installation location On the **Core Components** page:

- **Location**: By default, components are installed in C:\Program Files\Citrix. The default location works for most deployments. You can specify a custom installation location.
- **Component**: By default, all the check boxes next to the components that can be installed are selected. The installer knows whether it is running on a single-session OS or a multi-session OS. It allows the Session Recording Administration components to be installed on a multi-session OS only. It does not allow the Session Recording Agent to be installed on a machine that has no VDA installed in advance. If you install the Session Recording Agent on a machine that has no VDA installed in advance, the **Session Recording Agent** option is unavailable.

Select Session Recording Administration and click Next.

icensing Agreement			
ore Components	Location: C:\Program Files\Citrix Change		
eatures	Component (Select all)		
Database and Server Idministrator Logging ummary Install	Session Recording Administration The Session Recording Administration components are the Session Recording Database, the Session Recording Server, and the Session Recording Policy Console. You can choose which of these components to install on a server.		
inish	Session Recording Agent This component cannot be installed on this machine.		
	Session Recording Player Install the Session Recording Player on the Session Recording Server or one or more workstations in the domain for users who view session recordings.		



Step 6: Select the features to install

On the Features page:

- By default, all the check boxes next to the features that can be installed are selected. Installing all these features on a single server is fine for a proof of concept. However, for a large production environment, we recommend that you install the Session Recording Policy Console on a separate server and the Session Recording Server, Session Recording Administrator Logging, and Session Recording Database on another separate server. The Session Recording Administrator Logging is an optional subfeature of the Session Recording Server. Select the Session Recording Server before you can select the Session Recording Administrator Logging.
- To add another feature on the same server after you select and install a feature or features on it, you can only run the msi package. You cannot run the installer again to achieve the goal.

Select the feature or features that you want to install and click Next.

Step 6.1: Install the Session Recording Database

Note:

The Session Recording database isn't an actual database. It is a component that creates and configures the required databases in the Microsoft SQL Server instance during installation. Ses-
sion Recording supports three solutions for database high availability based on the Microsoft SQL Server. For more information, see Database high availability.

There are typically three types of deployments for the Session Recording Database and Microsoft SQL Server:

- Deployment 1: Install the Session Recording Server and Session Recording Database on the same machine and the Microsoft SQL Server on a remote machine. (**Recommended**)
- Deployment 2: Install the Session Recording Server, Session Recording Database, and Microsoft SQL Server on the same machine.
- Deployment 3: Install the Session Recording Server on a machine and install both the Session Recording Database and Microsoft SQL Server on another machine. (**Not recommended**)

1. On the Features page, select Session Recording Database and click Next.

Citrix Virtual Desktops /	Features	
Licensing Agreement	E Fe	ature (Select all)
Core Components	Ci	ession Recording Policy Console trix Session Recording Policy Console
Database and Server Summary	Ci	ession Recording Server trix Session Recording Broker and Storage Management.
Install Finish	✓ Se Ci	rssion Recording Database trix Session Recording Database

2. On the **Database and Server Configuration** page, specify the instance name and database name of the Session Recording Database and the computer account of the Session Recording Server. Click **Next**.

itrix Virtual Desktops 7	Database and Server Configuration
Licensing Agreement	Specify the instance name and database name of the Session Recording Database and the computer account of the Session Recording Server.
Features	Configuration
Database and Server	Instance name:
Summary	Example: .\SQLEXPRESS,computer-name\SQLEXPRESS, computer-name
Install	Database name:
1111511	CitrixSessionRecording
	Test connection
	Session Recording Server computer account:
	Example: localhost, domain\computer-name
	Back Next Cancel

On the Database and Server Configuration page:

- Instance name: If the database instance is not a named instance as you configured when you set up the instance, you can use only the computer name of the SQL Server. If you have named the instance, use computer-name\instance-name as the database instance name. To determine the server instance name you are using, run select @@servername on the SQL Server. The return value is the exact database instance name. If your SQL server is configured to be listening on a custom port (other than the default port 1433), set the custom listener port by appending a comma to the instance name. For example, type DXSBC-SRD-1,2433 in the Instance name text box, where 2433, following the comma, denotes the custom listener port.
- **Database name**: Type a custom database name in the **Database name** text box or use the default database name preset in the text box. Click **Test connection** to test the connectivity to the SQL Server instance and the validity of the database name.

Important:

A custom database name must contain only A-Z, a-z, and 0–9, and cannot exceed 123 characters.

• You must have the securityadmin and dbcreator server role permissions of the database. If

you do not have the permissions, you can:

- Ask the database administrator to assign the permissions for the installation. After the installation completes, the **securityadmin** and **dbcreator** server role permissions are no longer necessary and can be safely removed.
- Or, use the SessionRecordingAdministrationx64.msi package (unzip the ISO file, and you can find this msi package under ...\x64\Session Recording). During the msi installation, a dialog box prompts for the credentials of a database administrator with the **securityad**min and **dbcreator** server role permissions. Type the correct credentials and then click **OK** to continue the installation.

The installation creates the Session Recording Database and adds the machine account of the Session Recording Server as **db_owner**.

Session Recording Server computer account:

- Deployments 1 and 2: Type localhost in the Session Recording Server computer account text box.
- Deployment 3: Type the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server in the format of domain\computer-name. The Session Recording Server computer account is the user account for accessing the Session Recording Database.

Note:

Attempts to install the Session Recording Administration components can fail with error code 1603 when a domain name is set in the **Session Recording Server computer account** text box. As a workaround, type **localhost** or NetBIOS domain name\machine name in the **Session Recording Server computer account** text box. To get the NetBIOS domain name, go to the machine where you installed the Session Recording Server and run \$env **:**userdomain in PowerShell or echo %UserDomain% in Command Prompt.

3. Review the prerequisites and confirm the installation.

itrix Virtual Desktops 7	Summary
Licensing Agreement	Review the prerequisites and confirm the components you want to install.
Core Components Features Database and Server Summary Install Finish	Installation directory C:\Program Files\Citrix Prerequisites Microsoft Internet Information Services Core Components Session Recording Administration Features Session Recording Database
	Pack Jackall Concel

The **Summary** page shows your installation choices. You can click **Back** to return to the earlier wizard pages and make changes, or click **Install** to start the installation.

4. Complete the installation.



The **Finish Installation** page shows green check marks for all the prerequisites and components that have been installed and initialized successfully.

Click **Finish** to complete the installation of the Session Recording Database.

Step 6.2: Install the Session Recording Server 1. On the Features page, select Session Recording Server and Session Recording Administrator Logging. Click Next.

Citrix Virtual Desktops 7	Features	
Licensing Agreement		Feature (Select all)
Core Components		Session Recording Policy Console
Features		Citrix Session Recording Policy Console
Database and Server		Session Recording Server
Administrator Logging	~	Citrix Session Recording Broker and Storage Management.
Summary		Session Recording Administrator Logging
Install	~	Administrator Logging captures Session Recording Server configuration changes and
Finish		recording activities to the Session Recording Database.
		Session Recording Database
		Citrix Session Recording Database

Note:

- The Session Recording Administrator Logging is an optional subfeature of the Session Recording Server. Select the Session Recording Server before you can select the Session Recording Administrator Logging.
- We recommend that you install the Session Recording administrator logging together with the Session Recording server at the same time. If you don't want the administrator logging feature to be enabled, you can disable it on a later page. However, if you choose not to install this feature at the beginning but want to add it later, you can only manually add it by using SessionRecordingAdministrationx64.msi.

2. On the **Database and Server Configuration** page, specify the configurations.

trix Virtual Desktops /	Database and Server Configuration
Licensing Agreement	Specify the instance name and database name of the Session Recording Database and the
Core Components	computer account of the Session Recording Server.
Features	Configuration
Database and Server	Instance name:
Administrator Logging	Example: .\SQLEXPRESS,computer-name\SQLEXPRESS, computer-name
Summary	
Install	Database name:
Finish	CitrixSessionRecording
	Test connection
	Session Recording Server computer account:
	Example: localhost, domain\computer-name
	Pack Novt Cancel

On the Database and Server Configuration page:

- Instance name: Type the name of your SQL Server in the Instance name text box. If you are using a named instance, type computer-name\instance-name; otherwise, type computer-name only. If your SQL server is configured to be listening on a custom port (other than the default port 1433), set the custom listener port by appending a comma to the instance name. For example, type **DXSBC-SRD-1,2433** in the **Instance name** text box, where 2433, following the comma, denotes the custom listener port.
- **Database name**: Type a custom database name in the **Database name** text box or use the default database name **CitrixSessionRecording** that is preset in the text box.
- You must have the **securityadmin** and **dbcreator** server role permissions of the database. If you do not have the permissions, you can:
 - Ask the database administrator to assign the permissions for the installation. After the installation completes, the **securityadmin** and **dbcreator** server role permissions are no longer necessary and can be safely removed.
 - Or, use the SessionRecordingAdministrationx64.msi package to install the Session Recording Server. During the msi installation, a dialog box prompts for the credentials of a database administrator with the **securityadmin** and **dbcreator** server role permissions. Type

the correct credentials and then click **OK** to continue the installation.

- After typing the correct instance name and database name, click **Test connection** to test the connectivity to the Session Recording Database.
- Type the Session Recording Server computer account, and then click **Next**.

3. On the **Administration Logging Configuration** page, specify configurations for the Administration Logging feature.

itrix Virtual Desktops 7	Administrator Logging Configuration
Licensing Agreement	Specify Session Recording logging configuration
Core Components	Configuration
Features	The Administrator Logging database is installed on the SQL Server instance:
Database and Server	YVDFX-SRD-1
Administrator Logging	
Summary	Administrator Logging database name:
Install	CitrixSessionRecordingLogging
	Test connection Image: Second structure Image: Second structure
	Enable mandatory blocking This option blocks policy and server property changes if logging fails.

On the Administration Logging Configuration page:

- The Administration Logging database is installed on the SQL Server instance: This text box is not editable. The SQL Server instance name of the Administration Logging database is automatically grabbed from the instance name that you typed on the Database and Server Configuration page.
- Administrator Logging database name: If you choose to install the Session Recording Administrator Logging feature, type a custom database name for the Administrator Logging database in this text box or use the default database name **CitrixSessionRecordingLogging** that is preset in the text box.

Note:

The Administrator Logging database name must be different from the Session Recording Database name that is set in the **Database name** text box on the previous **Database and Server Configuration** page.

- After typing the Administrator Logging database name, click **Test connection** to test the connectivity to the Administrator Logging database.
- **Enable Administration Logging**: By default, the Administration Logging feature is enabled. You can disable it by clearing the check box.
- **Enable mandatory blocking**: By default, mandatory blocking is enabled. The normal features might be blocked if logging fails. You can disable mandatory blocking by clearing the check box.

Click **Next** to continue the installation.

4. Review the prerequisites and confirm the installation.

Citrix Virtual Desktops 7	Summary
Licensing Agreement	Review the prerequisites and confirm the components you want to install.
 Core Components Features Database and Server Administrator Logging Summary Install Finish 	Installation directory C:\Program Files\Citrix Core Components Session Recording Administration Features Session Recording Server Session Recording Administrator Logging
	Back

The **Summary** page shows your installation choices. You can click **Back** to return to the earlier wizard pages and make changes, or click **Install** to start the installation.

5. Complete the installation.



The **Finish Installation** page shows green check marks for all the prerequisites and components that have been installed and initialized successfully.

Click **Finish** to complete the installation of the Session Recording Server.

Note:

The Session Recording Server default installation uses HTTPS/TLS to secure communications. If TLS is not configured in the default IIS site of the Session Recording Server, use HTTP. To do so, cancel the selection of SSL in the IIS Management Console by navigating to the Session Recording Broker site, opening the SSL settings, and clearing the **Require SSL** check box.

Step 6.3: Install the Session Recording Policy Console 1. On the **Features** page, select **Session Recording Policy Console** and click **Next**.

Session Recording 1912 LTSR

Licensing Agreement		Feature (Select all)
Core Components Features	~	Session Recording Policy Console Citrix Session Recording Policy Console
Summary Install		Session Recording Server Citrix Session Recording Broker and Storage Management.
rinsii		Session Recording Database Citrix Session Recording Database

2. Review the prerequisites and confirm the installation.

Citrix Virtual Desktops 7	Summary
 Licensing Agreement 	Review the prerequisites and confirm the components you want to install.
 Core Components Features Summary Install Finish 	Installation directory C:\Program Files\Citrix Core Components Session Recording Administration Features Session Recording Policy Console
	Back Install Cancel

The **Summary** page shows your installation choices. You can click **Back** to return to the earlier wizard pages and make changes, or click **Install** to start the installation.

3. Complete the installation.



The **Finish Installation** page shows green check marks for all the prerequisites and the component that have been installed and initialized successfully.

Click Finish to complete your installation of the Session Recording Policy Console.

Step 7: Install Broker_PowerShellSnapIn_x64.msi

Important:

To use the Session Recording Policy Console, install the Broker PowerShell Snap-in (Broker_PowerShellSnap.insi) manually. Locate the snap-in on the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO (\layout \image-full\x64\Citrix Desktop Delivery Controller) and follow the instructions for installing it manually. Failure to comply can cause an error.

Install the Session Recording Agent

Install the Session Recording Agent on the VDA or VDI machine on which you want to record sessions.

Step 1: Download the product software and launch the wizard Use a local administrator account to log on to the machine where you are installing the Session Recording Agent component. Insert the DVD in the drive or mount the ISO file. If the installer does not launch automatically, double-click the **AutoSelect** application or the mounted drive.

The installation wizard launches.



Step 2: Choose which product to install

Click Start next to the product to install Citrix Virtual Apps or Citrix Virtual Desktops.

			Prepare Machines	and	lmages
Delivery Controller			Virtual Delivery	Age	ent for Windo
Start here. Select and install the essential services like License Ser	here. Select and install the Delivery Controller and other Install this agent tial services like License Server and StoreFront. based VMs or ph			to de ysica	liver applicati I machines.
Edward Darksmann					
Extend Deployment					
Citrix Director		Citrix Studio		•	Self-Servic
Citrix Director		Citrix Studio Universal Print Serve	r	•	Self-Servic Session Re

Step 3: Select Session Recording

Select the **Session Recording** entry.



Step 4: Read and accept the license agreement

On the **Software License Agreement** page, read the license agreement, accept it, and then click **Next**



Step 5: Select the component to install and the installation location

Select Session Recording Agent and click Next.

Citrix virtual Desktops 7	Agent Configuration
✓ Licensing Agreement	Configuration
✓ Core Components	Session Recording Server name:
Agent	
Summary	Note: Enter information for connecting to the Se
Install	such information later in the Session Recording
Finish	Protocol:
	HTTPS
	Port
	443
	Test connection

Step 6: Specify the Agent configuration

On the **Agent Configuration** page: Type the computer name of the machine where you installed the Session Recording Server and the protocol and port information for the connection to the Session Recording Server. If you have not installed Session Recording yet, you can change such information later in **Session Recording Agent Properties**.

Note:

There is a limitation with the test connection function of the installer. It does not support the "HTTPS requires TLS 1.2"scenario. If you use the installer in this scenario, the test connection fails but you can ignore the failure and click **Next** to continue the installation. It does not affect normal functioning.



Step 7: Review the prerequisites and confirm the installation

The **Summary** page shows your installation choices. You can click **Back** to return to the earlier wizard pages and make changes, or click **Install** to start the installation.



Step 8: Complete the installation

The **Finish Installation** page shows green check marks for all the prerequisites and components that have been installed and initialized successfully.

Click **Finish** to complete the installation of the Session Recording Agent.

Note:

When Machine Creation Services (MCS) or Provisioning Services (PVS) creates multiple VDAs with the configured master image and Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ) installed, those VDAs can have the same **QMId** under certain conditions. This case might cause various issues, for example:

- Sessions might not be recorded even if the recording agreement is accepted.
- The Session Recording Server might not be able to receive session logoff signals and therefore, sessions might always be in Live status.

As a workaround, create a unique **QMId** for each VDA and it differs depending on the deployment methods.

No extra actions are required if single-session OS VDAs with the Session Recording Agent installed are created with PVS 7.7 or later and MCS 7.9 or later in the static desktop mode that is, for example, configured to make all changes persistent with a separate Personal vDisk or the local disk of your VDA.

For multi-session OS VDAs created with MCS or PVS and single-session OS VDAs that are configured to discard all changes when a user logs off, use the GenRandomQMID.ps1 script to change the **QMId** on system startup. Change the power management strategy to ensure that enough VDAs are running before user logon attempts.

To use the GenRandomQMID.ps1 script, do the following:

1. Ensure that the execution policy is set to **RemoteSigned** or **Unrestricted** in PowerShell.

1 Set-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned

2. Create a scheduled task, set the trigger as on system startup, and run with the SYSTEM account on the PVS or MCS master image machine.

3. Add the command as a startup task.

1 powershell .exe -file C:\\GenRandomQMID.ps1

Summary of the GenRandomQMID.ps1 script:

- 1. Remove the current **QMId** from the registry.
- 2. Add SysPrep = 1 to HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\MSMQ\
 Parameters.
- 3. Stop related services, including CitrixSmAudAgent and MSMQ.
- To generate a random QMId, start the services that stopped previously.
 Example GENRANDOMQMID.PS1:

```
1 # Remove old QMId from registry and set SysPrep flag for MSMQ
3 Remove-Itemproperty -Path HKLM:Software\Microsoft\MSMQ\Parameters\
      MachineCache -Name QMId -Force
4
5 Set-ItemProperty -Path HKLM:Software\Microsoft\MSMQ\Parameters -Name "
      SysPrep" -Type DWord -Value 1
6
7 # Get dependent services
8
9 $depServices = Get-Service -name MSMQ -dependentservices | Select -
      Property Name
10
  # Restart MSMQ to get a new QMId
11
  Restart-Service -force MSMQ
14
15 # Start dependent services
16
  if ($depServices -ne $null) {
17
18
```

```
19
20
        foreach ($depService in $depServices) {
21
22
            $startMode = Get-WmiObject win32_service -filter "NAME = '$(
23
       $depService.Name)'" | Select -Property StartMode
24
            if ($startMode.StartMode -eq "Auto") {
25
26
27
                Start-Service $depService.Name
28
29
             }
30
31
    }
32
33
34
    }
36 <!--NeedCopy-->
```

Install the Session Recording Player

Install the Session Recording Player on the Session Recording Server or on workstations in the domain.

Step 1: Download the product software and launch the wizard Use a local administrator account to log on to the machine where you are installing the Session Recording Player component. Insert the DVD in the drive or mount the ISO file. If the installer does not launch automatically, double-click the **AutoSelect** application or the mounted drive.

The installation wizard launches.

Deliver applications and desktops to any user, anyw device. • Hybrid cloud, cloud and enterprise provisioning • Centralized and flexible management Manage your delivery according to your needs:	
Citrix Virtual Apps Deliver applications Citrix Virtual Desktops Deliver applications and desktops	
CITRIX	



Click Start next to the product to install Citrix Virtual Apps or Citrix Virtual Desktops.

Get Started		Pre	Prepare Machines and Images		
Delivery Controller		Vir	Virtual Delivery Agent for Window		
Start here. Select and install the Delivery Controller and other essential services like License Server and StoreFront.		oller and other Inst Front. bas	Install this agent to deliver application based VMs or physical machines.		
Extend Deployment					
Citrix Director		Citrix Studio		Self-Service	
Citrix License Server		Universal Print Server		Session Red	
Citrix StoreFront	•	Federated Authentication	Service 🚺		

Step 3: Select Session Recording

Select the **Session Recording** entry.



Step 4: Read and accept the license agreement

On the **Software License Agreement** page, read the license agreement, accept it, and then click **Next**



Step 5: Select the component to install and the installation location

Select Session Recording Player and click Next.



Step 6: Review the prerequisites and confirm the installation

The **Summary** page shows your installation choices. You can click **Back** to return to the earlier wizard pages and make changes, or click **Install** to start the installation.



Step 7: Complete the installation

The **Finish Installation** page shows green check marks for all the prerequisites and components that have been installed and initialized successfully.

Click **Finish** to complete the installation of the Session Recording Player.

Automate installation

Session Recording supports silent installation with options. Write a script that uses silent installation and run the relevant commands.

Automate installation of the Session Recording Administration components

For example, the following command installs the Session Recording Administration components and creates a log file to capture the installation information.

```
1 Msiexec /i "c:\SessionRecordingAdministrationx64.msi" ADDLOCAL="
    SsRecServer,PolicyConsole,SsRecLogging,StorageDatabase"
    DATABASEINSTANCE="WNBIO-SRD-1" DATABASENAME="CitrixSessionRecording"
    LOGGINGDATABASENAME="CitrixSessionRecordingLogging" DATABASEUSER="
    localhost" /q /l*vx "yourinstallationlog"
```

2 <!--NeedCopy-->

Note:

You can find the SessionRecordingAdministrationx64.msi file on the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO under \layout\image-full\x64\Session Recording.

Where:

- ADDLOCAL provides the features for you to select. You can select more than one option. SsRec-Server is the Session Recording Server. PolicyConsole is the Session Recording Policy Console. SsRecLogging is the Administrator Logging feature. StorageDatabase is the Session Recording Database. Session Recording Administrator Logging is an optional subfeature of the Session Recording Server. Select the Session Recording Server before you can select Session Recording Administrator Logging.
- **DATABASEINSTANCE** is the instance name of the Session Recording database. For example,.\SQLEXPRESS,computer-name
- **DATABASENAME** is the database name of the Session Recording database.
- **LOGGINGDATABASENAME** is the name of the Administrator Logging database.
- **DATABASEUSER** is the computer account of the Session Recording Server.
- /q specifies quiet mode.
- /l*v specifies verbose logging.
- yourinstallationlog is the location of your installation log file.

Automate installation of the Session Recording Player and web player

For example, the following commands install the Session Recording Player and web player, respectively.

```
1 msiexec /i "c:\SessionRecordingPlayer.msi" /q /l*\vx "
yourinstallationlog"
2 <!--NeedCopy-->
```

Note:

You can find the SessionRecordingPlayer.msi file on the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO under \layout \image-full \x86 \Session Recording and SessionRecordingWebPlayer .msiunder \layout \image-full \x64 \Session Recording.

Where:

- /q specifies quiet mode.
- /l*v specifies verbose logging.
- yourinstallationlog is the location of your installation log file.

Automate installation of the Session Recording Agent

For example, the following command installs the Session Recording Agent and creates a log file to capture the installation information.

For 64-bit systems:

```
1 msiexec /i SessionRecordingAgentx64.msi /q /l*vx yourinstallationlog
SESSIONRECORDINGSERVERNAME=yourservername
2 SESSIONRECORDINGBROKERPROTOCOL=yourbrokerprotocol
SESSIONRECORDINGBROKERPORT=yourbrokerport
3 <!--NeedCopy-->
```

Note:

You can find the SessionRecordingAgentx64.msi file on the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO under \layout\image-full\x64\Session Recording.

For 32-bit systems:

```
    msiexec /i SessionRecordingAgent.msi /q /l*vx yourinstallationlog
SESSIONRECORDINGSERVERNAME=yourservername
    SESSIONRECORDINGBROKERPROTOCOL=yourbrokerprotocol
SESSIONRECORDINGBROKERPORT=yourbrokerport
```

```
3 <!--NeedCopy-->
```

Note:

You can find the SessionRecordingAgent.msi file on the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO under \layout\image-full\x86\Session Recording.

Where:

- **yourservername** is the NetBIOS name or FQDN of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server. If not specified, this value defaults to **localhost**.
- **yourbrokerprotocol** is HTTP or HTTPS that the Session Recording Agent uses to communicate with the Session Recording Broker. If not specified, this value defaults to HTTPS.
- **yourbrokerport** is the port number that the Session Recording Agent uses to communicate with the Session Recording Broker. If not specified, this value defaults to zero, which directs the Session Recording Agent to use the default port number for your selected protocol: 80 for HTTP or 443 for HTTPS.
- /q specifies quiet mode.

- /l*v specifies verbose logging.
- yourinstallationlog is the location of your installation log file.

Upgrade Session Recording

You can upgrade certain deployments to later versions without having to first set up new machines or Sites. You can upgrade from the version of Session Recording included in the latest CU of XenApp and XenDesktop 7.6 LTSR, and from any later version, to the latest release of Session Recording.

Note:

When you upgrade Session Recording Administration from 7.6 to 7.13 or later and choose **Modify** in Session Recording Administration to add the Administrator Logging service, the SQL Server instance name does not appear on the **Administrator Logging Configuration** page. The following error message appears when you click **Next**: **Database connection test failed. Please enter correct Database instance name.** As a workaround, add the read permission for localhost users to the following SmartAuditor Server registry folder: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Server.

You cannot upgrade from a Technical Preview version.

Requirements, preparation, and limitations

- Use the Session Recording installer's graphical or command line interface to upgrade the Session Recording components.
- Before any upgrade activity, back up the database named CitrixSessionRecording in the SQL Server instance. In this way, you can restore it if any issues are discovered after the database upgrade.
- In addition to being a domain user, you must be a local administrator on the machines where you are upgrading the Session Recording components.
- If the Session Recording Server and Session Recording Database are not installed on the same server, you must have the database role permission to upgrade the Session Recording Database. Otherwise, you can:
 - Ask the database administrator to assign the securityadmin and dbcreator server role permissions for the upgrade. After the upgrade completes, the securityadmin and dbcreator server role permissions are no longer necessary and can be safely removed.
 - Or, use the SessionRecordingAdministrationx64.msi package to upgrade. During the msi upgrade, a dialog box prompts for the credentials of a database administrator who has the securityadmin and dbcreator server role permissions. Type the correct credentials and then click OK to continue the upgrade.

- You can choose not to upgrade all Session Recording Agents at the same time. Session Recording Agent 7.6.0 (or later) is compatible with the latest (current) release of Session Recording Server. However, some new features and bug fixes might not take effect.
- Any sessions started during the upgrade of Session Recording Server are not recorded.
- The **Graphics Adjustment** option in Session Recording Agent Properties is enabled by default after a fresh installation or upgrade to keep compatible with the Desktop Composition Redirection mode. You can disable this option manually after a fresh installation or upgrade.
- The administrator logging feature is not installed after you upgrade Session Recording from a previous release where the feature is unavailable. To add the feature, modify the installation after the upgrade.
- If there are live recording sessions when the upgrade process starts, there is little chance that the recording can be complete.
- Review the following upgrade sequence, so that you can plan and mitigate potential outages.

Upgrade sequence

To upgrade an existing installation, go to each machine where you installed a Session Recording component and then run the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO.

Tip:

Go to the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops download page to download the appropriate version of Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops.

Upgrading an existing installation generally follows the following sequence:

1. Upgrade the Session Recording server component.

If there are more than one Session Recording server, first upgrade the one where the Session Recording database component is installed. After that, upgrade the rest Session Recording servers.

To do so, complete the following steps:

- a) Stop the Session Recording Storage Manager service manually on the Session Recording server.
- b) Through the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager, ensure that the Session Recording Broker is running.
- c) Run the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO and select the Session Recording entry to upgrade.
- 2. The Session Recording service is back online automatically when the upgrade of the Session Recording server is completed.

- 3. Upgrade the Session Recording agent (on the master image).
- 4. Upgrade the Session Recording policy console with or after the Session Recording server.
- 5. Upgrade the Session Recording player.

Uninstall Session Recording

To remove the Session Recording components from a server or workstation, use the uninstall or remove programs option available from the Windows Control Panel. To remove the Session Recording Database, you must have the same **securityadmin** and **dbcreator** SQL Server role permissions as when you installed it.

For security reasons, the Administrator Logging Database is not removed after the components are uninstalled.

Dynamic session recording

June 21, 2024

Previously, session recording started strictly at the very beginning of sessions that met the recording policies and stopped strictly when those sessions ended.

Starting with the 7.18 release, Citrix introduces the dynamic session recording feature. With this feature, you can start or stop recording a specific session or sessions that a specific user launches, at any time during the sessions.

Note:

To make the feature work as expected, upgrade Session Recording, VDA, and Delivery Controller to Version 7.18 or later.

Enable or disable dynamic session recording

On the Session Recording Agent, a registry value is added for enabling or disabling the feature. The registry value is set to **1** by default, which means that the feature is enabled by default.

To enable or disable the feature, do the following:

- 1. After the Session Recording installation is complete, log on as an administrator to the machine where you installed the Session Recording Agent.
- 2. Open the Registry Editor.
- 3. Browse to HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor.

- 4. Set the value of **DynamicControlAllowed** to **0** or use the default value, **1**.**1**: enable dynamic recording
 - **0**: disable dynamic recording
- 5. Restart the Session Recording Agent to make your setting take effect. If you are using MCS or PVS for deployment, change the setting on your master image and perform an update to make your change take effect.

Warning:

Incorrectly editing the registry can cause serious problems that might require you to reinstall your operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from the incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk. Be sure to back up the registry before you edit it.

Dynamically start or stop recording by using PowerShell commands in the Citrix Broker SDK

The following table lists three PowerShell commands added in the Citrix Broker SDK for the dynamic session recording feature. For information on the Citrix Broker SDK, see Citrix SDKs and APIs and Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops SDK.

Command	Description
Start-BrokerSessionRecording	Lets you start recording a specific active session, a list of active sessions, or sessions launched by a specific user. For more information, run Get- Help Start-BrokerSessionRecording to see the command online help.
Stop-BrokerSessionRecording	Lets you stop recording a specific active session, a list of active sessions, or sessions launched by a specific user. For more information, run Get- Help Stop-BrokerSessionRecording to see the command online help.
Get-BrokerSessionRecordingStatus	Lets you get the recording status of a specific active session. For more information, run Get-Help Get- BrokerSessionRecordingStatus to see the command online help.

For example, when a user reports an issue and needs timely support, you can use the feature to dynamically start recording the user's active sessions, and play back the live recording to proceed with the follow-up troubleshooting. You can do the following:

1. Launch PowerShell from the Citrix Studio console.

Console Root	-t		Actions	
 Gitrix Studio (BVT_DB) Search 	CITRIX		Citrix Studio (8VT_D8)	-
Machine Catalogs	Common Tasks Actions Powershell		View	,
AppDisks	# Semister the certificate for the Licensing Service		G Refresh	
Applications			👔 Help	
Policies	P VITAVAN ALAK BAL			
Logging	Get-LogSite -AdminAddress "wkaoe-ddc-1.bvt.local:80" -BearerToken *******			
 B Administrators 	Start-LogHighLevelOperation -AdminAddress "Wksoe-ddc-1.bvt.local:80" -BearerToken ******* -Source "Studio" -StartTime "4/9/2018 6:31:18 AM" -Text "Register the certificate for the Licensing Service"			
Controllers Hosting	Set-ConfigSiteMetadata -AdminAddress "wkace-ddo-1.bvt.local180" -BearerToken ******* -LogpingId "cf22&02e-s2ef-4364-9eb4-c0f228324d85" -Name "CertificateMach" -Value "akiGq1yaSu4310CMq?axg3MbOgo9T0YF+kKZ2dSMI50Up856hH57200e0hlldUCf+C+C510Uy78xEF/801d10-+*	m		
StoreFront	Stop-LogEighLevelOperation -AdminAddress "Wkaos-ddo-1.bvt.local:80" -BearerToken ******* -EndTime "4/9/2018 6:81:19 AM" -BighLevelOperationId "of42600-e2sf-4364-9eb6-o0f125324d85" -IsSuccessful 4True			
AppDNA	# Script Completed successfully			
Tones				
> 👪 Citrix StoreFront	+ Get the certificate for the Licensing Service			
	4 4/9/2018 2:31 AM			
	* Get-LicCertificate -kdminkddress "https://wkace-ddo-1.hvt.local:8083/" # Script completed successfully			
	# Get the certificate for the Licensing Service			
	# 4/9/2018 9:49 PM			
	Get-LioCertificate -JohinAddress "https://wkace-ddo-1.bvt.looal:8085/" # Script completed successfully			
	# Get the certificate for the Licensing Service			
	# 4/9/2018 9:50 BM			
	Ges-LloGersificate -AdminAddreas "https://wkace-ddo-1.bvt.local:8085/" # Script completed succesfully			
	Get the certificate for the Licensing Service			
	# 4/9/2018 10:06 PM			
	f Get-LiCCertificate -kdminkddress "https://wkace-ddc-1.bvt.local:8083/" # Script completed successfully			
		-	1	
	Launch Power	rshell	J	

2. Use the Get-BrokerSession command to get all the active sessions of the target user.



3. Use the Get-BrokerSessionRecordingStatus command to get the recording status of the specified session.



Note:

The **-Session** parameter can accept only one session Uid at a time.

4. Use the Start-BrokerSessionRecording command to start recording. By default, a notification message appears to inform users of the recording activity.

The following table shows common ways of using the Start-BrokerSessionRecording command.

Command	Description
Start-BrokerSessionRecording -User DomainA \	Starts recording all sessions of user UserA in the
UserA	domain named DomainA and notifies UserA.
Start-BrokerSessionRecording -User DomainA \	Starts recording all sessions of user UserA in the
UserA -NotifyUser \$false	domain named DomainA and does not notify
	UserA.
Start-BrokerSessionRecording -Sessions	Starts recording all sessions in the object named
\$SessionObject	\$SessionObject and notifies the user. To get the
	object \$SessionObject, run
	\$SessionObject=Get-BrokerSession
	-username UserA. The name of an object is
	prefixed with a dollar sign \$. For more
	information, see Step 2 and the command online
	help.
Start-BrokerSessionRecording -Sessions	Starts recording the sessions uid1, uid2,, and
uid1,uid2,,uidn	uidn, and notifies the users.

- 5. Use the Get-BrokerSessionRecordingStatus command to get the recording status of each target session. The status is supposed to be **SessionBeingRecorded**.
- 6. Play back the **Live** or **Complete** recordings in the Session Recording Player and proceed with the follow-up troubleshooting.

Note

The last section of the timeline on the Player progress bar might show gray when you play back a "Complete"recording ended by the Stop-BrokerSessionRecording command and the last section of the recorded session is idle. It is not obvious when the recorded session has constant activities.

7. Use the Stop-BrokerSessionRecording command to stop recording when the reported issue has been triaged or resolved.

Command	Description
Stop-BrokerSessionRecording -User DomainA \	Stops recording all sessions of user UserA in the
UserA	domain named DomainA.
Stop-BrokerSessionRecording -Sessions	Stops recording all sessions in the
\$SessionObject	\$SessionObject.

The following table shows common ways of using this command:
Session Recording 1912 LTSR

Command	Description
Stop-BrokerSessionRecording -Sessions	Stops recording the sessions uid1, uid2,, and
uid1,uid2,,uidn	uidn.

On the Citrix Studio Logging screen, you can view the resulting logs of the Start-BrokerSessionRecording and Stop-BrokerSessionRecording commands.

🛱 Citrix Studio						_		×
File Action View Help								
🗢 🔿 🙍 📰								
📔 Console Root						-	Actions	
 Citrix Studio (BVT_DB) 	CITRIX		Last 7 day	s 🔹 Search	م		Loggin	a 🔺
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Delivery Groups	▼ Yesterday					511	Cre	aat
Applications	WKAOE\Administrator	Stop of Session '8F4E49F1-59	4/13/2018 : 5:56:25 AM	4/13/2018 : 5:56:25 AM	Successful	= 5	🗶 De	lete
	WKAOE\Administrator	Stop of Session '5E6B5536-4D	4/13/2018 : 5:56:22 AM	4/13/2018 : 5:56:23 AM	Successful	-1	Vie	w 🕨
	WKAOE\Administrator	Stop of Session '6F964663-A0	4/13/2018 : 5:56:20 AM	4/13/2018 : 5:56:20 AM	Successful		a Pr	freeh
✓ i Configuration	WKAOE\Administrator	Stop Recording of Sessions	4/13/2018 : 5:55:52 AM	4/13/2018 : 5:55:53 AM	Successful		a ne	resn
Administrators	WKAOE\Administrator	Start Recording of Sessions	4/13/2018 : 5:55:26 AM	4/13/2018 : 5:55:27 AM	Successful	11	? He	lp
Controllers	WKAOE\Administrator	Stop Recording of Sessions	4/13/2018 : 5:54:58 AM	4/13/2018 : 5:54:58 AM	Successful			
💻 Hosting	WKAOE\Administrator	Stop Recording of Sessions	4/13/2018 : 5:54:31 AM	4/13/2018 : 5:54:31 AM	Successful			
🔏 Licensing	WKAOE\Administrator	Start Recording of Sessions	4/13/2018 : 5:53:50 AM	4/13/2018 : 5:53:50 AM	Successful			
StoreFront	WKAOE\Administrator	Stop Recording of Session 'S	4/13/2018 : 5:53:09 AM	4/13/2018 : 5:53:09 AM	Successful			
App-V Publishing	WKAOE\Administrator	Start Recording of Session 'S-	4/13/2018 · 5·50·56 AM	4/13/2018 · 5·50·57 AM	Successful			
AppDNA	WKAOE\Administrator	Stop of Sersion '0008E180-5E	4/12/2018 - 5:28:10 AM	4/12/2018 - 5-29-10 AM	Successful			
Citrix StoreFront	WKAOE Administrator	Stop of Session U0C8F180-5F	4/13/2010 : 5:38:10 AM	4/13/2010 : 5:38:10 AM	Succession			
Stores	WNAUE (Administrator	stop of session 9D08C387-B	4/15/2010 ; 5:30:08 AM	4/15/2010 ; 5:30:09 AM	Successiul	÷.		
Server Group								

Configure

April 29, 2020

After installing the Session Recording components, you can perform the following steps to configure Session Recording to record Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops sessions and allow users to view them:

- Configure the connection to the Session Recording Server
- Authorize users
- Create and activate recording policies
- Specify where recordings are stored
- Specify file size for recordings
- Customize notification messages
- Enable or disable recording
- Enable or disable digital signing
- Administrator Logging
- Database high availability
- Load balancing

- Change your communication protocol
- Configure CEIP

Configure the connection to the Session Recording Server

June 5, 2024

Configure the connection of the Session Recording Player to the Session Recording Server

Before a Session Recording Player can play sessions, configure it to connect to the Session Recording Server that stores the recorded sessions. Each Player can be configured with the ability to connect to multiple Session Recording Servers, but can connect to only one Session Recording Server at a time. If the Player is configured with the ability to connect to multiple Session Recording Servers, users can change which Session Recording Server the Player connects to by selecting a check box on the **Connections** tab at **Tools** > **Options**.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. Start the Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose **Tools** > **Options**.
- 4. On the **Connections** tab, click **Add**.
- 5. In the **Hostname** field, type the name or IP address of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server and select the protocol. By default, Session Recording is configured to use HTTP-S/SSL to secure communications. If SSL is not configured, select HTTP.
- 6. To configure the Session Recording Player with the ability to connect to multiple Session Recording Servers, repeat Steps 4 and 5 for each Session Recording Server.
- 7. Ensure that you select the check box for the Session Recording Server you want to connect to.

Configure the connection of the Session Recording Agent to the Session Recording Server

The connection between the Session Recording Agent and the Session Recording Server is typically configured when the Session Recording Agent is installed. To configure this connection after the Session Recording Agent is installed, use Session Recording Agent Properties.

- 1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Agent is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Agent Properties.

- 3. Click the **Connections** tab.
- 4. In the **Session Recording Server** field, type the FQDN of the Session Recording Server.

Note:

To use Message Queuing over HTTPS (TCP is used by default), type an FQDN in the **Session Recording Server** field. Otherwise, session recording fails.

5. In the **Session Recording Storage Manager message queue** section, select the protocol that is used by the Session Recording Storage Manager to communicate and change the default port number if necessary.

Note:

To use Message Queuing over HTTP and HTTPS, install all the IIS recommended features.

- 6. In the Message life field, accept the default 7,200 seconds (two hours) or type a new value for the number of seconds each message is retained in the queue if there is a communication failure. After this time elapses, the message is deleted and the file is playable until the point where the data is lost.
- 7. In the **Session Recording Broker** section, select the communication protocol that the Session Recording Broker uses to communicate and change the default port number if necessary.
- 8. When prompted, restart the Session Recording agent service to accept the changes.

Authorize users

June 19, 2020

To grant users the rights, you assign users to roles using the Session Recording Authorization Console on the Session Recording Server. Five roles are available:

Important:

For security reasons, grant users only the rights they need to perform specific functions, such as viewing recorded sessions.

- **PolicyAdministrator**. Grants the right to view, create, edit, delete, and enable recording policies. By default, administrators of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server are members of this role.
- **PolicyQuery**. Allows the servers hosting the Session Recording Agent to request recording policy evaluations. By default, authenticated users are members of this role.

- **LoggingWriter**. Grants the right to write the Administrator Logging logs. By default, local administrators and the Network Service group are members of this role. Changing the default **LoggingWriter** membership can cause log writing failure.
- **LoggingReader**. Grants the right to query the Administrator Logging logs. There is no default membership in this role.
- **Player**. Grants the right to view recorded Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops sessions. There is no default membership in this role. When you install Session Recording, no user has the right to play recorded sessions. You must assign the right to each user, including the administrator. A user without the permission to play recorded sessions receives the following error message when trying to play a recorded session:

Search Failed	×
Search for recorded session files failed. Access to Session Recording Server was denied. R access is denied by role-based security.	jected user request as
	ОК

To assign users to a role, do the following:

- 1. Log on as an administrator to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. Start the Session Recording Authorization Console.
- 3. Select the role to which you want to assign users.
- 4. From the menu bar, choose **Action** > **Assign Users and Groups**.
- 5. Add the users and groups.

Session Recording supports users and groups defined in Active Directory.

Any changes made to the console take effect during the update that occurs once every minute. Also, starting with the 1906 release, you can use the Session Recording Policy Console to create recording viewing policies. For more information, see Recording viewing policies.

Configure policies

March 21, 2024

Use the Session Recording Policy Console to create recording policies, event logging policies, and recording viewing policies. When creating the policies, you can specify Delivery Controllers from both the Citrix Cloud and on-premises environments.

Important:

To use the Session Recording Policy Console, you must have the Broker PowerShell Snap-in (Broker_PowerShellSnapIn_x64.msi) or the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops Remote PowerShell SDK (CitrixPoshSdk.exe) installed manually. The installer does not install the snap-ins automatically. Locate the Broker PowerShell snap-in on the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO (\layout\imagefull\x64\Citrix Desktop Delivery Controller), or download the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops Remote PowerShell SDK from the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops Service download page.

Tip:

You can edit the registry to prevent recording file losses in case that your Session Recording Server might fail unexpectedly. Log on as an administrator to the machine where you installed the Session Recording Agent, open the Registry Editor, and add a DWORD value DefaultRecordActionOnError =1 under HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\ Citrix\SmartAuditor\Agent.

Recording policies

You can activate system-defined recording policies available when Session Recording is installed or create and activate your own custom recording policies. System-defined recording policies apply a single rule to all users, published applications, and servers. Custom recording policies specifying which users, published applications, and servers are recorded.

The active recording policy determines which sessions are recorded. Only one recording policy is active at a time.

System-defined recording policies

Session Recording provides the following system-defined recording policies:

- **Do not record**. The default policy. If you do not specify another policy, no sessions are recorded.
- **Record everyone with notification**. If you choose this policy, all sessions are recorded. A popup window appears to notify recording occurrence.
- **Record everyone without notification**. If you choose this policy, all sessions are recorded. No pop-up window appears to notify recording occurrence.

You cannot modify or delete the system-defined recording policies.

Create a custom recording policy

When you create your own recording policy, you make rules to specify which users or groups, published applications or desktops, delivery groups or VDA machines, and Citrix Workspace app client IP addresses have their sessions recorded. A wizard within the Session Recording Policy Console helps you create rules. To obtain the list of published applications or desktops and the list of delivery groups or VDA machines, you must have the read permission as a Site administrator. Configure the administrator read permission on the Delivery Controller of the Site.

For each rule you create, you specify a recording action and rule criteria. The recording action applies to sessions that meet the rule criteria.

For each rule, choose one recording action:

- **Do not record**. (Choose **Disable session recording** in the **Rules** wizard.) This recording action specifies that sessions meeting the rule criteria are not recorded.
- **Record with notification**. (Choose **Enable session recording with notification** in the **Rules** wizard.) This recording action specifies that sessions meeting the rule criteria are recorded. A pop-up window appears to notify recording occurrence.
- **Record without notification**. (Choose **Enable session recording without notification** in the **Rules** wizard.) This recording action specifies that sessions meeting the rule criteria are recorded. Users are unaware that they are being recorded.

For each rule, choose at least one of the following items to create the rule criteria:

- **Users or Groups**. Creates a list of users or groups to which the action of the rule applies. Session Recording allows you to use Active Directory groups and white list users.
- **Published Applications or Desktop**. Creates a list of published applications or desktops to which the action of the rule applies. In the **Rules** wizard, choose the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops Site or Sites on which the applications or desktops are available.
- **Delivery Groups or Machines**. Creates a list of Delivery Groups or machines to which the action of the rule applies. In the **Rules** wizard, choose the location of the Delivery Groups or machines.
- **IP Address or IP Range**. Creates a list of IP addresses or ranges of IP addresses to which the action of the rule applies. On the **Select IP Address and IP Range** screen, add a valid IP address or IP range for which recording is enabled or disabled. The IP addresses mentioned here are the IP addresses of the Citrix Workspace apps.

Note:

The Session Recording Policy Console supports configuring multiple criteria within a single rule. When a rule applies, both the "AND" and the "OR" logical operators are used to compute the final action. Generally speaking, the "OR" operator is used between items within a criterion, and the "AND" operator is used between separate criteria. If the result is true, the Session Recording policy engine takes the rule's action. Otherwise, it goes to the next rule and repeats the process.

When you create more than one rule in a recording policy, some sessions might match the criteria for more than one rule. In these cases, the rule with the highest priority is applied to the sessions.

The recording action of a rule determines its priority:

- Rules with the **Do not record** action have the highest priority
- Rules with the **Record with notification** action have the next highest priority
- Rules with the Record without notification action have the lowest priority

Some sessions might not meet any rule criteria in a recording policy. For these sessions, the action of the policy fallback rule applies. The action of the fallback rule is always **Do not record**. You cannot modify or delete the fallback rule.

To create a custom recording policy:

- 1. Log on as an authorized Policy Administrator to the server where the Session Recording Policy Console is installed.
- 2. Start the Session Recording Policy Console and select **Recording Policies** in the left pane. From the menu bar, choose **Add New Policy**.
- 3. Right-click the **New policy** and select **Add Rule**.
- 4. Select a recording option In the **Rules** wizard, select **Disable session recording**, **Enable Session Recording with notification** (or **without notification**), and then click **Next**.
- 5. Select the rule criteria You can choose one or more rule criteria:

Users or Groups Published Applications or Desktop Delivery Groups or Machines IP Address or IP Range

6. Edit the rule criteria - To edit, click the underlined values. The values are underlined based on the criteria you chose in the previous step.

Note:

If you choose the **Published Applications or Desktop** underlined value, the **Site Address** is the IP address, a URL, or a machine name if the Controller is on a local network. The **Name of Application** list shows the display name.

When choosing **Published Applications or Desktop** or **Delivery Groups or Machines**, specify the Delivery Controller for your Session Recording Policy Console to communicate with.

The Session Recording Policy Console is the only channel to communicate with Delivery Controllers from the Citrix Cloud and on-premises environments.

Step 2: Select the fulle criteria.		
Users or Groups		
Published Applications or Desktop		
Delivery Groups or Machines		
IP Address or IP Range		
Step 3: Edit the rule criteria.	have To off all the underlined or to	
selecting a rule criterion above activates the option	There. To earl, click the underlined value.	
Users / Groups: All Users		
Published Resources: <u>Select Published Application</u> Delivery Groups (Machines: Select Delivery Group	ns or Desktop	
IP Address / IP Range: All IP Addresses	ps or machines	
2		

For example, when choosing **Delivery Groups or Machines**, click the corresponding hyperlink in Step 3 of the preceding screenshot and click **Add** to add queries to the Controller.

Delivery Group or Machine Name	e Queries X
🖳 Create Query	×
Site Address:	Citrix Cloud Controller
Delivery Groups	O Machines
Enter a Delivery Group name	
Crea	te Cancel
Add Remove	
	Close

For a description of use cases that cover the on-premises and the Citrix Cloud Delivery Controllers, see the following table:

Use Case	Action Required
On-Premises Delivery Controller	 a) Install Broker_PowerShellSnapIn_x64.msi. 2. Clear the Citrix Cloud Controller check box.
Citrix Cloud Delivery Controller	a) Install the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops Remote PowerShell SDK. 2. Validate the Citrix Cloud account credentials. 3. Select the Citrix Cloud Controller check box.
Switch from an on-premises Delivery Controller to a Citrix Cloud Delivery Controller	a) Uninstall Broker_PowerShellSnapIn_x64.msi and restart the machine. 2. Install the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops Remote PowerShell SDK. 3. Validate the Citrix Cloud account credentials. 4. Select the Citrix Cloud Controller check box.

Use Case	Action Required
Switch from a Citrix Cloud Delivery Controller to an on-premises Delivery Controller	 a) Uninstall the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops Remote PowerShell SDK and restart the machine. 2. Install Broker_PowerShellSnapIn_x64.msi. 3. Clear the Citrix Cloud Controller check box.

Validating the Citrix Cloud credentials

To query Delivery Controllers hosted in the Citrix Cloud, manually validate your Citrix Cloud credentials on the machine where the Session Recording Policy Console is installed. Failure to comply can cause an error and your Session Recording Policy Console might not work as expected.

To do the manual validation:

a) Log on to the Citrix Cloud console and locate Identity and Access Management > API Access. Create an API access Secure Client for obtaining an authentication profile that can bypass the Citrix Cloud authentication prompts. Download your Secure Client, rename, and save it in a safe location. The file name is defaulted to secureclient.csv.

≡	Citrix Cloud			5	•	¢ ¹²	?	
4	Identity and Access Management							
	Authentication Administrators API Access Domains							
	To use this secure client in a silent o	Secure Clients are used to it connector install or to access any of Name your Secure Client	nteract with Citrix Cloud APIs. If our APIs, use the customer IC Create Client	• as the	customer	parameter.		
	Name↓							Actions
	secureclient	······	3:5	:01 PM Dec 3, 2018				Û

b) Open a PowerShell session and run the following command to have the authentication profile (obtained in the preceding step) take effect.

Set **CustomerId** and **SecureClientFile** as required. The preceding command creates a default authentication profile for the customer citrixdemo to bypass authentication

prompts in the current and all subsequent PowerShell sessions.

7. Follow the wizard to finish the configuration.

Note: Limitation regarding prelaunched application sessions:

- If the active policy tries to match an application name, the applications launched in the prelaunched session are not matched, which results in the session not being recorded.
- If the active policy records every application, when a user logs on to Citrix Workspace app for Windows (at the same time that a prelaunched session is established), a recording notification appears and the prelaunched (empty) session and any applications to be launched in that session going forward are recorded.

As a workaround, publish applications in separate Delivery Groups according to their recording policies. Do not use an application name as a recording condition. This ensures that prelaunched sessions can be recorded. However, notifications still appear.

Use Active Directory groups Session Recording allows you to use Active Directory groups when creating policies. Using Active Directory groups instead of individual users simplifies the creation and management of rules and policies. For example, if users in your company's finance department are contained in an Active Directory group named Finance, you can create a rule that applies to all members of this group by selecting the Finance group in the **Rules** wizard when creating the rule.

White list users You can create Session Recording policies ensuring that the sessions of some users in your organization are never recorded. This case is called *white listing* these users. White listing is useful for users who handle privacy-related information or when your organization does not want to record the sessions of a certain class of employees.

For example, if all managers in your company are members of an Active Directory group named Executive, you can ensure that sessions of these users are never recorded by creating a rule that disables session recording for the Executive group. While the policy containing this rule is active, no sessions of members of the Executive group are recorded. The sessions of other members of your organization are sessions recorded based on other rules in the active policy.

Configure Director to use the Session Recording Server

You can use the Director console to create and activate the recording policies.

1. For an HTTPS connection, install the certificate to trust the Session Recording Server in the Trusted Root Certificates of the Director server.

- 2. To configure the Director server to use the Session Recording Server, run the **C:\inetpub\wwwroot\Director**\/configsessionrecording command.
- 3. Type the IP address or FQDN of the Session Recording Server and the port number and connection type (HTTP/HTTPS) that the Session Recording Agent uses to connect to the Session Recording Broker on the Director server.

Event logging policies

Session Recording supports centralized configuration of event logging policies. You can create policies in the Session Recording Policy Console to log various events.

Note:

To log the insertion of USB mass storage devices and the application starts and ends, upgrade the Session Recording Administration components (Session Recording Database, Session Recording Server, and Session Recording Policy Console) and the Session Recording Agent to Version 1811 or later.

To log file operation events and web browsing activities, upgrade the Session Recording Administration components (Session Recording Database, Session Recording Server, and Session Recording Policy Console) and the Session Recording Agent to Version 1903 or later.

System-defined event logging policy

The system-defined event logging policy is **Do not log**. It is inactive by default. When it is active, no events are logged.

You cannot modify or delete the system-defined event logging policy.

Create a custom event logging policy

When you create your own event logging policy, you make rules to specify which users or groups, published applications or desktops, delivery groups or VDA machines, and Citrix Workspace app client IP addresses have specific events logged during session recording. A wizard within the Session Recording Policy Console helps you create rules. To obtain the list of published applications or desktops and the list of delivery groups or VDA machines, you must have the read permission as a Site administrator. Configure the administrator read permission on the Delivery Controller of the Site.

To create a custom event logging policy:

1. Log on as an authorized Policy Administrator to the server where the Session Recording Policy Console is installed.

Start the Session Recording Policy Console.
 By default, there is no active event logging policy.



- 3. Select **Event Logging Policies** in the left pane. From the menu bar, choose **Add New Policy** to create an event logging policy.
- 4. (Optional) Right-click the new event logging policy and rename it.

🖳 Citrix Session Recording Policy Cor	isole				
File Action View Help					
🗢 🔿 🙍 🖬 🙆 🖬					
Session Recording Policy Console Custom Recording Policy Custom Recording Policy Custom Record Policy Custom Record everyone with notif Record everyone without n File Event Logging Policies Copy Policies New event logging policy Add Rule Activate Copy Pol Delete Pol View Rename Refresh Help	Rule Name System defined rule Policy icy icy >	Description	Action Logs no events		

- 5. Right-click the new event logging policy and select Add Rule.
 - a) Specify one or more target events to monitor by selecting the check box next to each event type.

Eugano civolita	
🖳 Rules Wizard	×
Step <u>1</u> : Select one or more of the following options to specify whether to log the related events.	
Log CDM mapped USB events	
Log generic redirected USB events	
Log app <u>s</u> tart events	
Log app end events	
App monitoring list:	
Type the process names of target apps. Separate the names with a semicolon (;).	
Log sensitive file events	
File monitoring list:	
Type the absolute paths of target files. Separate the paths with a semicolon (;).	
Log web browsing activities	
Log top-most window activities	
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext >	Cancel

- Log CDM mapped USB events: Logs the insertion of a Client Drive Mapping (CDM) mapped mass storage device in a client device where Citrix Workspace app for Windows or for Mac is installed, and tags the event in the recording.
- Log generic redirected USB events: Logs the insertion of a generic redirected mass storage device in a client device where Citrix Workspace app for Windows or for Mac is installed, and tags the event in the recording.
- Log app start events: Logs the starts of target applications and tags the event in the recording.
- Log app end events: Logs the ends of target applications and tags the event in the recording.

Note:

Session Recording cannot log the end of an application without logging its start. Therefore, in the Rules wizard, the **Log app end events** check box is grayed out before you select **Log app start events**.

• App monitoring list: When you select Log app start events and Log app end events, use the App monitoring list to specify target applications to monitor and to avoid an

excessive number of events from flooding the recordings. No application is specified by default, which means no application is captured by default.

Note:

- To capture the start and end of an application, add the process name of the application in the **App monitoring list**. For example, to capture the start of Remote Desktop Connection, add the process name mstsc.exe in the **App monitoring list**. When you add a process to the **App monitoring list**, applications driven by the added process and its child processes are all monitored.
- Separate process names with a semicolon (;).
- Only exact match is supported. Wildcards are not supported.
- Process names you add are case-insensitive.
- To avoid an excessive number of events from flooding the recordings, do not add any system process names (for example, explorer.exe) and web browsers in the registry.
- Log sensitive file events: Logs the operations on target files in the recording.

• File monitoring list: When you select Log sensitive file events, use the File monitoring list to specify target files to monitor. You can specify folders to capture all files within them. No file is specified by default, which means no file is captured by default.

Note:

- To capture renaming, creation, deletion, or moving operations on a file, add the path string of the file folder (not the file name or the root path of the file folder) in the **File monitoring list**. For example, to capture renaming, creation, deletion, and moving operations on the sharing.ppt file in C:\ User\File, add the path string C:\User\File in the **File monitoring** list.
- Both local file paths and remote shared folder paths are supported. For example, to capture operations on the RemoteDocument.txt file in the \\remote.address\Documents folder, add the path string \\remote.address \Documents in the File monitoring list.
- Separate monitored paths with a semicolon (;).
- Only exact matches are supported. Wildcards are not supported.
- Path strings are case-insensitive.

Limitations:

 Copying files or folders from a monitored folder to an unmonitored folder cannot be captured.

- When the length of a file or folder path including the file or folder name exceeds the maximum length (260 characters), operations on the file or folder cannot be captured.
- Pay attention to the database size. To prevent large numbers of events from being captured, back up or delete the "Event" table regularly.
- When large numbers of events are captured at time intervals, the Player displays and the database stores only one event item for each event type to avoid storage expansion.
- Log web browsing activities: Logs user activities on supported browsers and tags the browser name, URL, and page title in the recording.

Events and Bookmarks 5:42:32 AM Web browsing: https://www.google.com, Google - Google Chrome, chrome

List of supported browsers:

Browser	Version
Chrome	69 and later
Internet Explorer	11
Firefox	61 and later

• Log top-most window activities: Logs top-most window activities and tags the process name, title, and process number in the recording.

Events and I	Bookmarks	>
😑 1:56:08 AM	Top-most window: EXCEL, Book2, 6880	
🕒 1:56:22 AM	Top-most window: explorer, CITRIXINSTALLATIONLOGS, 7212	
🔁 1:56:36 AM	Top-most window: Taskmgr, CdfSvc.exe, 9276	
🔁 1:56:39 AM	Top-most window: explorer, Application.evtx, 7212	
😑 1:56:55 AM	Top-most window: notepad++, , 4940	
🔁 1:56:59 AM	Top-most window: explorer, Desktop, 7212	
🕒 1:57:08 AM	Top-most window: WINWORD, Bjsjjjsbb j.docx, 8896	
🕒 1:57:13 AM	Top-most window: notepad++, , 4940	
🕒 1:57:20 AM	Top-most window: Taskmgr, CdfSvc.exe, 9276	
🕒 1:57:34 AM	Top-most window: Taskmgr, Citrix.Authentication.VirtualSmartcard.exe, 9276	
🕒 1:57:51 AM	Top-most window: regedit, FileOperationMonitorList, 6584	
🔁 1:58:04 AM	Top-most window: notepad++, shi, 4940	
🕒 1:58:25 AM	Top-most window: explorer, Task Switcher, 7212	
🔾 1:58:26 AM	Top-most window: EXCEL, Grid, 6880	

b) Select and edit the rule criteria.

Similar to creating a custom recording policy, you can choose one or more rule criteria: Users or Groups, Published Applications or Desktop, Delivery Groups or Machines, and IP Address or IP Range. For more information, see the instructions in the Create a custom recording policy section.

Note:

Some sessions might not meet any rule criteria in an event logging policy. For these sessions, the event logging action of the fallback rule applies, which is always **Do not log**. You cannot modify or delete the fallback rule.

c) Follow the wizard to complete the configuration.

Specify a nam	e for this rule:						
rule1						 	
Provide a desc	ription for this ru	e:					
Specific user rule	filter						
Z Enable this rul	-						
Cummony (oliok	Pook to odit):						
Continue selected:	Dack to edit).						
og &CDM mappe	d USB events						
Rule criteria:	a cob eventa						
Users / Groups	Published Resource	e De	livery Groups /	Machines	IP Address / IP Bange		
					n / aarooo / n marige		
Namo	Loosti		interly encoper				
Name	Locatio	n spc.1					
Name 👶 user	Locati JZUAI	on •SRS-1					
Name 🔒 user	Locatii JZUAI	on •SRS-1					
Name 👶 user	Locati JZUAI	on •SRS-1					
Name 👌 user	Locati JZUAI	on •SRS-1					
Name	Locati JZUAI	on •SRS-1					
Name 🍪 user	Locati JZUAI	on •SRS-1			·		
Name 👶 user	Locati JZUAI	on -SRS-1					
Name 👶 user	Locati JZUAI	on -SRS-1					
Name 👶 user	Locati JZUAI	SRS-1					

Compatibility with registry configurations

When Session Recording is newly installed or upgraded, no active event logging policy is available by default. At this time, each Session Recording Agent respects the registry values under HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\SessionEvents to determine whether to log specific events. For a description of the registry values, see the following table:

Registry Value	Description
EnableSessionEvents	1 : enables event logging globally; 0 : disables event logging globally (default value data).
EnableCDMUSBDriveEvents	1 : enables logging the insertion of CDM mapped USB mass storage devices; 0 : disables logging the insertion of CDM mapped USB mass storage devices (default value data).
EnableGenericUSBDriveEvents	 enables logging the insertion of generic redirected USB mass storage devices; disables logging the insertion of generic redirected USB mass storage devices (default value data).
EnableAppLaunchEvents	 enables logging only application starts; enables logging both application starts and ends; disables logging application starts and ends (default value data).
AppMonitorList	Specifies target applications to monitor. No application is specified by default, which means no application is captured by default.
EnableFileOperationMonitorEvents	 enables logging file operations; disables logging file operations (default value data).
FileOperationMonitorList	Specifies target folders to monitor. No folder is specified by default, which means no file operation is captured by default.
EnableWebBrowsingActivities	 enables logging web browsing activities; disables logging web browsing activities (default value data).

Here are some compatible scenarios:

- Session Recording 1912 is newly installed or upgraded from a previous release (earlier than 1811) that does not support event logging, the related registry values on each Session Recording Agent are the default. Because there is no active event logging policy by default, no events are logged.
- If Session Recording 1912 is upgraded from a previous release (earlier than 1811) that supports event logging but has the feature disabled before your upgrade, the related registry values on each Session Recording Agent remain the default. Because there is no active event logging policy by default, no events are logged.

- If Session Recording 1912 is upgraded from a previous release (earlier than 1811) that supports event logging and has the feature partially or fully enabled before your upgrade, the related registry values on each Session Recording Agent remain the same. Because there is no active event logging policy by default, the event logging behavior remains the same.
- If Session Recording 1912 is upgraded from 1811, the event logging policies configured in the Policy Console remain in use.

Caution:

When you activate the system-defined or a custom event logging policy in the Session Recording Policy Console, the relevant registry settings on each Session Recording Agent are ignored and you cannot use registry settings for event logging any longer.

Recording viewing policies

The Session Recording Player supports role-based access control. You can create recording viewing policies in the Session Recording Policy Console and add multiple rules to each policy. Each rule determines which user or user group can view the recordings originating from other users and user groups, published applications and desktops, and delivery groups and VDAs you specify.

Create a custom recording viewing policy

Before you can create recording viewing policies, enable the feature as follows:

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the RBAC tab.
- 4. Select the Allow to configure recording viewing policies check box.



To create a custom recording viewing policy:

Note: Different from recording policies and event logging policies, a recording viewing policy (including all rules added within) is active immediately when it is created. You do not have to activate it.

- 1. Log on as an authorized Policy Administrator to the server where the Session Recording Policy Console is installed.
- 2. Start the Session Recording Policy Console. By default, there is no recording viewing policy.



Note: The **Recording Viewing Policies** menu is not available unless you have enabled the feature in **Session Recording Server Properties**.

3. Select **Recording Viewing Policies** in the left pane. From the menu bar, choose **Add New Policy** to create a recording viewing policy.

🖳 Session Recording Policy Console	Policy Name
✓ Policies	
😼 Do not record	
📃 Record everyone with notif	
Record everyone without n	
> 쨜 Event Logging Policies	
🔁 Recording Viewing Policies	
Add <u>N</u> ew Policy	
All Tas <u>k</u> s	>
⊻iew	>
Re <u>f</u> resh	
<u>H</u> elp	

4. (Optional) Right-click the new policy and rename it.

Session Reco Secondaria Son Do n Reco Reco Reco Secondaria Secondari Secondari Secondari Secondari	ording Policy Console ng Policies ot record policy rd everyone with notif rd everyone without n gging Policies ng Viewing Policies	Rule Name	Туре
	Add rule		
	Delete Policy		
	All Tasks	>	
	View	>	
	Rename		
	Refresh		
	Help		

- 5. Right-click the new policy and select **Add rule**.
 - a) Specify which user or user group can view the recordings originating from other users and user groups you specify.

🕎 Rules Wizard	×
Selected user or user group who can view recordings	
	Add
Selected users and user groups whose recordings can be viewed	
	Add
	Remove
	Remove All
< Back Next >	Cancel

Note:

In each rule, you can select only one user or user group as the recording viewer. If you select multiple users or user groups, only your most recent selection takes effect and appears in the text box.

When you specify a recording viewer, ensure that you have assigned the viewer to the Player role. A user without the permission to play recorded sessions receives an error message when trying to play a recorded session. For more information, see Authorize users.

- b) Select and edit the rule criteria to specify whose recordings can be viewed by the viewer specified earlier:
 - Users or Groups
 - Published Applications or Desktop
 - Delivery Groups or Machines

Session Recording 1912 LTSR

Rules Wizard		
Step 2: Select the rule criteria.		
Users or Groups		
Published Applications or Desktop		
Delivery Groups or Machines		
Step 3: Edit the rule criteria		
Users / Groups: All Users Published Resources: All Applications and Desktop Delivery Groups / Machines: All Delivery Groups and Machines		

Note: If you leave the rule criteria unspecified, the viewer specified earlier has no recordings to view.

c) Follow the wizard to complete the configuration.

🖳 Rules Wizar	d					×
Complete the r	ule setup.					
Recording view	wer:					
SHNKG \administ	irator					
Rule criteria:						
Users / Groups	Published Resources	Delivery Groups / Machine	s			
Name	Location					
👌 administrator	r SHNKG					
			< Back	Next >	Finish	Cancel

Activate a policy

- 1. Log on as an administrator to the machine where you installed the Session Recording Policy Console.
- 2. Start the Session Recording Policy Console.
- 3. If the **Connect to Session Recording Server** window appears, ensure that the name of the Session Recording Server, protocol, and port are correct. Click **OK**.
- 4. In the Session Recording Policy Console, expand **Recording Policies** or **Event Logging Policies** as required.
- 5. Select the policy to activate.
- 6. From the menu bar, choose **Activate Policy**.

Modify a policy

1. Log on as an administrator to the machine where you installed the Session Recording Policy Console.

- 2. Start the Session Recording Policy Console.
- 3. If the **Connect to Session Recording Server** window appears, ensure that the name of the Session Recording Server, protocol, and port are correct. Click **OK**.
- 4. In the Session Recording Policy Console, expand **Recording Policies** or **Event Logging Policies** as required.
- 5. Select the policy you want to modify. The rules for the policy appear in the right pane.
- 6. To add, modify, or delete a rule:
 - From the menu bar, choose **Add New Rule**. If the policy is active, a pop-up window appears requesting confirmation of the action. Use the **Rules** wizard to create a rule.
 - Select the rule you want to modify, right-click, and choose **Properties**. Use the **Rules** wizard to modify the rule.
 - Select the rule you want to delete, right-click, and choose **Delete Rule**.

Delete a policy

Note:

You cannot delete a system-defined policy or a policy that is active.

- 1. Log on as an administrator to the machine where you installed the Session Recording Policy Console.
- 2. Start the Session Recording Policy Console.
- 3. If the **Connect to Session Recording Server** window appears, ensure that the name of the Session Recording Server, protocol, and port are correct. Click **OK**.
- 4. In the Session Recording Policy Console, expand **Recording Policies** or **Event Logging Policies** as required.
- 5. In the left pane, select the policy to delete. If the policy is active, you must activate another policy.
- 6. From the menu bar, choose **Delete Policy**.
- 7. Select **Yes** to confirm the action.

Understand rollover behavior

When you activate a policy, the previously active policy remains in effect until the session being recorded ends or the session recording file rolls over. Files roll over when they have reached the maximum size. For more information about the maximum file size for recordings, see Specify file size for recordings.

The following table details what happens when you apply a new recording policy while a session is being recorded and a rollover occurs:

If the previous recording policy		After a rollover, the recording
was	And the new recording policy is	policy will be
Do not record	Any other policy	No change. The new policy takes effect only when the user logs on to a new session.
Record without notification	Do not record	Recording stops.
Record without notification	Record with notification	Recording continues and a notification message appears.
Record with notification	Do not record	Recording stops.
Record with notification	Record without notification	Recording continues. No message appears the next time a user logs on.

Specify where recordings are stored

April 3, 2023

Use Session Recording Server Properties to specify where recordings are stored and where archived recordings are restored for playback.

Note:

To archive files or restore deleted files, use the ICLDB command.

Specify directories for storing recordings

By default, recordings are stored in the drive: **SessionRecordings** directory of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server. You can change the directory where the recordings are stored, add extra directories to load-balance across multiple volumes, or make use of more space. Multiple directories in the list indicate that recordings are load-balanced across the directories. You can add a directory multiple times. Load balancing cycles through the directories.

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the Storage tab.
- 4. Use the **File storage directories** list to manage the directories where recordings are stored.

After you select the directories, Session Recording grants its service with Full Control permission to these directories.

You can create file storage directories on the local drive, the SAN volume, or a location specified by a UNC network path.

Note:

- Storing data on a NAS, based on file-based protocols such as SMB and NFS, might have performance and security implications. Use the latest version of the protocol in place to avoid security implications and perform scale testing to ensure proper performance.
- To archive files or restore deleted files, use the ICLDB command.

Specify a directory for restoring archived recordings for playback

By default, archived recordings are restored in the drive:**SessionRecordingsRestore** directory of the computer hosting the Session Recording Server. You can change the directory.

- 1. Log on to the computer hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the Storage tab.
- 4. In the **Restore directory for archived files** field, type your directory for restoring archived recordings.

Specify file size for recordings

June 19, 2020

As recordings grow in size, the files can take longer to download and react more slowly when you use the seek slider to navigate during playback. To control file size, specify a threshold limit for a file. When the recording reaches this limit, Session Recording closes the file and opens a new one to continue recording. This action is called a rollover.

You can specify two thresholds for a rollover:

- **File size.** When the file reaches the specified number of MB, Session Recording closes the file and opens a new one. By default, files roll over after reaching 50 MB. You can specify a limit from 10 MB to 1 GB.
- **Duration.** After the session records for the specified number of hours, the file is closed and a new file is opened. By default, files roll over after recording for 12 hours. You can specify a limit from one to 24 hours.

Session Recording checks both fields to determine which event occurs first to determine when to roll over. For example, if you specify 17MB for the file size and six hours for the duration and the recording reaches 17MB in three hours, Session Recording reacts to the 17MB file size to close the file and open a new one.

To prevent the creation of many small files, Session Recording does not roll over until at least one hour elapses (this value is the minimum number that you can type) regardless of the value specified for the file size. The exception to this rule is if the file size surpasses 1 GB.

Specify the maximum file size for recordings

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the Rollover tab.
- 4. Type an integer between 10 and 1,024 to specify the maximum file size in MB.
- 5. Type an integer between 1 and 24 to specify the maximum recording duration in hours.

Customize notification messages

March 20, 2024

If the active recording policy specifies that users are notified when their sessions are recorded, a notification message appears after the users type their credentials. The default notification message is **Your activity with the desktop or program(s) you recently started is being recorded.** If you object to this condition, close the desktop or program(s). The users can click **OK** to dismiss the window and continue their sessions.

The default notification message appears in the language of the operating system on the VDA.

You can create custom notifications in the languages you choose. However, you can have only one notification message for each language. Your users see notification messages in the languages of their preferred local settings.

Create a notification message

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the Notifications tab.
- 4. Click Add.

5. Choose the language for the message and type the new message. You can create only one message for each language.

After accepting and activating, the new message appears in the language-specific notification message box.

Enable or disable recording

June 19, 2020

You install the Session Recording Agent on multi-session OS VDAs for which you want to record sessions. Within each Agent is a setting that enables recording for the VDA on which it is installed. After recording is enabled, Session Recording evaluates the active recording policy that determines which sessions are recorded.

When you install the Session Recording Agent, recording is enabled. We recommend that you disable Session Recording on VDAs that are not recorded because they experience a small impact on performance, even if no recording takes place.

Enable or disable recording on a VDA

- 1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Agent is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Agent Properties.
- 3. Under Session Recording, select or clear the Enable session recording for this VDA machine check box to specify whether sessions can be recorded for this VDA.
- 4. When prompted, restart the Session Recording Agent Service to accept the change.

Note:

When you install Session Recording, the active policy is **Do not record** (no sessions are recorded on any server). To begin recording, use the Session Recording Policy Console to activate a different policy.

Enable custom event recording

Session Recording allows you to use third-party applications to insert custom data, known as events, to recorded sessions. These events appear when the session is viewed using the Session Recording Player. They are part of the recorded session file and cannot be modified after the session is recorded. For example, an event might contain the following text: "User opened a browser."Each time a user opens a browser during a session that is being recorded, the text is inserted to the recording at that point. When the session is played using the Session Recording Player, the viewer can locate and count the times that the user opened a browser by noting the number of markers that appear in the Events and Bookmarks list in the Session Recording Player.

To insert custom events to recordings on a server:

- Use **Session Recording Agent Properties** to enable a setting on each server where you want to insert custom events. Enable each server separately. You cannot globally enable all servers in a site.
- Write applications built on the Event API that runs within each user's Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops session (to inject the data into the recording).

The Session Recording installation includes an event recording COM application (API) that allows you to insert text from third-party applications to a recording. You can use the API from many programming languages including Visual Basic, C++, or C#. For more information, see the Knowledge Center article CTX226844. The Session Recording Event API.dll is installed as part of the Session Recording installation. You can find it at C:\Program Files\Citrix\SessionRecording\Agent\Bin\Interop.UserApi.dll.

To enable custom event recording on a server, do the following:

- 1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Agent is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Agent Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Agent Properties, click the Recording tab.
- 4. Under Custom event recording, select the Allow third party applications to record custom data on this server check box.

Enable or disable digital signing

January 17, 2021

If you install certificates on machines where you installed the Session Recording Server and the Session Recording Player, you can enhance the security of your deployment by assigning digital signatures to Session Recording.

By default, digital signing is disabled. After you select the certificate to sign the recordings, Session Recording grants the read permission to the Session Recording Storage Manager Service.

Enable digital signing

1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.

- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the Signing tab.
- 4. Browse to the certificate that enables secure communication among the machines where you installed the Session Recording components.

Disable digital signing

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the Signing tab.
- 4. Click Clear.

Administrator Logging

January 17, 2021

Session Recording Administrator Logging logs the following activities:

- Changes to recording policies and event logging policies on the Session Recording Policy Console or Citrix Director.
- Changes in Session Recording Server Properties.
- Downloads of recordings in the Session Recording Player.
- Recording a session by Session Recording after policy query.
- Unauthorized attempts to access the Administrator Logging service.

Warning:

Editing the registry incorrectly can cause serious problems that might require you to reinstall your operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from the incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk. Be sure to back up the registry before you edit it.

Disable or enable Administrator Logging

After installation, you can disable or enable the Session Recording Administrator Logging feature in **Session Recording Server Properties**.

- 1. As an administrator, log on to the machine where Session Recording Administrator Logging is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. Click the **Logging** tab.

When Session Recording Administrator Logging is disabled, no new activities are logged. You can query the existing logs from the web-based UI.

When **mandatory blocking** is enabled, the following activities are blocked if the logging fails. A system event is also logged with an Event ID 6001:

- Changes to recording policies on the Session Recording Policy Console or Citrix Director.
- Changes in Session Recording Server Properties.

The mandatory blocking setting does not impact the recording of sessions.

Configure an Administrator Logging service account

By default, Administrator Logging is running as a web application in Internet Information Services (IIS), and its identity is Network Service. To enhance the security level, you can change the identity of this web application to a service account or a specific domain account.

- 1. As an administrator, log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. In IIS Manager, click **Application Pools.**
- 3. In Application Pools, right-click SessionRecordingLoggingAppPool and choose Advanced Settings.
- 4. Change the attribute **identity** to the specific account that you want to use.
- 5. Grant the **db_owner** permission to the account for the database **CitrixSessionRecordingLogging** on the Microsoft SQL Server.
- 6. Grant the read permission to the account for the registry key at HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix

Disable or enable the recording action logging

By default, Administrator Logging logs every recording action after the policy query completes. This case might generate a large amount of loggings. To improve the performance and save the storage, disable this kind of logging in Registry.

- 1. As an administrator, log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. Open the Registry Editor.
- 3. Browse to **HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Server**.

- 4. Set the value of **EnableRecordingActionLogging** to:
 - 0: disable the recording action logging
 - 1: enable the recording action logging

Query the Administrator Logging data

Session Recording provides a web-based UI to query all Administrator Logging data.

On the computer hosting the Session Recording Server:

- 1. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Administrator Logging.
- 2. Type the credentials of a **LoggingReader** user.

On other computers:

- 1. Open a web browser and visit the webpage for Administrator Logging.
 - For HTTPS: https://servername/SessionRecordingLoggingWebApplication /, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
 - For HTTP: http://servername/SessionRecordingLoggingWebApplication /, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. Type the credentials of a **LoggingReader** user.

Database high availability

January 17, 2021

Session Recording supports the following solutions for database high availability based on the Microsoft SQL Server. Databases can automatically fail over when the hardware or software of a principal or primary SQL Server fails, which ensures that Session Recording continues to work as expected.

• Always On availability groups

The Always On availability groups feature is a high availability and disaster-recovery solution that provides an enterprise-level alternative to database mirroring. Introduced in SQL Server 2012, the Always On availability groups solution maximizes the availability of a set of user databases for an enterprise. It requires that the SQL Server instances reside on the Windows Server Failover Clustering (WSFC) nodes. For more information, see Always On availability groups: a high-availability and disaster-recovery solution.

• SQL Server clustering

The Microsoft SQL clustering technology allows one server to automatically take over the tasks and responsibilities of the server that has failed. However, setting up this solution is complicated and the automatic failover is typically slower than alternatives such as SQL Server database mirroring. For more information, see Always On Failover Cluster Instances (SQL Server).

• SQL Server database mirroring

Database mirroring ensures that an automatic failover occurs in seconds if the active database server fails. This solution is more expensive than the other two solutions because full SQL Server licenses are required on each database server. You cannot use the SQL Server Express edition in a mirrored environment. For more information, see Database Mirroring (SQL Server).

Methods for configuring Session Recording with database high availability

To configure Session Recording with database high availability, do either of the following:

• Install the Session Recording Server components first and then configure database high availability for the created databases.

You can install the Session Recording Administration components with databases configured to be installed on the prepared SQL Server instance. Then, configure database high availability for the created databases.

- For Always On availability groups and clustering, you must manually change the SQL Server instance name to the name of the availability group listener or SQL Server network in HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Server\SmAudDatabaseInstance.
- For database mirroring, you must manually add the failover partners for databases in HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Server\DatabaseFailoverPartner and HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Server\LoggingDatabaseFailoverPartner
- Configure database high availability for empty databases first and then install the Session Recording Administration components.

You can create two empty databases as the Session Recording Database and the Administrator Logging Database in the expected primary SQL Server instance and configure high availability. Then enter the SQL Server instance name when installing the Session Recording Server components:

- To use the Always On availability groups solution, enter the name of your availability group listener.
- To use the database mirroring solution, enter the name of your principal SQL Server.
- To use the clustering solution, enter the network name of your SQL Server.

Load balancing

January 20, 2021

Session Recording supports load balancing across Session Recording Servers. To use this feature, configure load balancing on Citrix ADC so that Session Recording Servers can achieve load balancing and automatic failover.

An enhancement has been achieved that some load balancing configurations can be synchronized among all Session Recording Servers.

Note:

This feature requires Version 7.16 or later of the Session Recording Server and Session Recording Agent.

Changes to Session Recording in support of load balancing:

- All Session Recording Servers share one folder to store recording files.
- All Session Recording Servers share one Session Recording Database.
- (Recommended) Install only one Session Recording Policy Console and all Session Recording Servers share this Console.

Configure load balancing

To use this feature, perform the following steps on Citrix ADC and on the various Session Recording components:

Configure load balancing (Citrix ADC part)

Configure load balancing servers Add the Session Recording Servers to the load balancing servers in Citrix ADC.

Configure load balancing services

- 1. Add a load balancing service for each needed protocol on each Session Recording Server.
- 2. (Recommended) Select the relevant protocol monitor to bind each service monitor.

Configure load balancing virtual servers

1. Create virtual servers with the same Citrix ADC VIP address based on the needed protocols and bind the virtual servers to the relevant load balancing services.
- 2. Configure persistence on each virtual server.
- 3. (Recommended) Choose LEASTBANDWITH or LEASTPACKETS as the load balancing method rather than the default method (LEASTCONNECTION).
- 4. Create a certificate to make the HTTPS virtual server UP.

Configure load balancing (Session Recording part)

On each server where you installed the Session Recording Server, do the following

- 1. (Recommended) Type the same Session Recording Database name during the Session Recording Server installation.
- 2. If you choose the Administrator Logging feature, Citrix recommends that you type the same Administrator Logging Database name when you install each Session Recording Server.
- 3. After sharing the Read/Write permission of the file storage folder with all Session Recording Server machine accounts, change to use the file storage folder as the shared folder in Session Recording Server Properties. For more information, see Specify where recordings are restored.
- Add a value to the Session Recording Server registry key at HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\Smart/ Value name: EnableLB

Value data: 1 (DWORD, meaning enable)

 If you choose the HTTP or the HTTPS protocol for the Session Recording Storage Manager message queue, create a host record for the Citrix ADC VIP address, add redirections in C:\Windows\System32\msmq\Mapping\sample_map, and restart the Message Queuing service.

The redirection is similar to:

```
<redirections xmlns="msmq-queue-redirections.xml">
1
2
           <redirection>
3
                        <from>http://<ADCHost>*/msmq/private$/
                           CitrixSmAudData</from>
4
                        <to>http://<LocalFqdn>/msmq/private$/
                           CitrixSmAudData</to>
5
           </redirection>
           <redirection>
6
7
                        <from>https://<ADCHost>*/msmq/private$/
                           CitrixSmAudData</from>
8
                        <to>https://<LocalFqdn>/msmq/private$/
                           CitrixSmAudData</to>
           </redirection>
9
10 </redirections>
11 <!--NeedCopy-->
```

Where **<ADCHost>** is the created FQDN of the Citrix ADC VIP address, and **<LocalFqdn>** is the FQDN of the local host.

6. (Recommended) After configuring one Session Recording Server registry, you can use the following script to export configurations from this Server registry and import the registry to the other Session Recording Server registries. You can also use the script to add redirection mapping for message queuing.

```
# Copyright (c) Citrix Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.
1
2
   <#
3
          .SYNOPSIS
4
          This script is used to sync configurations between Session
       Recording Servers for load balancing deployment.
6
7
           .DESCRIPTION
8
9
       Will do below kinds of actions:
       1. Export values from the registry key: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\
11
       SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Server to SrServerConfig.reg;
12
13
       2. Import from SrServerConfig.reg and overwrite values in
       registry key: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\
       Server;
14
15
       3. Add redirection mapping sr_lb_map.xml in %windir%\System32\
       msmq\mapping\;
16
          3.1 sr_lb_map.xml will consist redirection rule for both
17
       http and https, and not port specific.
18
19
          .PARAMETER Action
20
          Export - to export the registry configurations of Session
       Recording Server to a registry file
22
23
          Import - to import the registry configurations of Session
        Recording Server from a registry file
24
25
          AddRedirection - to add HTTP/HTTPS redirection for MSMQ
27
           .PARAMETER ADCHost
29
          The host name or FQDN of Citrix ADC.
31
       .OUTPUTS
       Exported configuration file (SrServerConfig.reg) or backup
       configuration file (SrServerConfig.reg.bk)
34
          .EXAMPLE
37
          SrServerConfigurationSync.ps1 -Action Export
```

```
.EXAMPLE
40
         SrServerConfigurationSync.ps1 -Action Import
41
42
         .EXAMPLE
43
44
      SrServerConfigurationSync.ps1 -Action AddRedirection -ADCHost
45
      netscaler.xd.local
46
          .EXAMPLE
47
48
      SrServerConfigurationSync.ps1 -Action Import,AddRedirection -
49
      ADCHost netscaler.xd.local
50
         .EXAMPLE
51
52
53
      SrServerConfigurationSync.ps1 -Action Import,Export,
      AddRedirection -ADCHost netscaler.xd.local
54
55 #>
57 #######################
59 # Parameters section #
62
63 Param(
64
         [Parameter(Mandatory = $true)]
         [ValidateSet("Export", "Import", "AddRedirection")]
67
69
         [string[]] $Action,
70
         [Parameter(Mandatory = $false)]
71
72
         [string] $ADCHost
73
74
75
  )
77
  78
79
  # Default variables section #
81
  82
83 $SR_SERVER_REG_PATH = "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\
      SmartAuditor\Server"
84
85 $REG_FILE_PATH
                       = "SrServerConfig.reg"
87 $REG_BACKUP_FILE_PATH = "SrServerConfig.reg.bk"
```

```
88
89 $TEMP_REDIRECT_XML
                          = "sr_lb_map.xml"
90
91 $REDIRECT_XML_PATH
                          = "$env:windir\System32\msmq\mapping"
92
94
95 Try
96
97 {
99
           If ($Action -Contains "export") {
102
                  Write-Host "Exporting current Session Recording
       Server Configuration to registry file: $REG_FILE_PATH .... -
       ForegroundColor Green
104
                  & REG EXPORT $SR_SERVER_REG_PATH $REG_FILE_PATH /Y
105
106
                  Write-Host "Finish exporting." -ForegroundColor
107
       Green
108
109
            }
110
111
           If ($Action -Contains "import")
112
113
           {
114
115
                  If (!(Test-Path $REG_FILE_PATH))
117
118
119
                  {
120
121
                         Write-Host "No $REG_FILE_PATH founded.
122
       Aborted." -ForegroundColor Yellow
123
                         Exit 0
124
125
126
                   }
127
128
129
                  # Back up previous registry key
                  Write-Host "Backing up Session Recording Server
       Configuration to Registry file: $REG_BACKUP_FILE_PATH .... -
       ForegroundColor Green
                  & REG EXPORT $SR_SERVER_REG_PATH
133
       $REG_BACKUP_FILE_PATH /Y
```

134		
135	Configurat Foreground	Write-Host "Importing Session Recording Server ion from Registry file: \$REG_FILE_PATH" - Color Green
136		
137		& REG IMPORT \$REG_FILE_PATH 2>\$null
138		
139		Write-Host "Finish importing." -ForegroundColor
	Green	
140		
141	}	
142		
143		
144	If (\$A	ction -Contains "addredirection")
145		
146	{	
147		
148		
149		# Check if Citrix ADC host is given: If not. exit
	normally w	ith warning.
150	normately n	
151		Tf(([String]: TcNu]]OrEmpty(\$AD(Host)))
152		
152		ſ
153		1
154		
155		
156	specified.	Write-Host "No Citrix ADC host name is Finish adding redirection." -ForegroundColor Yellow
157		
158		Exit O
159		
160		}
161		
162		
163		<pre>If (!(Test-Path \$TEMP_REDIRECT_XML))</pre>
164		
165		ł
166		
167		
168		New-Item STEMP REDIRECT XML -Type file
169		New reem often _Rebirded_AME Type Tree
170		1
171		ſ
172		
172		CoveTufe - Cet Whithight Class Win22 ComputerSystem
174		<pre>>>ysinio = Get-wmiobject -Class win32_computerSystem</pre>
174		
175		<pre>\$LocalFqdn = "\$(\$SysInto.Name).\$(\$SysInto.Domain)"</pre>
176		
177		<pre>\$RedirectXmlContent =</pre>
178		
179	@"	
180		
181	<redirections< td=""><td><pre>xmlns="msmq-queue-redirections.xml"></pre></td></redirections<>	<pre>xmlns="msmq-queue-redirections.xml"></pre>

182	-	
183	<redirection></redirection>	
184		
185	<pre><from>http://\$ADCHost*/msmg/private</from></pre>	\$/CitrixSmAudData
105	//from	
100		
186		
187	<pre><to>http://\$LocalFqdn/msmq/private\$</to></pre>	/CitrixSmAudData
188		
189		
100		
101		
191	<rearrection></rearrection>	
192) -	
193	<pre><from>https://\$ADCHost*/msmq/privat</from></pre>	e\$/
	CitrixSmAudData	
194		
105	<pre><to>bttps://\$LocalEadp/msmg/private</to></pre>	¢/CitrixSmAudData
133		
100	×/ LO2	
196		
197	<pre>/redirection></pre>	
198	}	
199		
200		
200	"0	
201		
202		
203	# Don't take care of encoding	
204		
205	<pre>\$RedirectXmlContent Out-File -Fil</pre>	ePath
	STEMP REDIRECT XML	
206	* · - · · · ⁻ · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
200	Write Heat "Conving STEMP DEDIDECT"	VML to
207	Write-nost "copying stemp_redirect_	AME CO
	<pre>\$REDIRECT_XML_PATH" -ForegroundColor Green</pre>	
208		
209	Copy-Item \$TEMP_REDIRECT_XML -Desti	nation
	\$REDIRECT_XML_PATH	
210	· <u> </u>	
211	Write-Host "Restarting MSMO sorvice	
211	EncorroundColor Groon	
0.10	roregroundcotor Green	
212		
213	Restart-Service msmq -Force	
214		
215	Write-Host "Finish adding HTTP/HTTP	S Redirection for
	MSMO." -ForegroundColor Green	
216		
210		
	}	
218		
219		
220	Exit 0	
221		
222	3	
222		
223		
224		
225	Catch	

```
226
227 {
228
229
230
            Write-Host "$_.Exception.Message" -ForegroundColor Red
231
            Exit 1
234
     }
237 Finally
238
239
    {
240
241
242
            # Nothing to do
243
    }
244
245
246
247 <!--NeedCopy-->
```

6a. Save the preceding sample code as a PowerShell script, for example, SrServerConfigurationSync.ps1.

6b. On one Session Recording Server, after configuring the **EnableLB** registry value, start a command prompt as an administrator and run the **powershell.exe** -file SrServerConfigurationSync.ps1 – Action Export,AddRedirection –ADCHost <ADCHost> command, where <ADCHost> is the created FQDN of the Citrix ADC VIP address.

6c. After the script runs, an exported registry file named SrServerConfig.reg is generated and an **sr_lb_map.xml** file is added to the C:\Windows\System32\msmq\Mapping path.

6d. On other Session Recording Servers, copy SrServerConfig.reg generated in the preceding step, start a command prompt as an administrator, and run the **powershell.exe** -file SrServerConfigurationSync.ps1–Action Import,AddRedirection–ADCHost <ADCHost> command, where <ADCHost> is the created FQDN of the Citrix ADC VIP address.

6e. After the script runs, the **EnableLB** value is added to the other Session Recording Server registry keys and an **sr_lb_map.xml** file is added to the C:\Windows\System32\msmq\Mapping path.

On the machine where you installed the Session Recording Agent, do the following in Session Recording Agent Properties

• If you choose the HTTP or the HTTPS protocol for the Session Recording Storage Manager message queue, type the FQDN of the Citrix ADC VIP address in the **Session Recording Server** text box. • If you choose the default TCP protocol for the Session Recording Storage Manager message queue, type the Citrix ADC VIP address in the **Session Recording Server** text box.

On the machine where you installed the Session Recording Player, do the following Add the Citrix ADC VIP address or its FQDN as the connected Session Recording Server.

On the SQL Server where you installed the Session Recording Database, do the following Add all the Session Recording Server machine accounts to the shared Session Recording Database and assign them with the **db_owner** permission.

Change your communication protocol

April 29, 2020

For security reasons, Citrix does not recommend using HTTP as a communication protocol. The Session Recording installation is configured to use HTTPS. To use HTTP instead of HTTPS, you must change several settings.

Use HTTP as the communication protocol

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server and disable secure connections for Session Recording Broker in IIS.
- 2. Change the protocol setting from HTTPS to HTTP in **Session Recording Agent Properties** on each server where the Session Recording Agent is installed:
 - a) Log on to each server where the Session Recording Agent is installed.
 - b) From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Agent Properties.
 - c) In Session Recording Agent Properties, choose the Connections tab.
 - d) In the **Session Recording Broker** area, select **HTTP** from the **Protocol** drop-down list and click **OK** to accept the change. If you are prompted to restart the service, click **Yes**.
- 3. Change the protocol setting from HTTPS to HTTP in the Session Recording Player settings:
 - a) Log on to each workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
 - b) From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
 - c) From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose Tools > Options > Connections, select the server, and choose Modify.
 - d) Select **HTTP** from the **Protocol** drop-down list and click **OK** twice to accept the change and exit the dialog box.

- 4. Change the protocol setting from HTTPS to HTTP in the Session Recording Policy Console:
 - a) Log on to the server where the Session Recording Policy Console is installed.
 - b) From the **Start** menu, choose **Session Recording Policy Console**.
 - c) Select **HTTP** from the **Protocol** drop-down list and click **OK** to connect. If the connection is successful, this setting is remembered the next time you start the Session Recording Policy Console.

Revert to HTTPS as the communication protocol

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server and enable secure connections for the Session Recording Broker in IIS.
- 2. Change the protocol setting from HTTP to HTTPS in **Session Recording Agent Properties** on each server where the Session Recording Agent is installed:
 - a) Log on to each server where the Session Recording Agent is installed.
 - b) From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Agent Properties.
 - c) In Session Recording Agent Properties, choose the Connections tab.
 - d) In the **Session Recording Broker** area, select **HTTPS** from the **Protocol** drop-down list and click **OK** to accept the change. If you are prompted to restart the service, click **Yes**.
- 3. Change the protocol setting from HTTP to HTTPS in the Session Recording Player settings:
 - a) Log on to each workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
 - b) From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
 - c) From the **Session Recording Player** menu bar, choose **Tools** > **Options** > **Connections**, select the server, and choose **Modify**.
 - d) Select **HTTPS** from the **Protocol** drop-down list and click **OK** twice to accept the change and exit the dialog box.
- 4. Change the protocol setting from HTTP to HTTPS in the Session Recording Policy Console:
 - a) Log on to the server where the Session Recording Policy Console is installed.
 - b) From the **Start** menu, choose **Session Recording Policy Console**.
 - c) Select **HTTPS** from the **Protocol** drop-down list and click **OK** to connect. If the connection is successful, this setting is remembered the next time you start the Session Recording Policy Console.

Configure Citrix Customer Experience Improvement Program (CEIP)

March 21, 2024

When you participate in the Citrix Customer Experience Improvement Program (CEIP), anonymous configuration and usage data is collected and sent to Citrix to help improve the product quality and performance. In addition, a copy of the anonymous data is sent to Google Analytics (GA) for fast and efficient analysis.

Settings

CEIP setting

By default, you automatically participate in CEIP when you install Session Recording. The first upload of data occurs approximately seven days after you install Session Recording. To unsubscribe from CEIP, do the following:

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the CEIP tab.
- 4. Clear the Participate in the Customer Experience Improvement Program check box.
- 5. Restart the Citrix Session Recording Analytics Service to make the setting take effect.

🐴 Session Recordir	ng Server Properti	es	_		×
Storage Signing	Rollover Playbac	< Notifications	CEIP	Logging	RBAC
This option allow Experience Impro	This option allows you to make the product better by joining the Customer Experience Improvement Program. <u>Learn more</u>				
🗹 Participate in	the Customer Exp	erience Improver	ment Prog	gram.	
		OK	Cancel		Apply

GA setting

When GA is enabled, the heartbeat data between GA and the Session Recording Server is collected every 5 hours.

Registry setting that enables or disables GA (default = 0):

Location: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Server\

Name: CeipHeartBeatDisable

Value: 1 = disabled, 0 = enabled

When unspecified, GA is enabled.

To disable GA:

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. Open the **Registry Editor**.
- 3. Browse to HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Server\.

- 4. Add a registry value and name it **CeipHeartBeatDisable**.
- 5. Set the value data of **CeipHeartBeatDisable** to 1.
- 6. Restart the Citrix Session Recording Analytics Service to make the setting take effect.

Data collected from the Session Recording Server

The following table gives an example of the types of anonymous information collected. The data does not contain any details that identify you as a customer.

Data Point	Key Name	Description
Machine GUID	machine_guid	Identifying the machine where the data originates. When GA is enabled, the heartbeat data is sent to GA regardless of
Operating System version	OS_version	whether CEIP is enabled. Text string denoting the machine's operating system. When GA is enabled, the
Session Recording Server version	SRS_version	regardless of whether CEIP is enabled. Text string denoting the installed version of the Session Recording Server. When GA is enabled, the heartbeat data is sent to GA regardless of
Number of application recordings	application-recording-number	whether CEIP is enabled. Integer denoting the number of application recording files. The data is sent when both GA and CEIP are enabled
Number of recordings	recording-number	Integer denoting the number of both application and desktop recording files. The data is sent when both GA and CEIP are enabled.

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Data Point	Key Name	Description
Number of dynamic recordings	dynamic-recording-number	Integer denoting the number of dynamically recorded files. The data is sent when both GA and
Number of agents hosting recorded sessions	recorded-agent-number	CEIP are enabled. Integer denoting the number of VDAs hosting recorded sessions The data is sent when both GA
Number of agents hosting recorded sessions containing logged events	event-logging-enabled-agent- number	and CEIP are enabled. Integer denoting the number of VDAs hosting recorded sessions that contain logged events. The data is sent when both GA and
Number of recordings containing logged events	event-logging-recording- number	CEIP are enabled. Integer denoting the number of recording files that contain logged events. The data is sent when both GA and CEIP are
Administrator logging enablement	admin-logging-status	enabled. Digit indicating the enablement of administrator logging. "1" means enabled. "0"means disabled. The data is sent when
Number of logged events	collected-events-number	both GA and CEIP are enabled. Integer denoting the number of logged events. The data is sent when both GA and CEIP are
Number of custom policies	customized-policies-number	enabled. Integer denoting the number of custom session recording and event logging policies. The data is sent when both GA and
Load balancing enablement	load-balancing-status	CEIP are enabled. Digit indicating the enablement of load balancing. "1"means enabled. "0"means disabled. The data is sent when both GA and CEIP are enabled.

Data Point	Key Name	Description
Recording viewing policy enablement	rbac-status	Digit indicating the enablement of recording viewing policies. "1"means enabled. "0"means
		disabled. The data is sent when
		both GA and CEIP are enabled.

Log events

June 21, 2024

Session Recording can log events and tag events in recordings for later search and playback. You can easily search for events of interest from large amounts of recordings and can locate the events during playback in the Session Recording Player.

Events that can be logged

Session Recording can log the following events:

- Insertion of USB mass storage devices
- Application starts and ends
- File renaming, creation, deletion, and moving operations
- Web browsing activities
- Top-most window activities

Insertion of USB mass storage devices

Session Recording can log the insertion of a Client Drive Mapping (CDM) mapped or generic redirected USB mass storage device in a client device where Citrix Workspace app for Windows or for Mac is installed, and can tag the event in the recording.

Note:

Currently, only the insertion of USB mass storage devices (USB Class 08) can be logged. To make the feature work as expected, upgrade the Session Recording Administration components and the Session Recording Agent to Version 1811 or later. For more information, see **Event logging**

policies.

Application starts and ends

Session recording supports the logging of both application starts and ends. When you add a process to the **App monitoring list**, applications driven by the added process and its child processes are all monitored.

Note:

To make the feature work as expected, upgrade the Session Recording Administration components and the Session Recording Agent to Version 1811 or later. For more information, see **Event logging policies**.

File renaming, creation, deletion, and moving operations

You can log file or subfolder renaming, creation, deletion, and moving operations in target folders, and tag the events in the recording. For more information, see Event logging policies.

Note:

To make the feature work as expected, upgrade all Session Recording components including the Session Recording Administration components, the Session Recording Agent, and the Session Recording Player to Version 1903 or later.

Web browsing activities

You can log user activities on supported browsers and tag the events in the recording. The browser name, URL, and page title are logged. For an example, see the following screen capture.

Events and Bookmarks 5:42:32 AM Web browsing: https://www.google.com, Google - Google Chrome, chrome

When you move your cursor away from a webpage that has focus, your browsing of this webpage is tagged without showing the browser name. This feature can be used to estimate how long a user stays on a webpage. For an example, see the following screen capture.

Events and Bookmarks

3:01:43 AM Web browsing: https://www.facebook.com, Facebook - Log In or Sign Up - Google Chrome, chrome
 3:02:00 AM Web browsing: https://www.facebook.com, Facebook - Log In or Sign Up - Google Chrome

List of supported browsers:

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Browser	Version
Chrome	69 and later
Internet Explorer	11
Firefox	61 and later

Note:

To make the feature work as expected, upgrade the Session Recording Administration components and the Session Recording Agent to Version 1906 or later. For more information, see **Event logging policies**.

Top-most window activities

Session Recording can log top-most window activities and tag the events in the recording. The process name, title, and process number are logged.

Events and Bookmarks ×
1:56:08 AM Top-most window: EXCEL, Book2, 6880
1:56:22 AM Top-most window: explorer, CITRIXINSTALLATIONLOGS, 7212
O 1:56:36 AM Top-most window: Taskmgr, CdfSvc.exe, 9276
1:56:39 AM Top-most window: explorer, Application.evtx, 7212
O 1:56:55 AM Top-most window: notepad++, , 4940
O 1:56:59 AM Top-most window: explorer, Desktop, 7212
😑 1:57:08 AM Top-most window: WINWORD, Bisijjisbb j.docx, 8896
O 1:57:13 AM Top-most window: notepad++, , 4940
O 1:57:20 AM Top-most window: Taskmgr, CdfSvc.exe, 9276
😑 1:57:34 AM Top-most window: Taskmgr, Citrix.Authentication.VirtualSmartcard.exe, 9276
○ 1:57:51 AM Top-most window: regedit, FileOperationMonitorList, 6584
O 1:58:04 AM Top-most window: notepad++, shi, 4940
○ 1:58:25 AM Top-most window: explorer, Task Switcher, 7212
○ 1:58:26 AM Top-most window: EXCEL, Grid, 6880

Search for and play back recordings with tagged events

Search for recordings with tagged events

The Session Recording Player allows you to perform advanced searches for recordings with tagged events.

In the Session Recording Player, click Advanced Search on the tool bar or choose Tools > Advanced Search.

2. Define your search criteria in the **Advanced Search** dialog box.

The **Events** tab allows you to search for tagged events in sessions by **Event text** or **Event type** or both. You can use the **Events**, **Common**, **Data/Time**, and **Other** filters in combination to search for recordings that meet your criteria.

🗊 Advanced Search				
Sa <u>v</u> ed Searches Sav <u>e</u> As <u>R</u> eset Values				
Search Criteria				
Common Date/Time Events Other				
Citrix-defined events and events inserted by third-party applications can be tagged while a session is being recorded. To search for recordings with target events tagged, set the search criteria below.				
Event text:				
Event type: Ctrix. Event Monitor. AppEnd Ctrix. Event Monitor. AppStart Citrix. Event Monitor. CDMUSBDriveAttach Citrix. Event Monitor. FileCreate Citrix. Event Monitor. FileDelete Citrix. Event Monitor. FileBelate Citrix. Event Monitor. TopMoat				
Query Builder Citrix Levent Monitor. TopMost Any Citrix Levent Monitor. Web Browsing Any Citrix defined event				
Find the 200 most relevant recorded session files including archived files where application is "Desktop".	~			
Search Stop Close				

Note:

- The **Event type** list itemizes all event types that have been logged by Citrix Session Recording. You can select any one of the event types to search. Selecting **Any Citrix-defined event** means to search for all recordings with any type of events logged by Citrix Session Recording.
- The **Event text** filter supports partial match. Wildcards are not supported.
- The **Event text** filter is case-insensitive when matching.
- For the Citrix.EventMonitor.AppStart, Citrix.EventMonitor.AppEnd, Citrix.EventMonitor.CDMUSBDri Citrix.EventMonitor.GenericUSBDriveAttach,Citrix.EventMonitor.FileCreate, Citrix.EventMonitor.FileDelete, Citrix.EventMonitor.FileMove, Citrix.EventMonitor.FileRename, Citrix.EventMonitor.WebBrowsing, and Citrix.EventMonitor.TopMost events, the words

App Start, App End, Client drive mapping, and File Rename do not participate in matching when you search by **Event text**. Therefore, when you type App Start, App End, Client drive mapping, or File Rename in the **Event text** box, no result can be found.

Play back recordings with tagged events

When you play back a recording with events tagged, the events are present in the **Events and Bookmarks** panel and show as yellow dots in the lower part of the Session Recording Player as follows:



You can use events to navigate through a recorded session, or skip to the points where the events are tagged.

View recordings

June 18, 2020

Use the Session Recording Player to view, search, and bookmark recorded Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops sessions.

If sessions are recorded with the live playback feature enabled, you can view sessions that are in progress, with a delay of 1-2 seconds.

Sessions that have a longer duration or larger file size than the limits configured by your Session Recording administrator appear in more than one session file.

Note:

A Session Recording administrator must grant users the right to access the recorded sessions of VDAs. If you are denied access to viewing sessions, contact your Session Recording administrator.

When the Session Recording Player is installed, the Session Recording administrator typically sets up a connection between the Session Recording Player and a Session Recording Server. If this connection is not set up, the first time you perform a search for files, you are prompted to set it up. Contact your Session Recording administrator for setup information.

Launch the Session Recording Player

March 15, 2021

Launch the Session Recording Player

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the **Start** menu, choose **Session Recording Player**. The Session Recording Player appears.

This illustration shows the Session Recording Player with callouts indicating its major elements. The functions of these elements are described throughout the following articles.

Display or hide window elements

The Session Recording Player has window elements that toggle on and off.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose View.
- 4. Choose the elements that you want to display. Selecting an element causes it to appear immediately. A check mark indicates that the element is selected.

Connect to the desired Session Recording Server

If the Session Recording administrator sets up your Session Recording Player with the ability to connect to multiple Session Recording Servers, you can select the Session Recording Server that your Session Recording Player connects to. The Session Recording Player can connect to only one Session Recording Server at a time.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the **Start** menu, choose **Session Recording Player**.
- 3. From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose Tools > Options > Connections.
- 4. Select the Session Recording Server to which you want to connect.

Enable or disable live session playback and playback protection

October 10, 2020

Enable or disable live session playback

If sessions are recorded with the live playback feature enabled, you can view a session after or while it is being recorded. Viewing a session that is being recorded is similar to seeing actions happening live. However, there is actually a delay of 1-2 seconds when the data propagates from the VDA.

Some functionality is not available when you view sessions that are not recorded completely:

- A digital signature cannot be assigned until recording is complete. If digital signing is enabled, you can view live playback sessions, but they are not digitally signed and you cannot view certificates until the session is completed.
- Playback protection cannot be applied until recording is complete. If playback protection is enabled, you can view live playback sessions. But they are not encrypted until the session is completed.
- You cannot cache a file until recording is complete.

By default, live session playback is enabled.

- 1. Log on to the computer hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the Playback tab.
- 4. Select or clear the **Allow live session playback** check box.

Enable or disable playback protection

As a security precaution, Session Recording automatically encrypts recorded files that are downloaded for viewing in the Session Recording Player. This playback protection prevents recorded files from being copied and viewed by anyone other than the user who downloaded the file. The files cannot be played back on another workstation or by another user. Encrypted files are identified with an .icle extension. Unencrypted files are identified with an .icl extension. The files remain encrypted while they reside in %localAppData%\Citrix\SessionRecording\Player\ Cache on the Session Recording Player until an authorized user opens them.

We recommend that you use HTTPS to protect the transfer of data.

By default, playback protection is enabled.

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Server Properties.
- 3. In Session Recording Server Properties, click the Playback tab.
- 4. Select or clear the Encrypt session recording files downloaded for playback check box.

Open and play recordings

June 18, 2020

Open recordings

You can open session recordings in the Session Recording Player in three ways:

- Perform a search using the Session Recording Player. Recorded sessions that meet the search criteria appear in the search results area.
- Access recorded session files directly from your local disk drive or a shared drive.
- Access recorded session files from a Favorites folder.

When you open a file that was recorded without a digital signature, a warning message appears telling you that the origin and integrity of the file were not verified. If you are confident of the integrity of the file, click **Yes** in the warning window to open the file.

Note:

The Administrator Logging feature of Session Recording allows you to log the downloads of recordings in the Session Recording Player. For more information, see Administrator Logging.

Open a recording in the search results area

- 1. Log on to the machine where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. Perform a search.
- 4. If the search results area is not visible, select **Search Results** in the Workspace pane.
- 5. In the search results area, select the session you want to play.

- 6. Do any of the following:
 - Double-click the session.
 - Right-click and select **Play**.
 - From the **Session Recording Player** menu bar, choose **Play** > **Play**.

Open a recording by accessing the file

The name of a recorded session file begins with i_, followed by a unique alphanumeric file ID and then the .icl or .icle extension. The .icl extension denotes the recordings without playback protection applied. The .icle extension denotes the recordings with playback protection applied. Recorded session files are saved in a folder that incorporates the date the sessions were recorded. For example, the file for a session recorded on December 22, 2014, is saved in the folder path $2014\12\22$.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. Do any of the following:
 - From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose File> Open and browse for the file.
 - Using Windows Explorer, navigate to the file and drag the file to the **Player** window.
 - Using Windows Explorer, navigate to and double-click the file.
 - If you created Favorites in the Workspace pane, select **Favorites** and open the file from the Favorites area in the same way you open files from the search results area.

Use favorites

Creating the **Favorites** folders allows you to quickly access recordings that you view frequently. These Favorites folders reference recorded session files that are stored on your workstation or on a network drive. You can import and export these files to other workstations and share these folders with other Session Recording Player users.

Note:

Only users with access rights to the Session Recording Player can download the recorded session files associated with the Favorites folders. Contact your Session Recording administrator for the access rights.

To create a Favorites subfolder:

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.

- 3. In the Session Recording Player window, select the Favorites folder in your Workspace pane.
- 4. From the menu bar, choose **File** > **Folder** > **New Folder**. A new folder appears under the **Fa-vorites** folder.
- 5. Type the folder name, then press **Enter** or click anywhere to accept the new name.

Use the other options that appear in the **File** > **Folder** menu to delete, rename, move, copy, import, and export the folders.

Play recordings

After you open a recorded session in the Session Recording Player, you can navigate through the recorded sessions using these methods:

- Use the player controls to play, stop, pause, and increase or decrease playback speed.
- Use the seek slider to move forward or backward.

If you have inserted markers to the recording or if the recorded session contains custom events, you can also navigate through the recorded session by going to those markers and events.

Note:

- During playback of a recorded session, a second mouse pointer might appear. The second pointer appears at the point in the recording when the user navigated within Internet Explorer and clicked an image that was originally larger than the screen but was scaled down automatically by Internet Explorer. While only one pointer appears during the session, two might appear during playback.
- This version of Session Recording does not support SpeedScreen Multimedia Acceleration and the Flash quality adjustment policy setting. When this option is enabled, playback displays a black square.
- When you record a session with a resolution higher than or equal to 4096 x 4096, there might be fragments in the recording appearance.

Use the player controls

You can click the player controls in the lower part of the Player window or access them by choosing **Play** from the **Session Recording Player** menu bar.

Player Control	Function
	Plays the selected session file.
88	Pauses playback.

Player Control	Function
	Stops playback. If you click Stop , then Play , the recording restarts at the beginning of the file.
	Halves the current playback speed down to a minimum of one-quarter of the normal speed.
	Doubles the current playback speed up to a maximum of 32 times the normal speed.

Use the seek slider

Use the seek slider in the lower part of the Player window to jump to a different position within the recorded session. You can drag the seek slider to the point in the recording you want to view or click anywhere on the slider bar to move to that location.

Keyboard Key	Function
Home	Seeks to the beginning.
End	Seeks to the end.
Right Arrow	Seeks forward five seconds.
Left Arrow	Seeks backward five seconds.
Move mouse wheel one notch down	Seeks forward 15 seconds.
Move mouse wheel one notch up	Seeks backward 15 seconds.
Ctrl + Right Arrow	Seeks forward 30 seconds.
Ctrl + Left Arrow	Seeks backward 30 seconds.
Page Down	Seeks forward one minute.
Page Up	Seeks backward one minute.
Ctrl + Move mouse wheel one notch down	Seeks forward 90 seconds.
Ctrl + Move mouse wheel one notch up	Seeks backward 90 seconds.
Ctrl + Page Down	Seeks forward six minutes.
Ctrl + Page Up	Seeks backward six minutes.

You can also use the following keyboard keys to control the seek slider:

To adjust the speed of the seek slider: From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose Tools >

Options > **Player** and drag the slider to increase or decrease the seek response time. A faster response time requires more memory. The response might be slow depending on the size of the recordings and your machine's hardware.

Change the playback speed

You can set the Session Recording Player to play recorded sessions in exponential increments from one-quarter normal playback speed to 32 times normal playback speed.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the **Session Recording Player** menu bar, choose **Play > Play Speed**.
- 4. Choose a speed option.

The speed adjusts immediately. Text indicating the exponential rate appears briefly in green in the lower part of the Player window.

Highlight the idle periods of recorded sessions

Idle periods of a recorded session are the portions in which no action takes place. The Session Recording Player can highlight the idle periods of recorded sessions during playback. The option is **On** by default. For more information, see Highlight idle periods.

Skip over spaces where no action occurred

Fast review mode allows you to set Session Recording Player to skip the portions of recorded sessions in which no action takes place. This setting saves time for playback viewing. However, it does not skip animated sequences such as animated mouse pointers, flashing cursors, or displayed clocks with second hand movements.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the **Session Recording Player** menu bar, choose **Play** > **Fast Review Mode**.

The option toggles on and off. Each time you choose it, its status appears briefly in green in the Player window.

Change the playback display

Options allow you to change how recorded sessions appear in the Player window. You can pan and scale the image, show the playback in full screen, display the Player window in a separate window,

and display a red border around the recorded session to differentiate it from the Player window background.

Display the Player window in full screen

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the **Session Recording Player** menu bar, choose **View** > **Player Full Screen**.
- 4. To return to the original size, press **Esc** or **F11**.

Display the Player window in a separate window

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the **Session Recording Player** menu bar, choose **View** > **Player in Separate Window**. A new window appears, containing the Player window. You can drag and resize the window.
- 4. To embed the Player window in the main window, choose **View** > **Player in Separate Window**, or press **F10**.

Scale the session playback to fit the Player window

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose Play > Panning and Scaling > Scale to Fit.
 - Scale to Fit (Fast Rendering) shrinks images while providing good quality. Images are drawn quicker than using the High Quality option but the images and texts are not sharp. Use this option if you are experiencing performance issues when using the High Quality mode.
 - Scale to Fit (High Quality) shrinks images while providing high quality. Using this option can cause the images to be drawn more slowly than the Fast Rendering option.

Pan the image

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose Play > Panning and Scaling > Panning. The pointer changes to a hand. And a small representation of the screen appears in the top right of the Player window.
- 4. Drag the image. The small representation indicates where you are in the image.
- 5. To stop panning, choose one of the scaling options.

Display a red border around Session Recording

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose Tools > Options > Player.
- 4. Select the Show border around session recording check box.

If the **Show border around session recording** check box is not selected, you can temporarily view the red border by clicking and holding down the left mouse button while the pointer is in the Player window.

Highlight idle periods

April 29, 2020

Idle periods of a recorded session are the portions in which no action takes place. The Session Recording Player can highlight the idle periods of recorded sessions during playback. The option is **On** by default.

Note: Idle periods are not highlighted when playing back live sessions with the Session Recording Player.

To highlight the idle periods of recorded sessions, do the following:

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the **Session Recording Player** menu bar, choose **View** > **Idle Periods** and select or clear the check box.

Cache recordings

April 29, 2020

Each time you open a recorded session file, the Session Recording Player downloads the file from the location where the recordings are stored. If you download the same files frequently, you can save download time by caching the files on your workstation. Cached files are stored on your workstation in this folder:

userprofile\AppData\Local\Citrix\SessionRecording\Player\Cache

You can specify how much disk space is used for the cache. When the recordings fill the specified disk space, Session Recording deletes the oldest, least used recordings to make room for new recordings. You can empty the cache at any time to free up disk space.

Enable caching

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose Tools > Options > Cache.
- 4. Select the **Cache downloaded files on local machine** check box.
- 5. To limit the amount of disk space used for caching, select the **Limit amount of disk space to use** check box and specify the number of MB to be used for cache.
- 6. Click **OK**.

Empty caches

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. From the Session Recording Player menu bar, choose Tools > Options > Cache.
- 4. Select the Cache downloaded files on local machine check box.
- 5. In the Session Recording Player, choose **Tools** > **Options** > **Cache**.
- 6. Click **Purge Cache** and **OK** to confirm the action.

Use events and bookmarks

June 18, 2020

You can use events and bookmarks to help you navigate through recorded sessions.

Citrix-defined events are inserted to sessions while the sessions are recorded. You can also use the Event API and a third-party application to insert custom events. Events are saved as part of the session file. You cannot delete or alter them using the Session Recording Player.

Bookmarks are markers you insert in a recorded session during session playback using the Session Recording Player. After insertion, bookmarks are associated with the recorded session until you delete them. However, they are not saved as part of the session file but stored as separate .iclb files in the **Bookmarks** cache folder on the Session Recording Player, for example, C:\Users\SpecificUser\AppData\Local\Citrix\SessionRecording\Player\Bookmarks, with the same file name as the .icl recording file. To play back a recording using bookmarks on a different Player,

copy the .iclb files to the **Bookmarks** cache folder on that Player. By default, each bookmark is labeled with the text "Bookmark,"but you can change it to any text annotation up to 128 characters long.

Events appear as yellow dots and bookmarks appear as blue squares in the lower part of the Player window. Moving the mouse over the dots and squares displays the text label associated with them. You can also display the events and bookmarks in the **Events and Bookmarks** list of the Session Recording Player. They appear in this list with their text labels and the times in the recorded session at which they appear, in chronological order.

You can use events and bookmarks to help you navigate through recorded sessions. By going to an event or bookmark, you can skip to the point in the recorded session where the event or bookmark is inserted.

Display events and bookmarks in the list

The **Events and Bookmarks** list displays the events and bookmarks inserted in the recorded session that is currently playing. It can show events only, bookmarks only, or both.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. Move the mouse pointer to the **Events and Bookmarks** list area and right-click to display the menu.
- 4. Choose Show Events Only, Show Bookmarks Only, or Show All.

Insert a bookmark

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. Begin playing the recorded session to which you want to add a bookmark.
- 4. Move the seek slider to the position where you want to insert the bookmark.
- 5. Move the mouse pointer to the Player window area and right-click to display the menu.
- 6. Add a bookmark with the default **Bookmark** label or create an annotation:
 - To add a bookmark with the default **Bookmark** label, choose **Add Bookmark**.
 - To add a bookmark with a descriptive text label that you create, choose **Add Annotation**. Type the text label you want to assign to the bookmark, up to 128 characters. Click **OK**.

Add or change an annotation

After a bookmark is created, you can add an annotation to it or change its annotation.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the **Start** menu, choose **Session Recording Player**.
- 3. Begin playing the recorded session containing the bookmark.
- 4. Ensure that the **Events and Bookmarks** list is displaying bookmarks.
- 5. Select the bookmark in the **Events and Bookmarks** list and right-click to display the menu.
- 6. Choose Edit Annotation.
- 7. In the window that appears, type the new annotation and click **OK**.

Delete a bookmark

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. Begin playing the recorded session containing the bookmark.
- 4. Ensure that the **Events and Bookmarks** list is displaying bookmarks.
- 5. Select the bookmark in the Events and Bookmarks list and right-click to display the menu.
- 6. Choose Delete.

Go to an event or bookmark

Going to an event or bookmark causes the Session Recording Player to go to the point in the recorded session where the event or bookmark is inserted.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. Begin playing a session recording containing events or bookmarks.
- 4. Go to an event or bookmark:
 - In the lower part of the Player window, click the dot or square representing the event or bookmark to go to the event or bookmark.
 - In the **Events and Bookmarks** list, double-click the event or bookmark to go to it. To go to the next event or bookmark, select any event or bookmark from the list, right-click to display the menu, and choose **Seek to Bookmark**.

Search for recordings

June 18, 2020

The Session Recording Player allows you to perform quick and advanced searches and to specify options that apply to all searches. Results of searches appear in the search results area of the Session Recording Player.

Note:

To display all available recorded sessions, up to the maximum number of sessions that might appear in a search, perform a search without specifying any search parameters.

Perform a quick search

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the Start menu, choose Session Recording Player.
- 3. Define your search criteria:
 - Enter a search criterion in the **Search** field.
 - Move the mouse pointer over the **Search** label to display a list of parameters to use as a guideline.
 - Click the arrow to the right of the **Search** field to display the text for the last 64 searches you performed.
 - Use the drop-down list to the right of the **Search** field to select a period or duration specifying when the session was recorded.
- 4. Click the binocular icon to the right of the drop-down list to start the search.

Perform an advanced search

Advanced searches might take up to 20 seconds to return results containing more than 150,000 entities. Citrix recommends using more accurate search conditions such as a date range or user to reduce the result number.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the **Start** menu, choose **Session Recording Player**.
- 3. In the Session Recording Player window, click Advanced Search on the tool bar or choose Tools > Advanced Search.
- 4. Define your search criteria on the tabs of the **Advanced Search** dialog box:
 - **Common** allows you to search by domain or account authority, site, group, VDA for multisession OS, application, or file ID.
 - **Date/Time** allows you to search date, day of week, and time of day.

- **Events** allows you to search for Citrix-defined and custom events that are inserted to the sessions.
- Other allows you to search by session name, client name, client address, and recording duration. It also allows you to specify, for this search, the maximum number of search results displayed and whether archived files are included in the search.
 When you specify search criteria, the query you are creating appears in the pane at the bottom of the dialog box.
- 5. Click **Search** to start the search.

You can save and retrieve advanced search queries. Click **Save** in the **Advanced Search** dialog box to save the current query. Click **Open** in the **Advanced Search** dialog box to retrieve a saved query. Queries are saved as files with an .isq extension.

Set search options

The Session Recording Player search options allow you to limit the maximum number of session recordings that appear in search results and to specify whether search results include archived session files.

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. From the **Start** menu, choose **Session Recording Player**.
- 3. From the **Session Recording Player** menu bar, choose **Tools** > **Options** > **Search**.
- 4. In the **Maximum result to display** field, type the number of search results you want to display. A maximum of 500 results can be displayed.
- 5. To set whether archived files are included in searches, select or clear **Include archived files**.

Session Recording web player

June 18, 2020

Overview

The web player lets you use a web browser to view and play back recordings, and configure cache memory for storing recordings while playing. Using the web player, you can:

• Search for recordings by using filters, including host name, client name, user name, application, client IP address, event text, event type, and time. For more information, see the View record-ings section in this article.

• View and play back both live and completed recordings with tagged events listed in the right pane. For more information, see the View recordings section in this article.

Note:

Internet Explorer, Google Chrome, and Firefox are supported.

Enable the web player

The web player is disabled by default.

- To enable the web player, start a Windows command prompt and run the <Session Recording Server installation path>\Bin\TestPolicyAdmin.exe enablewebplayer command.
- To disable the web player, start a Windows command prompt and run the <Session Recording Server installation path>\Bin\TestPolicyAdmin.exe – disablewebplayer command.

Logon and password

The URL of the web player website is http(s)://<FQDN of Session Recording Server >/WebPlayer. To ensure the use of HTTPS, add an SSL binding to the website on IIS and update the SsRecWebSocketServer.exe.config configuration file. For more information, see the HTTPS configuration section in this article.

Note:

When logging on to the web player website, domain users do not need to enter credentials while non-domain users must.

After you log on to the web player website, all recordings appear, listed. Clicking **All Recordings** in the left navigation refreshes the page and displays new recordings if there are any.

Session Recording 1912 LTSR

Recordings x → C	+ WebPl	ayer/#/recordings/all						- 0 ×
TRIX Session Re	cording	Q	Search by host name, user, start time, and	d so on		\checkmark	Hi EB	SDK\Administrator
Recordings •		Start time 👙	User 💠	Host \$	Client 😄	Events 💠	Duration 💠	
All Recordings		September 2 2019, 6:29am	administrator	EBSDK-TSVDA-1		0	Live	lacksquare
		August 2 2019, 6:47am	administrator	TSVDA-19-1		1	00.01:35	ightarrow
		August 2 2019, 6:43am	administrator	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		2	00:05:33	ightarrow
		August 2 2019, 6:42am	administrator	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		2	00:01:04	ightarrow
		August 2 2019, 6:34am	administrator	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		4	00:01:56	ightarrow
		July 12 2019, 7:21am	user2	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		4	00.00.52	\bigcirc
		July 12 2019, 7:20am	user1	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		2	00:00:43	ightarrow
		July 12 2019, 7:07am	user2	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		4	00.00:46	ightarrow
		July 12 2019, 7:04am	user1	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		4	00:01:14	\bigcirc
		July 11 2019, 2:19pm	user2	TSVDA-19-1	_	0	00:00:45	\triangleright
		July 11 2019, 2:14pm	user2	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		0	00:04:43	ightarrow

Installation

As with the other Session Recording components, you can use the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops installer to install the web player.

During installation, selecting **Session Recording Administration** on the **Core Components** page installs the web player on the same machine with the Session Recording Server. For more information about installing Session Recording, see Install, upgrade, and uninstall.

With the web player installed, the **SessionRecordingRestApiService** and the **WebPlayer** applications appear on IIS.



HTTPS configuration

To use HTTPS to access the web player website:

- 1. Add an SSL binding on IIS.
 - a) Obtain an SSL certificate in PEM format from a trusted Certificate Authority (CA).

Note:

Most popular browsers such as Google Chrome and Firefox no longer support the common name in a Certificate Signing Request (CSR). They enforce Subject Alternative Name (SAN) in all publicly trusted certificates. To use the web player over HTTPS, take the following actions accordingly:

• When a single Session Recording Server is in use, update the certificate of the Session Recording Server to a SAN certificate.



• When load balancing is in use, ensure that a SAN certificate is available both on Citrix ADC and each Session Recording Server.



b) On IIS, right-click the website and select **Add Bindings**. The **Site Bindings** dialog box appears.

Site Bindings	? ×		
Type Host Name Po http 80	Port IP Address	Binding Informa	Add Edit Remove Browse
			Close
- c) Click Add in the upper right corner. The Add Site Binding dialog box appears.
- d) Select https from the Type list and select your SSL certificate.

	? ×
P <u>o</u> rt: ~ 80]
01/	
OK	Cancel
	? ×
P <u>o</u> rt: ✓ 443]
Se <u>l</u> ect	<u>V</u> iew
	P <u>o</u> rt:

- e) Click OK.
- 2. Update the SsRecWebSocketServer.exe.config configuration file.
 - a) Locate and open the SsRecWebSocketServer.exe.config configuration file.

The SsRecWebSocketServer.exe.config configuration file is typically located in the <Session Recording Server installation path>\Bin\folder.

b) Enable TLS by editing TLSEnable=1, and fill in the paths to the SSL certificate and its key, respectively.

Note:

Only the PEM format of SSL certificates and key files is supported.

The **ServerPort** field indicates the port number that the web player uses to collect recording files. In the following screen capture, it is set to the default value (22334).

SsRecWebSocketServer.exe.config - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help
#1-enable TLS
#0-disable TLS
TLSEnable=0
#default-enable web socket serveron all ip address
<pre>#x.x.x.x-only enable serveron the given ip address</pre>
ServerAddress=default
#default-enable web socket serveron tcp port 22334
<pre>#[0-65535]-enable serveron the given tcp port</pre>
ServerPort=default
<pre>#cert file path and name, only config it when TLSEnable=1</pre>
SSLCert=C:\aSRS2.pem
<pre>#key file path and name, only config it when TLSEnable=1</pre>
SSLKey=C:\newaSRS2key.pem

To extract the separate certificate and key files used in the WebSocket server configuration:

- i. Ensure that OpenSSL is installed on your Session Recording Server that contains the SSL certificate.
- ii. Export the SSL certificate as a .pfx file. The .pfx file includes both the certificate and the private key.
- iii. Open the command prompt and go to the folder that contains the .pfx file.
- iv. Start OpenSSL from the OpenSSL\bin folder.
- v. Run the following command to extract the certificate:

Enter the import password that you created when exporting the .pfx file.

vi. Run the following command to extract the private key:

```
2 <!--NeedCopy-->
```

Enter the import password that you created when exporting the .pfx file. Provide a new password for protecting your key file when prompted for the PEM pass phrase.

vii. Run the following command to decrypt the private key:

- c) Save your changes.
- d) Check your firewall settings. Allow SsRecWebSocketServer.exe to use the TCP port (22334 by default) and allow access to the web player URL.
- e) Run the TestPolicyAdmin -stopwebsocketserver command.

View recordings

After you log on to the web player, all available recordings are listed. You can scroll down the webpage to select recordings to view or use filters to customize your search results. For live recordings, the **Duration** item shows **Live** and the play button appears green.

Citrix " Sess	RIX Session Recording		Q Search by host name, user, start time, and so on		\checkmark		Hi MRJLD\Adm	ninistrator 🥐	
► Recordings	^		Start time 👙	User 🌲	Host 🌩	Client 🌲	Events 👙	Duration 🔶	
All Recordings			August 27 2019, 7:25am	administrator	TSVDA-19-1		0	Live	
Configuration	~		-						<u> </u>
			August 14 2019, 10:17am	administrator	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		2	00:12:40	\triangleright
			August 9 2019, 9:24am	administrator	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		2	01:38:46	

For a description of the recording items, see the following table.

Item	Description
Start time	The recording start time. Click the up and down arrows to list recordings in chronological order.
User	The user whose session was recorded. Click the up and down arrows to concentrate recordings of a user on the list and arrange users in alphabetical order.

ltem	Description
Host	The host name of the VDA where the recorded
	session was hosted. Click the up and down
	alphabetical order.
Client	The name of the client device where the session
	was running. Click the up and down arrows to
	arrange the client host names in alphabetical
	order.
Events	The quantity of events in the recording. Click the
	up and down arrows to arrange recordings on
	the list by event quantity.
Duration	The time length of the recording. Click the up
	and down arrows to arrange recordings on the
	list by time length.

Search for recordings by using filters

You can search for recordings by using filters. The available filters include host name, client name, user name, application, client IP address, event text, event type, and time.

/WebPlayer/#/recordir	ngs/all		
0	Search by host name, user, start ti	me, and so on	\sim
Start time 👙	🗎 Host name	🛆 User name	en t s e
July 4 2010, 6 20 m	B Application	🖵 Client name	
July 4 2019, 6:30 am	Client IP address	🔀 Event text	
July 17 2019, 6:08ar	🗄 Event type	🟥 Time	
hub: 10 2010 12 10			
July 18 2019, 12:18pm	user1	KUQUC-ISVDA-1	9

For example, after you select the host name filter, the following dialog box appears. You can type in the host name (of the VDA where recorded sessions are hosted) and click **Search** to filter out irrelevant recordings and display only the relevant ones.

FILTER		Search	Clea
Host name 🔍	Enter one host name		+

You can change to a different filter by clicking the currently selected **Host name**, as shown in the following screen capture. All filters are listed after you click **Host name**. Select a different filter as needed.

FILTER			
Host name 🔥	Enter one host na	ame	
Host name			
User name		User 🚖	Но
🗄 Application		v	
🖵 Client name	am	user2	KU
① Client IP address			
🗟 Event text	Bam	user1	KII
≣ Event type	Jam	useri	KO
Time July 18 2019,	12 18pm	user1	KU

You can also click the + symbol to add filters.

Search Clea	Search Clear Al
Clea	Clear Al
9	r Al

For example, you can add the **Time** filter as shown in the following screen.

ost name	\sim	Enter one host name		
ime	\sim	Start date	End date	
		Select date	Select date	
		Start time	End time	
		Salact time	Salact time	

The **Time** filter consists of recording start date, start time, and duration.

Open and play recordings

On the recordings page, each recording has a play button on the right side, next to the **Duration** item.

$\int \mathbf{C} \operatorname{Recordings} \times \leftrightarrow \mathbf{C}$	+ WebP	layer/#/recordings/all						 ☆ []]	×
Citrix Session Re	ecording		Q Search by host name, user, start time	e, and so on		\checkmark	Hi EBS	5DK\Administrator	
► Recordings		Start time 👙	User 💠	Host \$	Client 💠	Events 💠	Duration \$		
All Recordings		September 2 2019, 6:29am	administrator	EBSDK-TSVDA-1		0	Live	۲	
		August 2 2019, 6:47am	administrator	TSVDA-19-1		1	00:01:35	ightarrow	
		August 2 2019, 6:43am	administrator	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		2	00:05:33	∢	
		August 2 2019, 6:42am	administrator	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		2	00:01:04	∢	
		August 2 2019, 6:34am	administrator	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		4	00:01:56	ightarrow	
		July 12 2019, 7:21am	user2	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		4	00:00:52	∢	
		July 12 2019, 7:20am	user1	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		2	00:00:43	ightarrow	
		July 12 2019, 7:07am	user2	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		4	00:00:46	∢	
		July 12 2019, 7:04am	user1	KUQOC-TSVDA-1		4	00:01:14	ightarrow	
		July 11 2019, 2:19pm	user2	TSVDA-19-1		0	00:00:45	ightarrow	
		July 11 2019, 2:14pm	user2	KUQOC-TSVDA-1	_	0	00:04:43	ightarrow	

\$	UUU 26 2019 135629-001341-5 EVENTS Usename: user1 Host name: KUQOC-TSVDA-1 Client name: NKGWYAQIZ01
User Account Control X Do you want to allow this app to make changes to your device?	Filters Search events Q Value 05:10:08 CDMUSBDriveAttach : G
6407e9.msi Verlied publicher. Citric Systems. Inc. Fice origin Hand of vie on this computer	🈼 05:10:16 AppStart : 7892: cmd
Show more details To continue, enter an admin user name and password.	💫 05:10:17 AppEnd : 7892: cmd
administrator × Password	🏷 05:10:20 AppStart : 8064: cmd
Domain MRLD Nes No	🖗 05:10:32 AppEnd : 8064: cmd
→ → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →	1

Click the play button. The playback page appears. Playback starts after memory caching.

For a description of the player controls, see the following table:

Player Control	Description
	Plays the selected recording file.
II	Pauses playback.
00:02:05/00:13:41	You can drag the progress bar during playback.
$\sqrt{7}$	Seeks backward 7 seconds.
00:01:23/00:13:41	Indicates the current position of the recording playback and the total recording duration. The time format is HH:MM:SS.
X1	Indicates the current speed of playback. Click the icon to switch between options including X0.5, X1, X2, and X4.
FULL SCREEN	Displays the playback in full screen.
NARROW	Displays the playback within the webpage.

In the right pane of the playback page, the following recording data, event filters, and the quick search box are available:

U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U		
Filters	Q	
00:00:51 WebBrowsing : https://www.google.com, htt	\odot	
© 00:02:20 WebBrowsing : https://www.google.com, htt	\odot	
00:02:20 WebBrowsing : https://www.google.com, hdx	\odot	
© 00:02:55 WebBrowsing : https://www.google.com, hdx	\odot	
© 00:03:30 WebBrowsing : https://www.google.com, hdx	\odot	
© 00:03:30 WebBrowsing : https://www.citrix.com, HDX	\odot	
00:08:56 WebBrowsing : https://www.citrix.com, HDX	\odot	

- The date and time on the web player machine. In this example, JULY 23, 2019 and 19:14:24.
- The duration of the recording in playback. In this example, **00:13:41**.
- The number of events in the recording. In this example, **9 EVENTS**.
- The name of the user whose session was recorded.
- The host name of the VDA where the recorded session was hosted.
- The name of the client device where the session was running.
- Event filters. You can select more than one filter to search for events in the current recording.

Filters	h events	Q
EVENT TYPE		
App start		
App end		
 USB drive insertion 	on	
Client drive mapp	ping	
File creation		
File deletion		
File moving		
File renaming		
Web browsing		
□ Top-most window	N	
Custom Events		
Clear All	Apply	
 File moving File renaming Web browsing Top-most window Custom Events 	w Apply	

Click the icon to expand folded displays of events.



- Event list. Clicking an event on the list takes you to the position of the event in the recording.
- Quick search box. The **search events** quick search box helps to quickly narrow down a list of events in the current recording.

Configure cache memory for storing recordings while playing

On the **Configuration** page of the web player, you can click the slider to set up the cache memory for storing recordings while playing.

Citrix " Sess	ion Re	cording		Q Search by	host name, user, star	t time, and so on
Recordings Configuration	× ^	Set up You can se	recording c et up cache memor	ache y to store recording	ıs while playing.	
Storage			0			
		2MB	20MB	50MB	70MB	100MB
		Save				

Troubleshoot

April 29, 2020

The troubleshooting information contains solutions to some issues you might encounter during or after installing the Session Recording components.

Warning:

Editing the registry incorrectly can cause serious problems that might require you to reinstall your operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from the incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk. Be sure to back up the registry before you edit it.

Installation of Server components fails

April 29, 2020

The installation of the Session Recording Server components fails with error codes 2503 and 2502. Resolution: Check the access control list (ACL) of folder C:\windows\Temp to ensure that the Local Users and Groups have write permission for this folder. If not, manually add write permission.

Test connection to the Database fails during install

April 29, 2020

When you install the Session Recording Database or the Session Recording Server, the test connection fails with the error message **Database connection test failed.** Please correct **Database instance name** even if the database instance name is correct.

In this case, ensure that the current user has the public SQL Server role permission to correct the permission limitation failure.

Agent cannot connect to the Server

June 5, 2024

When the Session Recording Agent cannot connect to the Session Recording Server, the **Exception caught while sending poll messages to Session Recording Broker** event message is logged, followed by the exception text. The exception text provides reasons why the connection failed. The reasons include:

• The underlying connection was closed. Could not establish a trust relationship for the SSL/TLS secure channel. This exception means that the Session Recording Server is using a certificate signed by a CA that the server hosting the Session Recording Agent does not trust or the server hosting the Session Recording Agent does not have a CA certificate. Alternatively, the certificate might have expired or been revoked.

Solution: Verify that the correct CA certificate is installed on the server hosting the Session Recording Agent or use a CA that is trusted.

• The remote server returned an error: (403) forbidden. This standard HTTPS error occurs when you attempt to connect using HTTP that is unsecure. The machine hosting the Session Recording Server rejects the connection because it accepts only secure connections.

Solution: Use Session Recording Agent Properties to change the Session Recording Broker protocol to **HTTPS**.

• The Session Recording Broker returned an unknown error while evaluating a record policy query. Error code 5 (Access Denied). For more information, see the Event log on the Session Recording Server. This error occurs when sessions are started and a request for a record policy evaluation is made. The error is a result of the Authenticated Users group (the default member) being removed from the Policy Query role of the Session Recording Authorization Console. Solution: Add the Authenticated Users group back to this role, or add each server hosting each Session Recording Agent to the PolicyQuery role.

• The underlying connection was closed. A connection that was expected to be kept alive was closed by the server. This error means that the Session Recording Server is down or un-available to accept requests. The IIS might be offline or restarted, or the entire server might be offline.

Solution: Verify that the Session Recording Server is started, IIS is running on the server, and the server is connected to the network.

- The remote server returned an error: 401 (Unauthorized). This error manifests itself in the following ways:
 - On startup of the Session Recording Agent service, an error describing the 401 error is recorded in the event log.
 - Policy query fails on the Session Recording Agent.
 - Session recordings are not captured on the Session Recording Agent.

Solution: Ensure that the **NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users** group is a member of the local **Users** group on the Session Recording Agent.



Server cannot connect to the Database

September 25, 2020

When the Session Recording Server cannot connect to the Session Recording Database, you might see a message similar to one of the following:

Event Source:

A network-related or instance-specific error occurred while establishing a connection to SQL Server. This error appears in the applications event log with ID 2047 in the Event Viewer of the computer hosting the Session Recording Server.

Citrix Session Recording Storage Manager Description: Exception caught while establishing database connection. This error appears in the applications event log in the Event Viewer of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.

Unable to connect to the Session Recording Server. Ensure that the Session Recording Server is running. This error message appears when you launch the Session Recording Policy Console.

Resolution:

- The Express Edition of Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2, Microsoft SQL Server 2012, Microsoft SQL Server 2014, or Microsoft SQL Server 2016 is installed on a stand-alone server and does not have the correct services or settings configured for Session Recording. The server must have the TCP/IP protocol enabled and the SQL Server Browser service running. See the Microsoft documentation for information about enabling these settings.
- During the Session Recording installation (administration portion), incorrect server and database information was given. Uninstall the Session Recording Database and reinstall it, supplying the correct information.
- The Session Recording Database Server is down. Verify that the server has connectivity.
- The machine hosting the Session Recording Server or the machine hosting the Session Recording Database Server cannot resolve the FQDN or NetBIOS name of the other. Use the ping command to verify that the names can be resolved.
- Check the firewall configuration on the Session Recording Database to ensure that the SQL Server connections are allowed. For more information, see the Microsoft article at https://docs .microsoft.com/en-us/sql/sql-server/install/configure-the-windows-firewall-to-allow-sqlserver-access?redirectedfrom=MSDN&view=sql-server-ver15.

Logon failed for user 'NT_AUTHORITY\ANONYMOUS LOGON'. This error message means that the services are logged on incorrectly as .\administrator.

Resolution: Restart the services as local system user and restart the SQL services.

Sessions are not recording

December 6, 2023

If application sessions are not recording successfully, check the application event log in the Event Viewer on the Session Recording Agent and Session Recording Server. Doing so can provide valuable diagnostic information.

If sessions are not recording, the possible cause might be:

- Component connectivity and certificates. If the Session Recording components cannot communicate with each other, session recording can fail. To troubleshoot recording issues, verify that all components are configured correctly to point to the correct machines and that all certificates are valid and correctly installed.
- Non-Active Directory domain environments. Session Recording is designed to run in a Microsoft Active Directory domain environment. If you are not running in an Active Directory environment, you might experience recording issues. Ensure that all Session Recording components are running on machines that are members of an Active Directory domain.
- Session sharing conflicts with the active policy. Session Recording matches the active policy with the first published application that a user opens. Subsequent applications opened during the same session continue to follow the policy that is in force for the first application. To prevent session sharing from conflicting with the active policy, publish the conflicting applications on separate VDAs for **multi-session** OS.
- **Recording is not enabled.** By default, installing the Session Recording Agent on a multi-session OS VDA enables recording for the VDA. Recording does not occur until an active recording policy is configured to allow it.
- **The active recording policy does not permit recording.** A session can be recorded only when the session meets the rules of the active recording policy.
- Session Recording services are not running. For sessions to be recorded, the Session Recording Agent service must be running on a VDA for multi-session OS and the Session Recording Storage Manager service must be running on the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- **MSMQ is not configured.** If MSMQ is not correctly configured on the server running the Session Recording Agent and the machine hosting the Session Recording Server, recording problems might occur.
- The Session Recording Database component is not upgraded properly. When you upgrade an existing installation, you must follow the upgrade sequence strictly. If you have more than one Session Recording Server in your deployment, you must first upgrade the Session Recording Server where the Session Recording Database component is installed. If not, the session

recording fails. To correct the issue of the Session Recording Database component not being upgraded properly, perform either of the following actions:

- Locate the Session Recording Server where the Session Recording Database component is installed. Then run the Citrix Virtual Apps and Desktops ISO or the SessionRecordingAdministrationx64.msi package on it.
- Run the following script on any of the Session Recording Servers in your deployment.
 When running the script, provide the path to the SessionRecordingAdministrationx64.msi package as a parameter.

```
param(
1
2
        [Parameter(Mandatory=$true)]
3
        [ValidateNotNullOrEmpty()]
4
        [string]$Installer
5
    )
6
    Add-Type -AssemblyName System.Data
7
8
    if (!(Test-Path "$PSScriptRoot\bin\lessmsi.exe")) {
9
        Write-Error "Download zip of binaries from https://github
            .com/activescott/lessmsi/releases/download/v1.10.0/
            lessmsi-v1.10.0.zip and extract to \bin in this folder
            1.11
11
        exit
12
     }
13
14
    # Open MSI database
15
16
    $msi = New-Object -ComObject WindowsInstaller.Installer
    $msidb = $msi.OpenDatabase($Installer, 0)
17
18
19
    # Query File table
    $query = "SELECT Version FROM File WHERE FileName = 'SMAUDD
20
       ~1.DLL SsRecDatabase.dll'"
21
    $view = $msidb.OpenView($query)
23
    $view.Execute()
24
25
    # Get DLL version
    $record = $view.Fetch()
26
27
    $version = $record.GetType().InvokeMember("StringData", "
28
       GetProperty", $null, $record, 1)
29
    $parts = $version.Split(".")
   [int] $major = $parts[0]
    [int] $minor = $parts[1]
31
    $majorMinor = $parts[0..1] -join "."
32
    $versionCompare = $major * 100 + $minor
34
35
    # Get db instance and name
    $registryKey = [Microsoft.Win32.Registry]::LocalMachine.
```

```
OpenSubKey("SOFTWARE\\Citrix\\SmartAuditor\\Server")
37
    $dbName = $registryKey.GetValue("DatabaseName")
    $dbInstance = $registryKey.GetValue("SmAudDatabaseInstance")
38
39
40
41
    write-host "Upgrade db($dbInstance\$dbName) to version
        $version"
42
43
    $schemaVersionMap = @{
44
    }
45
    $schemaVersionMap["19.12"] = "1.2.3.0"
46
47
    $schemaVersionMap["22.3"] = "1.3.3.0"
    $schemaVersionMap["22.6"] = "1.3.4.0"
48
    $schemaVersionMap["22.9"] = "1.3.4.0"
49
50
    $schemaVersionMap["22.12"] = "1.3.5.0"
51
    $schemaVersionMap["23.3"] = "1.3.6.0"
    $schemaVersionMap["23.5"] = "1.3.7.0"
52
53
    $schemaVersionMap["23.8"] = "1.3.8.0"
54
55
    $DBSchemaUpdatePatchList = @(
        "1.1.0.0",
56
57
        "1.2.0.0"
        "1.2.1.0"
58
59
        "1.2.2.0",
        "1.2.3.0",
60
        "1.2.4.0",
61
        "1.2.5.0",
62
        "1.2.6.0",
63
        "1.2.7.0",
64
        "1.2.8.0",
        "1.2.9.0",
66
        "1.3.0.0",
67
        "1.3.1.0",
68
        "1.3.2.0",
69
70
        "1.3.3.0",
        "1.3.4.0",
71
        "1.3.5.0"
72
        "1.3.6.0"
73
        "1.3.7.0",
74
        "1.3.8.0"
75
76
    )
77
78
    $currentSchemaVersion = $schemaVersionMap[$majorMinor]
79
80
    # Connect db
    $conn = New-Object System.Data.SqlClient.SqlConnection
81
82
    $conn.ConnectionString = "workstation id=.;packet size=4096;
        integrated security=SSPI;data source=$dbInstance;persist
        security info=True;initial catalog=$dbName"
83
84
    # Open connection
85
    $conn.0pen()
```

```
87
     # Get existing db schema version
     $cmdGetSchema = $conn.CreateCommand()
88
     $cmdGetSchema.CommandType = [System.Data.CommandType]::
89
        StoredProcedure
     $cmdGetSchema.CommandText = "[GetSchemaVersion]"
90
     $out1 = $cmdGetSchema.Parameters.Add("@Major", [System.Data.
91
        SqlDbType]::Int)
     $out1.Direction = [System.Data.ParameterDirection]::Output
     $out2 = $cmdGetSchema.Parameters.Add("@Minor", [System.Data.
        SqlDbType]::Int)
     $out2.Direction = [System.Data.ParameterDirection]::Output
94
     $out3 = $cmdGetSchema.Parameters.Add("@Build", [System.Data.
95
        SqlDbType]::Int)
96
     $out3.Direction = [System.Data.ParameterDirection]::Output
97
     $out4 = $cmdGetSchema.Parameters.Add("@Revision", [System.
        Data.SqlDbType]::Int)
     $out4.Direction = [System.Data.ParameterDirection]::Output
99
     $cmdGetSchema.ExecuteNonQuery()
101
     $existDbSchemaVersion = [string]::Format("{
102
     0 }
     • {
104
     1 }
105
     • {
106
     2 }
107
     • {
108
     3 }
109
     ", $out1.Value, $out2.Value, $out3.Value, $out4.Value)
110
     write-host "Existing DB Schema Version: $existDbSchemaVersion
        11
111
     if ([string]::Compare($existDbSchemaVersion,
112
        $currentSchemaVersion) -lt 0) {
113
114
         Write-Output "Upgrade $existDbSchemaVersion to
             $currentSchemaVersion"
115
         & $PSScriptRoot\bin\lessmsi.exe x $Installer
116
             $PSScriptRoot\ SsRecDatabase.dll
117
         $tempdir = "$PSScriptRoot\SOURCEDIR\Program Files\Citrix\
             SessionRecording\Database\Bin"
118
         # Load assembly and get resource
119
         $asm = [Reflection.Assembly]::LoadFile("$tempdir\
            SsRecDatabase.dll")
121
         foreach ($patch in $DBSchemaUpdatePatchList) {
             if ([string]::Compare($existDbSchemaVersion, $patch)
123
                 -le 0 -and [string]::Compare($patch,
                 $currentSchemaVersion) -lt 0) {
124
125
                 write-host "Applying $patch"
```

126	# switch to db
127	<pre>\$switchCmd = \$conn.CreateCommand()</pre>
128	<pre>\$switchCmd.CommandText = "use [\$dbName]"</pre>
129	<pre>\$switchCmd.ExecuteNonOuerv()</pre>
130	
101	Śracstraam - Śacm CatManifactDacauraaStraam(U
131	SmAudDatabase.\$patch-MigrateDatabase.sql")
132	\$bytes = New-Object byte [] \$resStream.Length
133	<pre>\$resStream.Read(\$bytes, 0, \$resStream.Length)</pre>
134	<pre>\$script = [System.Text.Encoding]::UTF8.GetString(</pre>
135	
136	<pre>\$statements = [regex]::Split(\$script, "\s[gG][o0</pre>
137	foreach(sstatement in sstatements) {
138	
120	Sungrado(md - Sconn (reato(ammand()
1.40	suppradecind – sconn.createcommand()
140	supgradeCmd.CommandText = sstatement
141	<pre>\$upgradeCmd.ExecuteNonQuery()</pre>
142	}
143	
144	
145	<pre>\$existDbSchemaVersion = \$patch</pre>
146	}
147	else {
148	
140	write best "Skip Spateb"
149	
150	}
151	
152	}
153	
154	# UpdateStaticData
155	<pre>\$staticCmd = \$conn.CreateCommand()</pre>
156	<pre>\$staticCmd.CommandText = "use [\$dbName];if not exists(</pre>
	<pre>select * from [dbo].[StartReason] where ID=4) begin</pre>
	insert [dbo] [StartReason] values(4 'Event Triggered
) end"
157	SeteticCond ExecuteNerQuery()
157	γstaticuliu. Executenonquery()
158	
159	1† (\$versionCompare -ge 2308) {
160	
161	<pre># upgrade record policy version</pre>
162	<pre>\$staticCmd = \$conn.CreateCommand()</pre>
163	<pre>\$staticCmd.CommandText = "update [dbo].[</pre>
	PolicvDocument] set PolicvFileFormatMaiorVersion =
	 PolicyFileFormatMinorVersion = 3 where
	SystemDefined = 1"
164	\$static(md_ExecuteNonOucov()
104	
105	
100	# upgrade endreason
167	<pre>\$staticCmd = \$conn.CreateCommand()</pre>
168	<pre>\$staticCmd.CommandText = "if not exists(select * from</pre>
	[dbo].[EndReason] where ID=5) begin insert [dbo

```
].[EndReason] values(5 , 'Dormant') end"
169
              $staticCmd.ExecuteNonQuery()
          }
170
171
172
173
         if ($versionCompare -ge 2311) {
174
175
176
             # upgrade endreason
177
             $staticCmd = $conn.CreateCommand()
             $staticCmd.CommandText = "if not exists(select * from
178
                  [dbo].[EndReason] where ID=6) begin insert [dbo
                 ].[EndReason] values(6 , 'Deny') end"
              $staticCmd.ExecuteNonQuery()
179
          }
181
182
         write-host "Upgrade success!"
183
      }
184
     else {
185
186
187
         Write-Output "Current schema version don't need upgrade"
188
      }
189
190
191
     $conn.Close()
192
     <!--NeedCopy-->
```

Unable to view live session playback

April 29, 2020

If you experience difficulties when viewing recordings using the Session Recording Player, the following error message might appear:

Download of recorded session file failed. Live session playback is not permitted. The server has been configured to disallow this feature. This error indicates that the server is configured to disallow the action.

Resolution: In Session Recording Server Properties, choose the Playback tab and select the Allow live session playback check box.

Recordings are corrupted or incomplete

June 5, 2024

• If recordings are corrupted or incomplete when you view them using the Session Recording Player, you might also see warnings in the Event logs on the Session Recording Server.

Event Source: Citrix Session Recording Storage Manager

Description: Data lost while recording file **<icl file name>**

This issue occurs when MCS or PVS is used to create VDAs with a master image configured and Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ) installed. In this condition, the VDAs have the same QMId for MSMQ.

As a workaround, create a unique QMId for each VDA. For more information, see Install, upgrade, and uninstall.

• The Session Recording Player might report an internal error with the message - "**The file being** played has reported that an internal system error (error code: 9) occurred during its original recording. The file can still be played up to the point that the recording error occurred" when playing back a certain recording file.

The issue occurs due to insufficient buffer size on the Session Recording Agent when graphic intensive sessions are recorded.

As a workaround, change HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\SmartAuditor\SmAudBufferSizeMB to higher value data on the Session Recording Agent, and then restart the machine.

Verify component connections

June 19, 2020

During the setup of Session Recording, the components might not connect to other components. All the components communicate with the Session Recording Server (Broker). By default, the Broker (an IIS component) is secured using the IIS default website certificate. If one component cannot connect to the Session Recording Server, the other components might also fail when attempting to connect.

The Session Recording Agent and the Session Recording Server (Storage Manager and Broker) log connection errors in the applications event log in the Event Viewer of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server. The Session Recording Policy Console and The Session Recording Player display connection error messages on screen when they fail to connect.

Verify that the Session Recording Agent is connected

- 1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Agent is installed.
- 2. From the **Start** menu, choose **Session Recording Agent Properties**.
- 3. In Session Recording Agent Properties, click Connection.
- 4. Verify that the correct FQDN is entered in the Session Recording Server field.
- 5. Verify that the server given as the value for the Session Recording Server is accessible to your VDA for multi-session OS.

Note: Check the application event log for errors and warnings.

Verify that the Session Recording Server is connected

Caution:

Using Registry Editor can cause serious problems that might require you to reinstall the operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk.

- 1. Log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 2. Open the Registry Editor.
- $\label{eq:software} 3. \ Browse to {\sf HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARe\Citrix\SmartAuditor\Server}.$
- 4. Verify that the **SmAudDatabaseInstance** value correctly references the Session Recording Database you installed on your SQL Server instance.

Verify that the Session Recording Database is connected

- 1. Using a SQL Management tool, open your SQL instance that contains the Session Recording Database you installed.
- 2. Open the Security permissions of the Session Recording Database.
- 3. Verify that the Session Recording Computer Account has access to the database. For example, if the machine hosting the Session Recording Server is named **SsRecSrv** in the MIS domain, the computer account in your database must be configured as **MIS\SsRecSrv\$**. This value is configured during the Session Recording Database installation.

Test IIS connectivity

Testing connections to the Session Recording Server IIS site by using a Web browser to access the Session Recording Broker webpage can help you determine whether problems with communication between Session Recording components stem from misconfigured protocol configuration, certification issues, or problems starting Session Recording Broker.

To verify IIS connectivity for the Session Recording Agent:

- 1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Agent is installed.
- 2. Open a Web browser and type the following address:
 - For HTTPS: https://servername/SessionRecordingBroker/RecordPolicy .rem?wsdl, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
 - For HTTP: http://servername/SessionRecordingBroker/RecordPolicy. rem?wsdl, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
- 3. If you are prompted for NT LAN Manager (NTLM) authentication, log on with a domain administrator account.

To verify IIS connectivity for the Session Recording Player:

- 1. Log on to the workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.
- 2. Open a Web browser and type the following address:
 - For HTTPS: https://servername/SessionRecordingBroker/Player.rem? wsdl, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server
 - For HTTP: http://servername/SessionRecordingBroker/Player.rem? wsdl, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server
- 3. If you are prompted for NT LAN Manager (NTLM) authentication, log on with a domain administrator account.

To verify IIS connectivity for the Session Recording Policy Console:

- 1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Policy Console is installed.
- 2. Open a Web browser and type the following address:
 - For HTTPS: https://servername/SessionRecordingBroker/PolicyAdministration .rem?wsdl, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server
 - For HTTP: http://servername/SessionRecordingBroker/PolicyAdministration .rem?wsdl, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server
- 3. If you are prompted for NT LAN Manager (NTLM) authentication, log on with a domain administrator account.

If you see an XML document within your browser, it verifies that the machine running the Session Recording Policy Console is connected to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server using the configured protocol.

Troubleshoot certificate issues

If you are using HTTPS as your communication protocol, the machine hosting the Session Recording Server must be configured with a server certificate. All component connections to the Session Recording Server must have root certificate authority (CA). Otherwise, attempted connections between the components fail.

You can test your certificates by accessing the Session Recording Broker webpage as you would when testing IIS connectivity. If you are able to access the XML page for each component, the certificates are configured correctly.

Here are some common ways certificate issues cause connections to fail:

- **Invalid or missing certificates.** If the server running the Session Recording Agent does not have a root certificate to trust the server certificate and cannot trust and connect to the Session Recording Server over HTTPS, causing connectivity to fail, verify that all components trust the server certificate on the Session Recording Server.
- **Inconsistent naming.** If the server certificate assigned to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server is created using an FQDN, all connecting components must use the FQDN when connecting to the Session Recording Server. If a NetBIOS name is used, configure the components with a NetBIOS name for the Session Recording Server.
- **Expired certificates.** If a server certificate expired, connectivity to the Session Recording Server through HTTPS fails. Verify the server certificate assigned to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server is valid and has not expired. If the same certificate is used for the digital signing of session recordings, the event log of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server provides error messages that the certificate expired or warning messages when it is about to expire.

Search for recordings using the Player fails

June 19, 2020

If you experience difficulties when searching for recordings using the Session Recording Player, the following error messages might appear:

• Search for recorded session files failed. The remote server name could not be resolved: servername. The servername is the name of the server to which the Session Recording Player is attempting to connect. The Session Recording Player cannot contact the Session Recording Server. Two possible reasons are an incorrectly typed server name or that the DNS cannot resolve the server name.

Resolution: From the Player menu bar, choose **Tools** > **Options** > **Connections** and verify that the server name in the **Session Recording Servers** list is correct. If it is correct, from a command prompt, run the ping command to see if the name can be resolved. When the Session Recording Server is down or offline, the search for recorded session files failed error message is **Unable to contact the remote server**.

• Unable to contact the remote server. This error occurs when the Session Recording Server is down or offline.

Resolution: Verify that the Session Recording Server is connected.

• Access denied. An access denied error can occur if the user was not given permission to search for and download recorded session files.

Resolution: Assign the user to the Player role using the Session Recording Authorization Console.

• Access denied when the Player role is assigned. This error occurs when you install the Session Recording Player on the same machine with the Session Recording Server, and you have enabled UAC. When you assign the Domain Admins or Administrators user group as the Player role, a non-built-in administrator user included in that group might fail to pass the role-based check when searching recording files with the Session Recording Player.

Resolutions:

- Run the Session Recording Player as administrator.
- Assign specific users as Player role rather than the entire group.
- Install the Session Recording Player in a separate machine rather than Session Recording Server.
- Search for recorded session files failed. The underlying connection was closed. Could not establish a trust relationship for the SSL/TLS secure channel. The error occurs when the Session Recording Server uses a certificate that is signed by a CA that the client device does not trust or have a CA certificate for.

Resolution: Install the correct or trusted CA certificate workstation where the Session Recording Player is installed.

• The remote server returned an error: (403) forbidden. This standard HTTPS error occurs when you attempt to connect using HTTP that is unsecure. The server rejects the connection

because, by default, it is configured to accept only secure connections.

Resolution: From the **Session Recording Player** menu bar, choose **Tools** > **Options** > **Connections**. Select the server from the **Session Recording Servers** list, and click **Modify**. Change the protocol from **HTTP** to **HTTPS**.

Troubleshoot MSMQ

If a notification message is given but the viewer cannot find recordings after a search in the Session Recording Player, there is a problem with MSMQ. Verify that the queue is connected to the Session Recording Server (Storage Manager). Use a Web browser to test for connection errors (if you are using HTTP or HTTPS as your MSMQ communication protocol).

To verify that the queue is connected:

- 1. Log on to the server hosting the Session Recording Agent and view the outgoing queues.
- 2. Verify that the queue to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server has a connected state.
 - If the state is waiting to connect, there are messages in the queue, and the protocol is HTTP or HTTPS (corresponding to the protocol selected on the Connections tab in Session Recording Agent Properties), perform Step 3.
 - If the state is **connected** and there are no messages in the queue, there might be a problem with the server hosting the Session Recording Server. Skip Step 3 and perform Step 4.
- 3. If there are messages in the queue, open a Web browser and type the following address:
 - For HTTPS: https://servername/msmq/private\$/CitrixSmAudData, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.
 - For HTTP: http://servername/msmq/private\$/CitrixSmAudData, where servername is the name of the machine hosting the Session Recording Server.

If the page returns an error such as **The server only accepts secure connections**, change the MSMQ protocol listed in **Session Recording Agent Properties** to HTTPS. If the page reports a problem with the website security certificate, there might be a problem with a trust relationship for the TLS secure channel. In that case, install the correct CA certificate or use a CA that is trusted.

4. If there are no messages in the queue, log on to the machine hosting the Session Recording Server and view private queues. Select **citrixsmauddata**. If there are messages in the queue (Number of Messages Column), verify that the Session Recording StorageManager service is started. If it is not, restart the service.

Manage your database records

June 18, 2020

The ICA Log database (ICLDB) utility is a database command-line utility used to manipulate the session recording database records. This utility is installed, during the Session Recording installation, to the drive:\Program Files\Citrix\SessionRecording\Server\Bin folder on the server hosting the Session Recording Server.

Quick reference chart

The following table lists the commands and options that are available for the ICLDB utility. Type the commands using the following format:

```
icldb [version | locate | dormant | import | archive | remove |
removeall] command-options [/l] [/f] [/s] [/?]
```

Note:

More extensive instructions are available in the help associated with the utility. To access the help, from a command prompt, type the drive:

\Program Files\Citrix\SessionRecording\Server\Bin folder, and type
icldb /?. To access help for specific commands, type
icldb *command* /?.

Command	Description
archive	Archives the session recording files older than
	the retention period specified. Use this
	command to archive files.
dormant	Displays or counts the session recording files
	that are considered dormant. Dormant files are
	session recordings that were not completed due
	to data loss. Use this command to verify if you
	suspect that you are losing data. You can check
	whether the session recording files are
	becoming dormant for the entire database, or
	only recordings made within the specified
	number of days, hours, or minutes.

Description
Imports session recording files to the Session Recording database. Use this command to rebuild the database if you lose database records. Also, use this command to merge databases (if you have two databases, you can import the files from one of the databases).
Locates and displays the full path to a session recording file using the file ID as the criteria. Use this command when you are looking for the storage location of a session recording file. It is also one way to verify if the database is up-to-date with a specific file.
Removes the references to session recording files from the database. Use this command (with caution) to clean up the database. Specify the retention period to be used as the criteria. You can also remove the associated physical file.
Removes all references to session recording files from the Session Recording Database and returns the database to its original state. The actual physical files are not deleted; however, you cannot search for these files in the Session Recording Player. Use this command (with caution) to clean up the database. Deleted references can be reversed only by restoring from your backup.
Displays the Session Recording Database schema version.
log. Forces the command to run without prompts.
Suppresses the copyright message.
Displays help for the commands.

Archive session recording files

To maintain an adequate level of spare disk capacity in the recording storage locations, archive session recording files regularly. Depending on the amount of disk space available and the typical size of session recording files, archiving intervals differ. Session recording files must be older than two days from the start date before a session recording file can be archived. This rule is to prevent any live recordings from being archived before they become complete.

Two methods are available when you archive session recordings. The database record for a session recording file can be updated to have a status of archived while the session recording file remains in the recording storage location. This method can be used to reduce the search results in the Player. The other method is to update the database record for a session recording file to the status of archived and also move the session recording file from the recording storage location to another location for backup to alternative media. When the ICLDB utility moves session recording files, the files are moved to the specified directory where the original file folder structure of year/month/day no longer exists.

The session recording record in the Session Recording Database contains two fields associated with archiving: the archive time representing the current date and time a session recording was archived; the archive note, an optional text note that might be added by the administrator during archiving. The two fields indicate a session recording has been archived and the time of archiving.

In the Session Recording Player, any archived session recordings show a status of Archived and the date and time of archiving. Session recordings that have been archived might still be played if the files have not been moved. If a session recording file was moved during archiving, a file not found error is displayed. The session recording file must be restored before the session can be played. To restore a session recording, provide the administrator with the File ID and Archive Time of the session recording from the recording Properties dialog box in the Session Recording Player. Restoring archived files is discussed further in the following Restore session recording files section.

The **archive** command of the ICLDB utility has several parameters that are described as follows:

- /RETENTION:<days> The retention period in days for session recordings. Recordings older than the number of days specified are marked as archived in the Session Recording Database. The retention period must be an integer number greater than or equal to 2 days.
- **/LISTFILES** –Lists the full path and file name of session recording files as they are being archived. This parameter is optional.
- **/MOVETO:**<**directory**> The directory to which you physically move archived session recording files. The specified directory must exist. This parameter is optional. If no directory is specified, files remain in their original storage location.
- **/NOTE:<note>** A text note that is added to the database record for each session recording archived. Ensure that the note is enclosed with double quotes. This parameter is optional.

- /L –Logs the results and errors to the Windows event log of the number of session recording files archived. This parameter is optional.
- /F –Forces the archive command to run without prompts. This parameteris optional.

To archive session recordings in the Session Recording Database and physically move session recording files

- 1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Server is installed as a local administrator.
- 2. Start a command prompt.
- 3. Change from the current working directory to the Bin directory of the Session Recording Server installation path (<Session Recording Server Installation Path>/Server/ Bin).
- 4. RuntheICLDB ARCHIVE /RETENTION: <days> /LISTFILES /MOVETO: <directory > /NOTE: <note> /L command where days is the retention period for session recording files, directory is the directory where archived session recording files are moved to, and note is the text note that is added to the database record for each session recording file being archived. Enter Y to confirm the archive.

To only archive session recordings in the Session Recording Database

- 1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Server is installed as a local administrator.
- 2. Start a command prompt.
- 3. Change from the current working directory to the Bin directory of the Session Recording Server installation path (<Session Recording Server Installation Path>/Server/Bin).
- 4. Run the ICLDB ARCHIVE /RETENTION: <days> /LISTFILES /NOTE: <note> /L command where **days** is the retention period for session recordings and **note** is the text note that is added to the database record for each session recording being archived. Enter **Y** to confirm the archive.

Restore session recording files

Restoration of session recording files is required when you want to view a session recording that was archived in the Session Recording Database and the file has been moved from the recording storage location. Archived session recordings that were not moved from the recording storage location during archiving are still accessible in the Session Recording Player.

Two methods are available for restoring session recording files that have been moved. Copy the required session recording file to the restore directory for archived files, or import the required session recording file back to the Session Recording Database by using the ICLDB utility. Citrix recommends the first method for restoring archived session recording files. Remove archived files copied to the restore directory for archived files when you no longer need them.

The Session Recording Broker utilizes the **Restore directory for archived files** when a session recording file is not found in its original storage location. This case occurs when the Session Recording Player requests a session recording file for playback. The Session Recording Broker first attempts to find the session recording file in the original storage location. If the file is not found in the original storage location, the Session Recording Broker then checks the **Restore directory for archived files**. If the file is present in the restore directory, the Session Recording Broker sends the file to the Session Recording Player for playback. Otherwise, if the file is not found, the Session Recording Broker sends a file not found error to the Session Recording Player.

Importing archived session recording files by using the ICLDB utility updates the Session Recording Database with session recording information from the session recording file, including a new storage path for the session recording file. Using the ICLDB utility to import an archived session recording file does not move the file back to the original storage location when the session was recorded.

Note: An imported session recording file has the archive time and archive note cleared in the Session Recording Database. Therefore, the next time the ICLDB archive command is run, the imported session recording file might become archived again.

The ICLDB **import** command is useful to import a large number of archived session recording files, repair, or update incorrect and missing session recording data in the Session Recording Database, or move session recording files from one storage location to another storage location on the Session Recording Server. The ICLDB **import** command can also be used to repopulate the Session Recording Database with session recordings after running the ICLDB **removeall** command.

The **import** command of the ICLDB utility has several parameters that are described as follows:

- **/LISTFILES** –Lists the full path and file name of session recording files while they are being imported. This parameter is optional.
- /RECURSIVE Searches all subdirectories for session recording files. This parameter is optional.
- /L –Logs the results and errors to the Windows event log the number of session recording files imported. This parameter is optional.
- /F –Forces the import command to run without prompts. This parameter is optional.

To restore session recording files by using the restore directory for archived files

1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Server is installed as a local administrator.

- 2. In Session Recording Player Properties, determine the File ID and Archive Time of the archived session recording file.
- 3. Locate the session recording file in your backups using the File ID specified in Session Recording Player Properties. Each session recording has a file name of i_<FileID>.icl, where FileID is the ID of the session recording file.
- 4. Copy the session recording file from your backup to the restore directory for archived files. To determine the restore directory for archived files:
 - a) From the Start menu, choose Start > All Programs > Citrix > Session Recording Server Properties.
 - b) In Session Recording Server Properties, select the **Storage** tab. The current restore directory appears in the **Restore directory for archived files** field.

To restore session recording files by using the ICLDB import command

- 1. Log on to the server where the Session Recording Server is installed as a local administrator.
- 2. Start a command prompt.
- 3. Change from the current working directory to the Bin directory of the Session Recording Server installation path (<Session Recording Server Installation Path>/Server/ Bin).
- 4. Either:
 - Run the ICLDB IMPORT /LISTFILES /RECURSIVE /L <directory> command where **directory** is the name of one or more directories, separated by a space containing session recording files. Enter **Y** to confirm the import.
 - Run the ICLDB IMPORT /LISTFILES /L <file> command where **file** is the name of one or more session recording files, separated by a space. Wildcards might be used to specify session recording files. Enter **Y** to confirm the import.

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